



Place this manual with personnel responsible for maintenance of this valve



Installation



Operation



# Maintenance



CLA-VAL • 1701 Placentia Avenue • Costa Mesa, CA 92627 • (949) 722-4800 • info@cla-val.com CLA-VAL CANADA LTD. • 4687 Christie Drive • Beamsville, Ontario, LOR 1B4 Canada • (905) 563-4963

www.cla-val.com · info@cla-val.com



			CVCL 1 (2) 3 4 DIST CODE 002 SHEET 2 OF 3							
			<b>ULA-VAL UU.</b> NEWFORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA 90-48/690-48 20251 E							
		TYPE	OF VALVE AND MAIN FEATURES DESIGN							
			PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE							
		-11	WITH LOW FLOW PRESSURE REDUCING BY-PASS							
			APVD CH   8-11-89							
			OPERATING DATA							
		I. <u>PRESSURE REDUCING FEATURE</u> : PRESSURE REDUCING CONTROL (3) IS A NORMALLY OPEN CONTROL THAT SENSES MAIN VALVE OUTLET PRESSURE CHANGES. AN INCREASE IN OUTLET PRESSURE TENDS TO CLOSE CONTROL (3) AND A DECREASE IN OUTLET PRESSURE TENDS TO OPEN CONTROL (3). THIS CAUSES MAIN VALVE COVER PRESSURE TO VARY AND THE MAIN VALVE MODULATES (OPENS AND CLOSES) MAINTAINING A RELATIVELY CONSTANT OUTLET PRESSURE. <u>PRESSURE</u> <u>REDUCING CONTROL (3) ADJUSTMENT:</u> TURN THE ADJUSTING SCREW CLOCKWISE TO INCREASE THE SETTING.								
	BY DATE	II. LOW-FLOW PRESSURE REDUCING BYPASS FEATURE: PRESSURE REDUCING CONTROL (4) IS A NORMALLY OPEN, DIRECT ACTING CONTROL THAT RESPONDS TO MAIN VALVE OUTLET PRESSURE CHANGES. AN INCREASE IN OUTLET PRESSURE CLOSES CONTROL (4) AND A DECREASE IN OUTLET PRESSURE OPENS CONTROL (4). WHEN CONTROL (3) CLOSES, CONTROL (4) REMAINS OPEN. THIS PERMITS THE HIGHER INLET PRESSURE TO FLOW THROUGH CONTROL (4), BYPASSING THE MAIN VALVE UNTIL DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE INCREASES TO THE SET POINT OF CONTROL (4) AND CONTROL (4) CLOSES. <u>PRESSURE REDUCING CONTROL (4) ADJUSTMENT</u> : PRESSURE REDUCING CONTROL (4) MUST BE SET HIGHER THAN PRESSURE REDUCING CONTROL (3). TURN THE ADJUSTING SCREW CLOCKWISE TO								
		-11								
<u>ا</u> لا		III.	OPTIONAL FEATURE OPERATING DATA:							
NOT REVISE MANU/		<u>SUFFIX A (FLOW CLEAN STRAINER)</u> A SELF-CLEANING STRAINER IS INSTALLED IN THE MAIN VALVE INLET BODY BOSS WHICH PROTECTS THE PILOT SYSTEM FROM FOREIGN PARTICLES.								
N RECORD - DO	SCRIPTION	CK2 COCKS (B) ARE USED TO ISOLATE THE PILOT SYSTEM FROM MAIN LINE PRESSURE. THESE VALVES MUST BE OPEN DURING NORMAL OPERATION.								
CAD REVISION		<u>SUFFIX C (CLOSING SPEED CONTROL)</u> FLOW CONTROL (C) CONTROLS THE CLOSING SPEED OF THE MAIN VALVE. TURN THE ADJUSTING STEM CLOCKWISE TO MAKE THE MAIN VALVE CLOSE SLOWER.								
	R SEE SHEET		<u>SUFFIX D (CHECK VALVES WITH COCK):</u> WHEN OUTLET PRESSURE IS HIGHER THAN INLET PRESSURE, CHECK VALVE (D2) OPENS AND (D1) & (D4) CLOSE. THIS DIRECTS THE HIGHER OUTLET PRESSURE INTO THE MAIN VALVE COVER AND THE MAIN VALVE CLOSES.							
Ц	5									

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		TY	PE OF	VALVE AND MAIN FEATURES			DESIGN					
				PRESSURE	DRAWN IC	8-4-89						
		ΊL		WITH LOW FLOW PRES	SSURE REDUCING B	APV'D CH	8-11-89					
OPERATING DATA-CONTINUED												
		SUFFIX P (PRESSURE GAUGE): PRESSURE GAUGES (P) PROVIDE PRESSURE READING IN THE INLET, OUTLET AND COVER CONNECTIONS.										
				SUFFIX S (OPENING SPE FLOW CONTROL (S) CON TURN THE ADJUSTING S SLOWER.	<u>ED CONTROL)</u> ITROLS THE OPENIN TEM CLOCKWISE TO	G SPEED OF THE MAKE THE MAIN	E MAIN VALVE. I VALVE OPEN					
				SUFFIX V (VALVE POSIT VALVE POSITION INDICA MAIN VALVE STEM.	ION INDICATOR): TOR (V) DISPLAYS /	A VISUAL POSITIO	ON OF THE					
				SUFFIX Y (Y-STRAINER) A Y-PATTERN STRAINER PROTECT THE PILOT SY SCREEN MUST BE CLEA	R IS INSTALLED IN STEM FROM FOREIGI NED PERIODICALLY.	THE PILOT SUPPI N PARTICLES. T	_Y LINE TO HE STRAINER					
DATE			IV.	CHECK LIST FOR PROPE () SYSTEM VALVES OP () AIR REMOVED FROM	<u>R OPERATION:</u> EN UPSTREAM AND THE MAIN VALVE	DOWNSTREAM. COVER AND PILO	T SYSTEM AT	ALL				
Y BY I				HIGH POINTS. () CK2 COCKS (B) & () PERIODIC CLEANING () CK2 COCKS (5) OPI () CV FLOW CONTROLS	(D3) OPEN (OPTION OF STRAINER (Y) I EN DURING NORMAL	IAL FEATURE). S RECOMMENDED OPERATION. AT LEAST 4 TURI	OPTIONAL F	EATURE).				
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Cla-Val recommends that an inspection be performed on our products annually. The inspection should include both a visual and functional test of the main valve/component and the pilot system. The inspection ensures that no damage or premature wear occurred due to velocity, pressure, or foreign matter within the fluid that may have exceeded the valve's design. Please consult the maintenance manual for specific information on the model. Manuals are available for download at <u>Cla-Val.com</u>, as well as contact information for a company representative.

Accurate record-keeping is a best practice for any preventative maintenance program, and Cla-Val strongly recommends this action through an asset management program. Cla-Val provides a free asset management tool, Link2Valves <u>Link2Valves - Cla-Val (cla-val.com</u>), to assist in preventative maintenance record-keeping and scheduling.







### **INSTALLATION / OPERATION / MAINTENANCE**



# Hytrol Valve

### Description

The Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve is a main valve for Cla-Val Automatic Control Valves. It is a hydraulically operated, diaphragm-actuated, globe or angle pattern valve.

This valve consists of three major components; body, diaphragm assembly, and cover. The diaphragm assembly is the only moving part. The diaphragm assembly uses a diaphragm of nylon fabric bonded with synthetic rubber. A synthetic rubber disc, contained on three and one half sides by a disc retainer and disc guide, forms a seal with the valve seat when pressure is applied above the diaphragm. The diaphragm assembly forms a sealed chamber in the upper portion of the valve, separating operating pressure from line pressure.

### Installation

1. Before valve is installed, pipe lines should be flushed of all chips, scale and foreign matter.

2. It is recommended that either gate or block valves be installed on both ends of the 100-01 Hytrol Valve to facilitate isolating the valve for preventive maintenance and repairs.

Place the valve in the line with flow through the valve in the direction indicated on the inlet nameplate. (See "Flow Direction" Section)
 Note: Valve can be installed in the vertical or horizontal position.
 Allow sufficient room around valve to make adjustments and for disassembly.

5. Cla-Val 100-01 Hytrol Valves operate with maximum efficiency when mounted in horizontal piping with the cover UP, however, other positions are acceptable. Due to size and weight of the cover and internal components of 8 inch and larger valves, installation with the cover UP is advisable. This makes internal parts readily accessible for periodic inspection.



6. Caution must be taken in the installation of this valve to insure that galvanic and/or electrolytic action does not take place. The proper use of dielectric fittings and gaskets are required in all systems using dissimilar metals.

7. If a pilot control system is installed on the 100-01 Hytrol Valve, use care to prevent damage. If it is necessary to remove fittings or components, be sure they are kept clean and replaced exactly as they were.

8. After the valve is installed and the system is first pressurized, vent air from the cover chamber and pilot system tubing by loosening fittings at all high points.

### **Principles of Operation**



### Tight Closing Operation

When pressure from the valve inlet (or an equivalent independent operating pressure) is applied to the diaphragm chamber the valve closes drip-tight.



When pressure in diaphragm chamber is relieved to a zone of lower pressure (usually atmosphere) the line pressure (5 psi Min.) at the valve inlet opens the valve.



### **Modulating Action**

Valve modulates when diaphragm pressure is held at an intermediate point between inlet and discharge pressure. With the use of a Cla-Val. "modulating control," which reacts to line pressure changes, the pressure above the diaphragm is varied, allowing the valve to throttle and compensate for the change.

### **Flow Direction**

The flow through the 100-01 Hytrol Valve can be in one of two directions. When flow is "up-and-over the seat," it is in "normal" flow and the valve will fail in the open position. When flow is "overthe seat-and down," it is in "reverse" flow and the valve will fail in the closed position. There are no permanent flow arrow markings. **The valve must be installed according to nameplate data.** 



### Troubleshooting

The following troubleshooting information deals strictly with the Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve. This assumes that all other components of the pilot control system have been checked out and are in proper working condition. (See appropriate sections in Technical Manual for complete valve).

### **Recommended Tools**

1. Three pressure gauges with ranges suitable to the installation to be put at Hytrol inlet, outlet and cover connections.

2. Cla-Val Model X101 Valve Position Indicator. This provides visual indication of valve position without disassembly of valve.

3. Other items are: suitable hand tools such as screwdrivers, wrenches, etc. soft jawed (brass or aluminum) vise, 400 grit wet or dry sandpaper and water for cleaning.

All trouble shooting is possible without removing the valve from the line or removing the cover. It is highly recommended to permanently install a Model X101 Valve Position Indicator and three gauges in unused Hytrol inlet, outlet and cover connections.

SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY			
	Closed isolation valves in control system, or in main line.	Open Isolation valves.			
Fails to Close	Lack of cover chamber pressure.	Check upstream pressure, pilot system, strainer, tubing, valves, or needle valves for obstruction.			
	Diaphragm damaged. (See Diaphragm Check.)	Replace diaphragm.			
	Diaphragm assembly inoperative. Corrosion or excessive scale build up on valve stem. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Clean and polish stem. Inspect and replace any damaged or badly eroded part.			
Mechanical obstruction. Object lodged in valve. (See Freedom of Movement Check)		Remove obstruction.			
	Worn disc. (See Tight Sealing Check)	Replace disc.			
	Badly scored seat. (See Tight Sealing Check)	Replace seat.			
Fails to Open	Closed upstream and/or downstream isolation valves in main line.	Open isolation valves.			
	Insufficient line pressure.	Check upstream pressure. (Minimum 5 psi flowing line pressure differentia			
	Diaphragm assembly inoperative. Corrosion or excessive buildup on valve stem. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Clean and polish stem. Inspect and replace any damaged or badly eroded part.			
	Diaphragm damaged. (For valves in "reverse flow" only)	Replace diaphragm.			

After checking out probable causes and remedies, the following three checks can be used to diagnose the nature of the problem before maintenance is started. They must be done in the order shown.

### **Three Checks**

The 100-01 Hytrol Valve has only one moving part (the diaphragm and disc assembly). So, there are only three major types of problems to be considered.

**First:** Valve is stuck - that is, the diaphragm assembly is not free to move through a full stroke either from open to close or vice versa.

Second: Valve is free to move and can't close because of a worn out diaphragm.

Third: Valve leaks even though it is free to move and the diaphragm isn't leaking.

### CAUTION:

Care should be taken when doing the troubleshooting checks on the 100-01 Hytrol Valve. These checks do require the valve to open fully. This will either allow a high flow rate through the valve, or the downstream pressure will quickly increase to the inlet pressure. In some cases, this can be very harmful. Where this is the case, and there are no block valves in the system to protect the downstream piping, it should be realized that **the** valve cannot be serviced under pressure. Steps should be taken to remedy this situation before proceeding any further.

### Diaphragm Check (#1)

1. Shut off pressure to the Hytrol Valve by slowly closing upstream and downstream isolation valves. **SEE CAUTION**.

**2.** Disconnect or close all pilot control lines to the valve cover and leave only one fitting in highest point of cover open to atmosphere.

**3.**With the cover vented to atmosphere, slowly open upstream isolation valve to allow some pressure into the Hytrol Valve body. Observe the open cover tapping for signs of continuous flow. It is not necessary to fully open isolating valve. Volume in cover chamber capacity chart will be displaced as valve moves to open position. Allow sufficient time for diaphragm assembly to shift positions. If there is no continuous flow, you can be quite certain the diaphragm is sound and the diaphragm assembly is tight. If the fluid appears to flow continuously this is a good reason to believe the diaphragm is either damaged or it is loose on the stem. In either case, this is sufficient cause to remove the valve cover and investigate the leakage. (See "Maintenance" Section for procedure.)

### **COVER CHAMBER CAPACITY**

(Liquid Volume displaced when valve opens)

Valve size (inches)	Displa	cement
	Gallons	Liters
1 1/4	.020	.07
1 1/2	.020	.07
2	.032	.12
2 1/2	.043	.16
3	.080	.30
4	.169	.64
6	.531	2.0
8	1.26	4.8
10	2.51	9.5
12	4.00	15.1
14	6.50	24.6
16	9.57	36.2
20	12.00	45.4
24	29.00	109.8
30	42.00	197.0
36	90.00	340.0

### Freedom of Movement Check (#2)

**4.** Determining the Hytrol Valve's freedom of movement can be done by one of two methods.

**5.** For most valves it can be done after completing Diaphragm Check (Steps 1, 2, and 3). **SEE CAUTION**. At the end of step 3 the valve should be fully open.

**6.** If the valve has a Cla-Val X101 Position Indicator, observe the indicator to see that the valve opens wide. Mark the point of maximum opening.

**7**. Re-connect enough of the control system to permit the application of inlet pressure to the cover. Open pilot system cock so pressure flows from the inlet into the cover.

8. While pressure is building up in the cover, the valve should close smoothly. There is a hesitation in every Hytrol Valve closure, which can be mistaken for a mechanical bind. The stem will appear to stop moving very briefly before going to the closed position. This slight pause is caused by the diaphragm flexing at a particular point in the valve's travel and is not caused by a mechanical bind.

**9.** When closed, a mark should be made on the X101 Valve position indicator corresponding to the "closed" position. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in chart.

STEM TRAVEL (Fully Open to Fully Closed)								
Valve Size (inches) Travel (inches)								
Inches	MM	Inches	MM					
1 1/4	32	0.4	10					
1 1/2	40	0.4	10					
2	50	0.6	15					
2 1/2	65	0.7	18					
3	80	0.8	20					
4	100	1.1	28					
6	150	1.7	43					
8	200	2.3	58					
10	250	2.8	71					
12	300	3.4	86					
14	350	4.0	100					
16	400	4.5	114					
20	500	5.6	143					
24	600	6.7	165					
30	800	7.5	190					
36	900	8.5	216					

**10.** If the stroke is different than that shown in stem travel chart this is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve at one end of its travel. If the flow does not stop through the valve when in the indicated "closed" position, the obstruction probably is between the disc and the seat. If the flow does stop, then the obstruction is more likely in the cover. In either case, the cover must be removed, and the obstruction located and removed. The stem should also be checked for scale build-up. (See "Maintenance, section for procedure.)

11. For valves 6" and smaller, the Hytrol Valve's freedom of movement check can also be done after all pressure is removed from the valve. **SEE CAUTION**. After closing inlet and outlet isolation valves and bleeding pressure from the valve, check that the cover chamber and the body are temporarily vented to atmosphere. Insert fabricated tool into threaded hole in top of valve stem, and lift the diaphragm assembly manually. Note any roughness. The diaphragm assembly should move smoothly throughout entire valve stroke. The tool is fabricated from rod that is threaded on one end to fit valve stem and has a "T" bar handle of some kind on the other end for easy gripping. (See chart in Step 4 of "Disassembly" Section.)

12. Place marks on this diaphragm assembly lifting tool when the valve is closed and when manually positioned open. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in stem travel chart. If the stroke is different than that shown, there is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve. The cover must be removed, and the obstruction located and removed. The stem should also be checked for scale build-up. (See "Maintenance" Section for procedure.)

### **Tight Sealing Check (#3)**

13. Test for seat leakage after completing checks #1 & #2 (Steps 1 to 12). SEE CAUTION. Close the isolation valve downstream of the Hytrol Valve. Apply inlet pressure to the cover of the valve, wait until it closes. Install a pressure gauge between the two closed valves using one of the two ports in the outlet side of the Hytrol. Watch the pressure gauge. If the pressure begins to climb, then either the downstream isolation valve is permitting pressure to creep back, or the Hytrol is allowing pressure to go through it. Usually the pressure at the Hytrol inlet will be higher than on the isolation valve discharge, so if the pressure goes up to the inlet pressure, you can be sure the Hytrol is leaking. Install another gauge downstream of isolating valve. If the pressure between the valves only goes up to the pressure on the isolation valve discharge, the Hytrol Valve is holding tight, and it was just the isolation valve leaking.

### Maintenance

### **Preventative Maintenance**

The Cla-Val Co. Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve requires no lubrication or packing and a minimum of maintenance. However, a periodic inspection schedule should be established to determine how the operating conditions of the system are affecting the valve. The effect of these actions must be determined by inspection.

### Disassembly

Inspection or maintenance can be accomplished without removing the valve from the line. Repair kits with new diaphragm and disc are recommended to be on hand before work begins.

**WARNING:** Maintenance personnel can be injured and equipment damaged if disassembly is attempted with pressure in the valve. **SEE CAUTION.** 

1. Close upstream and downstream isolation valves and independent operating pressure when used to shut off all pressure to the valve.

2. Loosen tube fittings in the pilot system to remove pressure from valve body and cover chamber. After pressure has been released from the valve, use care to remove the controls and tubing. Note and sketch position of tubing and controls for re-assembly. The schematic in front of the Technical Manual can be used as a guide when reassembling pilot system.

3. Remove cover nuts and remove cover. If the valve has been in service for any length of time, chances are the cover will have to be loosened by driving upward along the edge of the cover with a **dull** cold chisel.



On 6" and smaller valves block and tackle or a power hoist can be used to lift valve cover by inserting proper size eye bolt in place of the center cover plug. on 8" and larger valves there are 4 holes (5/8" - 11 size) where jacking screws and/or eye bolts may be inserted for lifting purposes. **Pull cover straight up** to keep from damaging the integral seat bearing and stem.

COVER CENTER PLUG SIZE								
Valve Size	Thread Size (NPT)							
1 1/4"—1 1/2"	1/4"							
2"—3"	1/2"							
4"—6"	3/4"							
8"—10"	1"							
12"	1 1/4"							
14"	1 1/2"							
16"	2"							
20" & 24"	2"							
30" & 36"	2"							

4. Remove the diaphragm and disc assembly from the valve body. With smaller valves this can be accomplished by hand by **pulling straight up on the stem so as not to damage the seat bearing.** On large valves, an eye bolt of proper size can be installed in the stem and the diaphragm assembly can be then lifted with a block and tackle or power hoist. Take care not to damage the stem or bearings. The valve won't work if these are damaged.

### VALVE STEM THREAD SIZE

Valve Size	Thread Size (UNF Internal)
1 1/4"—2 1/2"	10-32
3"—4"	1/4—28
6"—14"	3/8—24
16"	1/2—20
20	3/4-16
24"	3/4-16
30"	3/4-16
36"	3/4-16

5. The next item to remove is the stem nut. Examine the stem threads above the nut for signs of mineral deposits or corrosion. If the threads are not clean, use a wire brush to remove as much of the residue as possible. Attach a good fitting wrench to the nut and give it a sharp "rap" rather than a steady pull. Usually several blows are sufficient to loosen the nut for further removal. On the smaller valves, the entire diaphragm assembly can be held by the stem in a vise **equipped with soft brass jaws** before removing the stem nut.

The use of a pipe wrench or a vise without soft brass jaws scars the fine finish on the stem. No amount of careful dressing can restore the stem to its original condition. Damage to the finish of the stem can cause the stem to bind in the bearings and the valve will not open or close.

**6**. After the stem nut has been removed, the diaphragm assembly breaks down into its component parts. Removal of the disc from the disc retainer can be a problem if the valve has been in service for a long time. Using two screwdrivers inserted along the outside edge of the disc usually will accomplish its removal. Care should be taken to preserve the spacer washers in water, particularly if no new ones are available for re-assembly.

7. The only part left in the valve body is the seat which ordinarily does not require removal. Careful cleaning and polishing of inside and outside surfaces with 400 wet/dry sandpaper will usually restore the seat's sharp edge. If, however, it is badly worn and replacement is necessary, it can be easily removed.

Seats in valve sizes 1 1/4" through 6" are threaded into the valve body. They can be removed with accessory X109 Seat Removing Tool available from the factory. On 8" and larger valves, the seat is held in place by flat head machine screws. Use a tight-fitting, long shank screwdriver to prevent damage to seat screws. If upon removal of the screws the seat cannot be lifted out, it will be necessary to use a piece of angle or channel iron with a hole drilled in the center. Place it across the body so a long stud can be inserted through the center hole in the seat and the hole in the angle iron. By tightening the nut a uniform upward force is exerted on the seat for removal.

**NOTE**: Do not lift up on the end of the angle iron as this may force the integral bearing out of alignment, causing the stem to bind.



### **Lime Deposits**

One of the easiest ways to remove lime deposits from the valve stem or other metal parts is to dip them in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for the deposit to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. **CAUTION: USE EXTREME CARE WHEN HANDLING ACID.** Rinse parts in water before handling. If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water.

### **Inspection of Parts**

After the valve has been disassembled, each part should be examined carefully for signs of wear, corrosion, or any other abnormal condition. Usually, it is a good idea to replace the rubber parts (diaphragm and disc) unless they are free of signs of wear. These are available in a repair kit. Any other parts which appear doubtful should be replaced. WHEN ORDERING PARTS, BE SURE TO GIVE COMPLETE NAMEPLATE DATA, ITEM NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.

NOTE: If a new disc isn't available, the existing disc can be turned over, exposing the unused surface for contact with the seat. The disc should be replaced as soon as practical.

### Reassembly

1. Reassembly is the reverse of the disassembly procedure. If a new disc has been installed, it may require a different number of spacer washers to obtain the right amount of "grip" on the disc. When the diaphragm assembly has been tightened to a point where the diaphragm cannot be twisted, the disc should be compressed very slightly by the disc guide. Excessive compression should be avoided. Use just enough spacer washers to hold the disc firmly without noticeable compression.

**2. MAKE SURE THE STEM NUT IS VERY TIGHT.** Attach a good fitting wrench to the nut and give it a sharp "rap" rather than a steady pull. Usually several blows are sufficient to tighten the stem nut for final tightening. Failure to do so could allow the diaphragm to pull loose and tear when subjected to pressure.

**3.** Carefully install the diaphragm assembly by lowering the stem through the seat bearing. Take care not to damage the stem or bearing. Line up the diaphragm holes with the stud or bolt holes on the body. on larger valves with studs, it may be necessary to hold the diaphragm assembly up part way while putting the diaphragm over the studs.

**4.** Put spring in place and replace cover. Make sure diaphragm is lying smooth under the cover.

5. Tighten cover nuts firmly using a cross-over pattern until all nuts are tight.

6. Test Hytrol Valve before re-installing pilot valve system.

### **Test Procedure After Valve Assembly**

There are a few simple tests which can be made in the field to make sure the Hytrol Valve has been assembled properly. Do these before installing pilot system and returning valve to service. These are similar to the three troubleshooting tests.

1. Check the diaphragm assembly for freedom of movement after all pressure is removed from the valve. **SEE CAUTION**. Insert fabricated tool into threaded hole in top of valve stem, and lift the diaphragm assembly manually. Note any roughness, sticking or grabbing. The diaphragm assembly should move smoothly throughout entire valve stroke. The tool is fabricated from rod that is threaded on one end to fit valve stem (See chart in Step 4 of "Disassembly" section.) and has a "T" Bar handle of some kind on the other end for easy gripping.

Place marks on this diaphragm assembly lifting tool when the valve is closed and when manually positioned open. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in stem travel chart. (See "Freedom of Movement Check" section.) If the stroke is different than that shown, there is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve. The cover must be removed, the obstruction located and removed. (See "Maintenance" Section for procedure.)

Due to the weight of the diaphragm assembly this procedure is not possible on valves 8" and larger. on these valves, the same determination can be made by carefully introducing a low pressure-less than five psi) into the valve body with the cover vented. **SEE CAUTION**. Looking in cover center hole see the diaphragm assembly lift easily without hesitation, and then settle back easily when the pressure is removed.

2. To check the valve for drip-tight closure, a line should be connected from the inlet to the cover, and pressure applied at the inlet of the valve. If properly assembled, the valve should hold tight with as low as ten PSI at the inlet. See "Tight Sealing Check" section.)

**3**. With the line connected from the inlet to the cover, apply full working pressure to the inlet. Check all around the cover for any leaks. Re-tighten cover nuts if necessary to stop leaks past the diaphragm.

4. Remove pressure, then re-install the pilot system and tubing exactly as it was prior to removal. Bleed air from all high points.

**5.** Follow steps under "Start-Up and Adjustment" Section in Technical Manual for returning complete valve back to service.



TOP VIEW



- 28. Cover Bearing Housing (16" only)
- 29. Cover O-Ring (16<sup>27</sup> only)
- 30. Hex Bolt (16" only)
- 31. Pipe Cap (16" only)



1 1/4" - 6" SEAT DETAIL



8" - 24" SEAT DETAIL





ANGLE PATTERN



ta	٥	r valve) ard 100 the 600	Nil serv- Series Jy, all Cla- es"			t Torque	bs.)	DRY	9	10	10	15	30	30	60	125	185	375	400	420	750	N/R	N/R	
Da	I Valv	ies mair m stands parts of t	e parts. A ard 100 lves. ering mai ering mai rr the boo n valve. a of the s /alve Siz			Stem Nu	(ft. L	Lubed	4	9	9	10	21	21	40	85	125	252	270	280	500	930	1350	9 ONLY
м М М	s Hytro	(600 Sei ferent fro maining	aun valve ne stand main va when orde except fc size mai ange size e "Main V			lut**	Socket	(Long)				3/4"	15/16"	15/16"	1 1/16"	1 5/16"	1 13/16"	1 7/8"	2 1/2"	2 1/2"	۳. ۵	3 1/2"	Special	Must Use -Val Supp
	00 Series	Hytrol Valve y- that is diff arts. The re	and cla-val mation for th mation for th e 600 series remember w ment parts, or a smaller ts with the fl. Refer to th			Stem N	Thread		3/8" - 24	7/16" -20	7/16" -20	1/2" - 20	5/8" - 18	5/8" - 18	3/4" - 16	7/8" - 14	1 1/8" -12	1 1/2" -12	1 1/2" -12	1 1/2" -12	2" - 16	2 1/4" - 16	3" - 12	** Cla
Sel	0-20 6	100-20   -the bod י valve p	re standa ice inforr pply to th pply to th t thing to t thing to d replace valve par ain valve.			Torque	i d vd		48	96	96													
U U	tion 10	al Model one part -Val mair	valve a aintenan mportant r kits an are goir as main v eries ma v.			Cover	ths ths		4	8	8	12	20	30	110	110	110	160	390	545	545	670	800	
	escrip	ie Cla-Va ve only c eries Cla-	ries mair and m ain valve le most i lve repai ner parts rd 100 S art belov			r Plug	Socket	20000				7/16"	9/16"	9/16"	5/8"	5/8"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	arn
<b>S</b>	Ď	ha Se	ch a a ct a th a cte			Cover	Thread					3/8"	1/2"	1/2"	3/4"	3/4"	-	÷	4	÷	÷	÷		ver patte
Ō					B	Cover	Lifting Holes	UNC									5/8" - 11	3/4" - 10	3/4" - 10	1" - 8	1" - 8	1" - 8	1 1/8"- 7	3olts de Nuts ar" cross-o
え		l			Dat		¢€	ĥ	∞	8	8	80	8	8	8	12	16	20	20	20	20	24	24	rade 5 I vy" Gra in a "st
Í		47			ervice	t or Bolt	Socket		7/16"	1/2"	1/2"	9/16"	5/8"	3/4"	1 1/8"	1 1/8"	1 1/4"	1 7/16"	1 13/16"	۳ <u>،</u>	۵.	2 1/8"	2 3/8"	Gr "Heav ver nuts
	4	ł	K		<b>HYTROL S</b>	Cover Nu	Thread	(Bolt)	1/4" - 20 (B)	5/16" - 18 (B)	5/16" - 18 (B)	3/8" - 16 (B)	7/16" - 14 (B)	1/2" - 13 (B)	3/4" - 10 (B)	3/4" - 10 (B)	3/4" - 10	7/8" - 9	1 1/8" - 7	1 1/4" - 7	1 1/4" - 7	1 3/8" - 6	1 1/2" - 12	Tighten co
					-	Cover	Center Plug	NPT	1/4"	1/4"	1/4"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	3/4"	3/4"	Ļ.	ŧ-	1 1/4"	1 1/2"	Δ"	1 1/2"	3/4"	er 01E - 28"
		/e for rated,	rragm only disc, disc, pplied ealed rating			Valva Stam	Thread			10 - 32	10 - 32	10 - 32	10 - 32	1/4 - 28	1/4 - 28	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	1/2 - 20	3/4 - 16	3/4 - 16*	* Adapte p/n 25941 inside 1/4"
		ain valv ally ope	dy, diaph / is the aragm of : rubber ainer an sure is a strms a s ting ope			apacity	ement	Liters		0.07	0.07	0.12	0.16	0.30	0.64	2.00	4.80	9.50	15.10	24.60	36.20	45.40	108.80	
	Ø	is a m nydraulic n valve.	ents; bo assembly s a diaph synthetic t disc ret en press sembly fi			Cover C	Displac	Gallons		0.020	0.020	0.032	0.043	0.080	0.169	0.531	1.26	2.51	4.0	6.5	9.6	12	29.0	
	Valvo	Valve t is a l patteri	ompon agm a bly use er. A es by a eat wh gm ass gm ass			E		un m	ω	10	10	15	18	20	23	43	58	71	86	66	114	143	165	
	<b>Hytrol</b>	1 Hytrol Valves. I or angle	major c e diaphr i assemt titc rubb half side valve s diaphrag			Ster	Trav	inches	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.7	2.3	2.8	3.4	3.9	4.5	5.63	6.75	
	0-01	100-0 control <sup>1</sup> globe	of three er. The phragr synthe und one with the n. The r portic	ressure			-20	ш Ш						100	150	200	250	300	400		600		800	
	on 10	I Model smatic C ctuated,	onsists ( The dia ad with three a a seal v iaphragr	m line pi		JL SIZE	100	inches						4	-9	<b>0</b>	10"	12"	16"		20", 24'		30"	
	cripti	Cla-Va 'al Autc ragm-a	valve c mbly, <i>ɛ</i> bondɛ ined or <i>ț</i> forms ber in t	ure tro		HYTR	0-01	um s	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	500	600	
3	Des	The Cla-V diaph	This asser movir fabric conta guide above cham	press			10	inche	÷-	1 1/4	1 1/2	₽	2 1/2	<u>م</u>	4	-9	™	10"	12"	14"	16"	20"	24"	

# INSTALLATION / OPERATION / MAINTENANCE





Follow this procedure when reassembling MAIN Valve:

numbers shown above to insure that cover seats evenly on the diaphragm 1. Tightens bolts/nuts in a "Star" or "Cross-Over" pattern following the material and body.

- 2. Torque the bolt/nuts in three stages with a "Star" or "Cross-Over" pattern for each stage:
- To approximately 10% of final torque. . ∢
- B. To approximately 75% of final torque.C. To final required torque.
- 3. Valves that are to be tested to 375 PSI or higher should be retorqued after 24 hours.



P.O. Box 1325 • Newport Beach, CA 92659-0325 • Phone: 949-722-4800 • Fax: 949-548-5441 • E-mail: claval@cla-val.com • Website cla-val.com © Copyright Cla-Val 2014 Printed in USA Specifications subject to change without notice. **CLA-V** 



# - MODEL - 100-20 (Reduced Internal Port) 600 Series Hytrol Valve

# SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE OF 600 SERIES VALVES

The 600 series main valves have only one part -the body- that is different from standard 100 Series Cla-Val main valve parts. The remaining parts of the 600 series main valve are standard Cla-Val main valve parts. All service and maintenance information for the standard 100 Series main valves in this manual also apply to the 600 series main valves.

The most important thing to remember when ordering main valve repair kits and replacement parts, except for the body, all other parts are going to be for a smaller size main valve. Cla-Val identifies main valve parts with the flange size of the standard 100 Series main valve. Refer to the "Main Valve Sizes Comparison" chart. For example, if you are servicing a 6" 100-20 Hytrol and needed a repair kit, you would order a repair kit for a 4" 100-01 Hytrol. This kit is also suitable for a 6" 100-20 Hytrol. Complete Technical Manuals include a repair kit data sheet N-RK that shows this relationship.

When you order repair parts, it is a good idea to include valve nameplate data (size, catalog number, and part number) and description of the parts desired. Do this to be sure parts will fit the valve you are working on and not be too big for it. Pilot controls and repair kits maintenance information remain the same for 100 or 600 Series valves.

### **UNDERSTANDING THE 600 SERIES VALVES**

In 1987, Cla-Val introduced the Model 100-20 Hytrol as the basic main valve for the 600 Series of automatic control valves. To identify all new valves using the 100-20 Hytrol, an existing catalog number is modified. Making a 600 Series catalog number is simply done by using a "6" in front of the two digit catalog numbers or replacing the "2" with a "6" in three digit catalog numbers. Current schematics reflect both catalog numbers together separated by a slash (i.e. - 90-01/690-01, 58-02/658-02, 210-01/610-01, etc). Since these two valves 'share' the same catalog number and schematic, they provide the same function in a system. The only difference between the two valves is the relative capacity of the two main valve series.

The 100-01 Hytrol is the basic main valve for Cla-Val automatic control valves. This valve is the current version of the Clayton Hytrol valve design originated in 1936. The 100-01 Hytrol is designed as a full flow area valve. This means that the inlet, seat and outlet openings are the same size. Thus, the pressure drop is kept to a minimum for this globe style design.

The 100-20 Hytrol valve has all of the basic features and advantages of the original 100-01 Hytrol. Only one part has been changed - the body. It is designed with different size inlet, seat and outlet openings. The 100-20 Hytrol has inlet and outlet flanges one valve size larger than the seat opening size. This results in what is sometimes called a "reduced port' main valve. For example, a 4" 100-20 valve has a 3" seat. Note: valve size is always determined by the flange size. The following chart compares the 100-01 and the 100-20 main valves.

Basic Main Valve Size Comparison								
Globe Pattern Valves								
Flance Size (inch)	Seat Size							
Thange Size (mon)	100-01 (100 Series)	100-20 (600 Series)						
3	3	2						
4	4	3						
6	6	4						
8	8	6						
10	10	8						
12	12	10						
14	14							
16	16	12						
18		16						
20	20	16						
24	24	16						
30	30	24						
36	36	30						
42		36						
48		36						
	Angle Pattern Valves							
Flange Size (inch)	Seat	Size						
	100-01 (100 Series)	100-20 (600 Series)						
4	4	3						
6	6	4						
8	8	6						

The 100-20 Hytrol is available only in ductile iron, 150 and 300 pressure class, and Bronze trim standard. Available extra cost main valve options include stainless steel trim, epoxy coating, Dura-Kleen stem, Delrin sleeved stem, and high temperature rubber parts. All four basic main valves have a 600 Series version available with all of the same benefits and size relationships. The following chart shows the relationship of Cla-Val main valve catalog numbers.

Cla-Val	Main	Val	ves
---------	------	-----	-----

	Catalog Number							
Catalog Name	Circa 1936	100-Series	600 Series					
Hytrol	100 (Angle =2100)	100-01	100-20					
Powertrol	100P & 100PA	100-02	100-21					
Powercheck	100PC & 100PCA	100-03	100-22					
Hycheck	181	100-04	100-23					

### 100-20







# PARTS LIST DESCRIPTION

1 Pipe Plug

NO.

- 2 Drive Screws (for nameplate)
- 3 Hex Nut (8" and larger)
- 4 Stud (8" and larger)
- 5 Cover Bearing
- 6 Cover
- 7 Stem Nut
- 8 Diaphragm Washer
- 9 Diaphragm
- 10 Spacer Washers
- 11 Disc Guide
- 12 Disc Retainer
- 13 Disc
- 14 Stem
- 15 Seat
- 16 Body
- 17 Spring
- 22 Flat Head Screws (10" and larger)
- 23 Seat O-Ring
- 24 Hex Bolt (3 " Thru 6")
- 25 Nameplate (Mounted on inlet flange)
- 26 Upper Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)
- 27 Lower Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)
- 28 Cover Bearing Housing (20" & 24" & 30")
- 29 Cover Bearing Housing O-Ring (20" & 24" & 30")
- 30 Hex Bolt (20" & 24")
- 31 Pipe Cap (20" & 24 & 30"")

## WHEN ORDERING PARTS, BE SURE TO GIVE COMPLETE NAMEPLATE DATA, ITEM NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.





### **INSTALLATION / OPERATION / MAINTENANCE**

- MODEL - X47A

**Ejector** 



CLA VAL

### DESCRIPTION

The Cla-Val Model X47A Ejector is a compact, precision fitting, incorporating a primary and a secondary jet, designed to create a low-pressure area at the suction port.

### **OPERATION**

The X47A Ejector is designed for use in a pilot control system on a Cla-Val Main Valve. Pressure is applied to the inlet port (A). As the fluid passes through the center portion of the X47A Ejector, the high velocity entrains particles of fluid from suction port (B), which results in a reduced pressure at this port.

In actual operation, the pressure port (A) is connected to the upstream side of the Main Valve; the discharge port (C) is connected to the Pilot Control; and the suction port (B) is connected to the cover chamber of the Main Valve.

Fluid line pressure enters at the inlet port (A). When the Pilot Control is closed, no flow occurs through the X47A Ejector, and full line pressure is directed into the Main Valve cover chamber, closing the Main Valve tight. As the Pilot Control opens, and flow through the X47A Ejector begins, pressure at the suction port (B) decreases until the Main Valve is permitted to open. Further changes in the flow rate resulting from opening and closing of the Pilot Control produce corresponding changes in the flow through the Main Valve.



Do not attempt to remove primary or secondary jets from X47A Ejector housing.

### INSPECTION

Inspect port threads for damage or evidence of cross-threading. Check primary and secondary jets for clogging or embedded foreign particles. Check for breaks, cracks, fatigue, and other signs of damage.

### CLEANING

After inspection, cleaning of the X47A can begin. Water service usually will produce mineral or lime deposits on metal parts in contact with water. These deposits can be cleaned by dipping the X47A in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for deposits to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits **Caution: use extreme care when handling acid.** If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) or dry sandpaper can be used with water. Rinse parts in water before handling. An appropriate solvent can clean parts used in fueling service. Dry with compressed air or a clean, lint-free cloth. Protect from damage and dust until reassembled.

### REPLACEMENT

If there is any sign of damage, or if there is the slightest doubt that the X47A Ejector may not afford completely satisfactory operation, replace it. Use Inspection steps as a guide. Neither the primary jet, secondary jet, or bare housing is furnished as a replacement part. Replace X47A Ejector as a complete unit.





NOTE: OBTAIN AS COMPLETE ASSEMBLY ONLY. SPECIFY NUMBER STAMPED ON SIDE OF EJECTOR WHEN RE-ORDERING.

PILOT CONTROL CLOSED

# PARTS LIST **X47A** 3/8" Ejector





NOTE: Sold as complete assembly. No replacement parts available.

### When ordering parts, please specify:

- Number Stamped on Side
- Description (X47A 3/8"Ejector)
- Orifice Dimensions
- Materials

BRONZE HOUSING - 303 S.S. INSERTS								
CLA-VAL		DIAMETER						
X47A STK. NO.	PRIMARY	SECONDARY						
C4311B C4312K C4089D	1/16 1/8 3/16	3/32 3/16 9/32						

303 S.S. HOUSING - 303 S.S. INSERTS				
CLA-VAL		DIAMETER		
X47A STK. NO.	PRIMARY	SECONDARY		
32899H C6168D 65274D	1/16 3/16 5/32	3/32 9/32 9/32		

-model- CRD



# **Pressure Reducing Control**



### DESCRIPTION

The Cla-Val Model CRD Pressure Reducing Control automatically reduces a higher inlet pressure to a lower outlet pressure. It is a direct acting, spring loaded, diaphragm type control that operates hydraulically or pneumatically. It may be used as a self-contained valve or as a pilot control for a Cla-Val main valve. It will hold a constant downstream pressure within very close pressure limits.

### **OPERATION**

The CRD Pressure Reducing Control is normally held open by the force of the compression spring above the diaphragm; and delivery pressure acts on the underside of the diaphragm. Flow through the valve responds to changes in downstream demand to maintain a pressure.

### INSTALLATION

The CRD Pressure Reducing Control may be installed in any position. There is one inlet port and two outlets, for either straight or angle installation. The second outlet port can be used for a gage connection. A flow arrow is marked on the body casting.

### ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

The CRD Pressure Reducing Control can be adjusted to provide a delivery pressure range as specified on the nameplate.

Pressure adjustment is made by turning the adjustment screw to vary the spring pressure on the diaphragm. The greater the compression on the spring the higher the pressure setting.

- 1. Turn the adjustment screw in (clockwise) to increase delivery pressure.
- 2. Turn the adjustment screw out (counter-clockwise) to decrease the delivery pressure.

3. When pressure adjustment is completed tighten jam nut on adjusting screw and replace protective cap.

4. When this control is used, as a pilot control on a Cla-Val main valve, the adjustment should be made under flowing conditions. The flow rate is not critical, but generally should be somewhat lower than normal in order to provide an inlet pressure several psi higher than the desired setting

The approximate minimum flow rates given in the table are for the main valve on which the CRD is installed.

Valve Size	1 1/4" -3"	4"-8"	10"-16"	
Minimum Flow GPM	1-2	4-15	35-95	

SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
	No spring compression	Tighten adjusting screw
Fails to open	Damaged spring	Disassemble and replace
sure lowers	Spring guide (8) is not in place	Assemble properly
	Yoke dragging on inlet nozzle	Disassemble and reassemble properly (refer to Reassembly)
	Spring compressed solid	Back off adjusting screw
Fails to close	Mechanical obstruction	ical obstruction Disassemble and reassemble properly (refer to Reassembly)
pressure rises	Worn disc	Disassemble remove and replace disc retainer assembly
	Yoke dragging on inlet nozzle	Disassemble and reassemble properly (refer to Reassembly)
Leakage from	Damaged diaphragm	Disassemble and replace
cover vent hole	Loose diaphragm nut	Remove cover and tighten nut

### MAINTENANCE

### Disassembly

To disassemble follow the sequence of the item numbers assigned to parts in the sectional illustration.

### Reassembly

Reassembly is the reverse of disassembly. Caution must be taken to avoid having the yoke (17) drag on the inlet nozzle of the body (18). Follow this procedure:

- 1. Place yoke (17) in body and screw the disc retainer assembly (16) until it bottoms.
- Install gasket (14) and spring (19) for 2-30 and 2-6.5 psi range onto plug (13) and fasten into body. Disc retainer must enter guide hole in plug as it is assembled. Screw the plug in by hand. Use wrench to tighten only.
- 3. Place diaphragm (12) diaphragm washer (11) and belleville washer (20) on yoke. Screw on hex nut (10).
- 4. Hold the diaphragm so that the screw holes in the diaphragm and body align. Tighten diaphragm nut with a wrench. At the final tightening release the diaphragm and permit it to rotate 5° to 10°. The diaphragm holes should now be properly aligned with the body holes.

### To check for proper alignment proceed as follows:

Rotate diaphragm clockwise and counterclockwise as far as possible. Diaphragm screw holes should rotate equal distance on either side of body screw holes  $\pm 1/8$ ".

Repeat assembly procedure until diaphragm and yoke are properly aligned. There must be no contact between yoke and body nozzle during its normal movement. To simulate this movement hold body and diaphragm holes aligned. Move yoke to open and closed positions. There must be no evidence of contact or dragging.

- 5. Install spring (9) with spring guide (8).
- 6. Install cover (5), adjusting screw (2) and nut (3), then cap (1).

CLA-VAL

### PARTS LIST





Size	Stock	Adjustment Range		
(inch)	Number	psi	Ft of Water	
3/8	7194307A	2 - 6.5	4.5 - 15	
3/8	7194308J	2 - 30	4.5 - 69	
3/8	7194303K	15 - 75	35 - 173	
3/8	7194311C	20 - 105	46 - 242	
3/8	7194304H	30 - 300	69 - 692	
Factory Set Pressure F			PSI per Turn*	
2 - 6.5 set @ 3.5 psi .61				
2 - 30 set @ 10 psi 3.0				
	15 - 75 set	@ 20 psi	9.0	
	20 - 105 set @ 60 psi 12.0			
30 - 300 set @ 60 psi 27.0				
*Approximate-Final Adjustment should be with a pressure gauge and with flow.				

### When ordering parts specify:

- · All nameplate data
- Item Description
- Item number



Body and Disc Retainer Detail for Low Pressure Control



1 2 4 3 4* 1 5 6 1 7 1 8 5	Cap Adjusting Screw Jam Nut (3/8-16) Machine Screw (Fil.Hd.) 8 Req'd Cover Nameplate Screw Nameplate	PL BRS SS 303 BRS SS	67628J 7188201D 6780106J 6757821B C2544K
2 / / 3 / / 4*   5 / / 6   7   8   9	Adjusting Screw Jam Nut (3/8-16) Machine Screw (Fil.Hd.) 8 Req'd Cover Nameplate Screw Nameplate	BRS SS 303 BRS SS	7188201D 6780106J 6757821B C2544K
3     4       4*     1       5     0       6     1       7     1       8     3	Jam Nut (3/8-16) Machine Screw (Fil.Hd.) 8 Req'd Cover Nameplate Screw Nameplate	SS 303 BRS SS	6780106J 6757821B C2544K
4*   5   6   7   8   9	Machine Screw (Fil.Hd.) 8 Req'd Cover Nameplate Screw Nameplate	303 BRS SS	6757821B C2544K
5 ( 6   7   8   9	Cover Nameplate Screw Nameplate	BRS SS	C2544K
6   7   8	Nameplate Screw Nameplate	SS	670000
7   8 ;	Nameplate		019990
8	0.1.0.11	BRS	C0022001G
	Spring Guide	302	71881H
	Spring Guide (20 - 105 psi)	303	205620F
9 :	Spring (15-75 psi)	CHR/VAN	71884B
:	Spring (2 - 6.5 psi)	SS	82575C
	Spring (2 - 30 psi)	SS	81594E
	Spring (20 - 105 psi)	316	20632101E
:	Spring (30 - 300 psi)	CHR/VAN	71885J
10 I	Hex Nut	303	71883D
11	Diaphragm Washer	302	71891G
12* I	Diaphragm	NBR	C6936D
13	Plug, Body	BRS	V5653A
14* (	Gasket	Fiber	40174F
15 I	Plug	BRS	6766003F
16* I	Disc Retainer Assy. (2 - 30 psi)	SS/Rub	C8348K
	Disc Retainer Assy. (15 - 75 psi)	SS/Rub	37133G
	Disc Retainer Assy. (20 - 105 psi)	SS/Rub	37133G
	Disc Retainer Assy. (30 - 300 psi)	SS/Rub	37133G
17	Yoke	VBZ	V6951H
18 I	Body & 1/4" Seat Assy	BR/SS	8339702G
19* I	Bucking Spring (2 - 6.5 psi)(2 - 30psi)	302	V0558G
20 I	Belleville Washer	STL	7055007E
*	Repair Kit (No Bucking Spring)	Buna <sup>®</sup> -N	9170003K
*	Repair Kit (with Bucking Spring)	Buna®-N	9170002B





# -MODEL- CRD-L Pressure Reducing Control



### Description

The Cla-Val Model CRDL Pressure Reducing Valve is designed for installation on potable water lines to automatically reduce high inlet pressure to a steady lower outlet pressure. This valve is an accurate regulator capable of holding downstream pressure to a predetermined amount regardless of upstream pressure fluctuations.

### Operation

The Cla-Val Model CRDL Pressure Reducing Valve is a direct-acting, spring loaded, diaphragm type control, single seat design. The upstream pressure acts equally on the disc assembly, balancing the forces so that the opening and closing action is controlled by the downstream pressure acting on the underside of the diaphragm. The spring acts on the upper side of the diaphragm to provide an adjustable downstream pressure.

### Installation

 Before the CRDL is installed and commissioned, the water supply pipelines should be thoroughly flushed of all dirt, scale and foreign matter.
 The CRDL can be installed in the vertical or horizontal position.

3. Place the valve in the pipeline with the flow through the valve in the direction of the arrow cast into the valve body.

4. Allow sufficient room around the valve to make adjustments and for maintenance.

5. It is recommended that isolating valves be installed at both ends of the CRDL for ease of isolating the valve during start-up, testing and maintenance.

6. Caution: Prior to pressurizing, a pressure gauge must be installed downstream of the CRDL to verify correct pressure setting.

### Start-up and Adjustment

After initial installation or after any servicing of the CRDL, it is necessary to follow these steps.

1.Adjustment of the CRDL pressure reducing valve takes place exclusively under the responsibility of the person carrying it out.

2.With downstream isolating valve closed, slowly open upstream isolating valve.

3.With CRDL pressurized, slowly open downstream isolating valve, establishing a small amount of flow through the valve.

4.Remove plastic cap (16) and turn adjusting screw (15) to desired pressure setting. To increase pressure setting, turn clockwise. To decrease pressure setting, turn counter-clock-wise.

5. Adjust pressure setting to desired downstream pressure. Adjust the screw slowly, in short increments. Check the result each time you make an adjustment.

6.Securely tighten locknut (14).

**Note:** It is always more accurate to fine tune and adjust the valve's pressure setting under actual flowing conditions. When in flowing condition, pressure will lower from static setting.

### A minimum pressure differential of 15 PSI must be maintained.

When more than one valve is installed in series, check the pressure differential across each valve and adjust the valve downstream first.

When more than one valve is installed in parallel, adjust them to handle possible low flow conditions. This is done by setting one valve approximately 3 to 4 PSI greater than the setting on the other valves. It may be desirable to set all valves to same setting when flow rate fluctuations are not severe.

After completing pressure adjustment fully open the isolating valves.

### Maintenance

### Disassembly

Before starting any disassembly, close upstream and downstream isolation valves. Remove pressure from valve. Follow the sequence of the item numbers assigned to parts in the sectional illustration. To access, inspect, clean and/or replace internal parts:

1. Remove cap (16). Measure and mark distance of adjustment screw (15) as it is currently protruding from cover (12).

2. Loosen the lock-nut (14) and back off the adjusting screw (15) to release any spring tension.

3. Remove the eight cover screws (17). Remove cover (12), spring (11) and spring guide (13).

4. Unthread and remove the bottom plug (1) and O-ring (2) which exposes the disc retainer assembly. Unthread the disc retainer assembly (3) from the yoke (4); inspect, clean or replace disc retainer assembly (3) as required.

5. Unthread cap screw (10). Remove diaphragm washer (8) and Bellville washer (9) which exposes the diaphragm (18); inspect, clean or replace diaphragm (18) as required.

6. To replace seat (23), carefully detach the yoke (4) from the yoke holder (6) which allows access to the seat (23); inspect, clean or replace seat (23) and seat O-ring (22) as required.

### Reassembly

Reassembly is the reverse of disassembly.

Caution must be taken to avoid having the yoke (4) drag on the inlet nozzle of the body (5). Follow this procedure to avoid yoke drag:

1. Place diaphragm (18), diaphragm washer (8) and Belleville washer (9) onto yoke (4). Screw on cap screw (10).

2. Hold diaphragm (18) so that the screw holes align with the body (5) screw holes.

3. Securely tighten cap screw (10) with wrench. At the final tightening release the diaphragm (18) and permit it to rotate  $5^{\circ}$  to  $10^{\circ}$ .

4. The diaphragm screw holes should now be properly aligned with the body screw holes.

### To check for proper alignment proceed as follows:

After securely tightened, rotate diaphragm (18) clockwise and counterclockwise as far as possible. Diaphragm (18) screw holes should rotate equal distance on either side of body screw holes  $\pm 1/8$ ". Repeat assembly procedure until diaphragm (18) and yoke (4) are properly aligned. There must be no contact between yoke and body nozzle during its normal movement. To simulate this movement, align body and diaphragm holes, move yoke to open and closed positions. There must be no evidence of contact or dragging.

- 5. Reinstall disc retainer assembly (3).
- 6. Reinstall bottom plug (1), tighten securely.
- 7. Reinstall spring (11), spring guide (13), cover (12) and cover screws (17).
- 8. Securely tighten cover screws (17).
- 9. Reinstall adjusting screw (15) and lock nut (14).
- 10. Turn adjustment screw (15) into cover to the original measured setting.
- 11. Return valve to service.
- 12. Recheck or readjust pressure setting with flow through the valve.
- 13. To increase pressure setting, turn clockwise. To decrease pressure setting, turn counter-clock-wise.
- 14. Once set point is established, securely tighten lock nut (14).
- 15. Reinstall and tighten cap (1).

Notice: To ensure proper performance and maximum service life for the CRDL, it is suggested that a program of regular inspection, testing, maintenance and cleaning be utilized. Annual inspection and maintenance is recommended.



* SUG	GESTED REPAIR PARTS	
ID #	Description	Qt
01	Plug	1
02 *	O-Ring	1
03 *	Disc Retainer Assembly	1
04	Yoke	1
05	Body	1
06	Yoke Holder Assembly	1
07	Yoke Retainer Assembly	1
08	Washer, Diaphragm, Upper	1
09	Washer, Belleville	1
10	Screw, Socket Head Cap	1
11	Spring	1
12	Cover	1
13	Guide, Spring	1
14	Nut, Lock	1
15	Screw, Adjusting	1
16	Сар	1
17 *	Screw	8
18 *	Diaphragm	1
19	Nut, Union	2
20 *	Gasket	2
21	Tail Piece, Union	2
22 *	O-Ring	1
23	Seat	1
24	Plug, Pipe	2
25	Nameplate	1
26	Drive Screw, Nameplate	2

### **Tools Required:**

For Pressure Adjustment: Fixed or adjustable wrench

### For Maintenance:

1/4" Allen hex wrench, Slotted Screwdriver

### When Ordering Parts

- Please Specify:
- 1. All nameplate data
- 2. CRDL Size
- 3. Catalog Number and Item Number





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### **INSTALLATION / OPERATION / MAINTENANCE**

![](_page_24_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Picture_2.jpeg)

### **Dimensions** (In Inches)

![](_page_24_Figure_4.jpeg)

### B (NPT) D Е F G I A (NPT) 3/4 1/4 1/8 1/8 1-3/41/2 1/2 1/4 1/4 2-1/4 1 3/4 3/4 3/8 3/8 3/8 2-1/2 1 7/8 7/8 1/2 3/8 1/2 2-1/2 1-1/4 1/2 7/8 3/4 1/2 1/2 3 1-1/4 1 1-1/8 3/4 3-3/8 2 1/2 1 3/8 3/47/8 3/43/44 2 1 1-1/2 7/8 4-1/4 3/8 1 2 - 3/41/2 1-3/8 7/8 1 1 4-1/2 2-3/4 1-1/4 1-3/4 7/8 1/21 4-1/4 2-3/4 1/2 1-3/8 7/8

X46A Straight Type A (In Inches)

### INSTALLATION

The strainer is designed for use in conjunction with a Cla-Val Main Valve, but can be installed in any piping system where there is a moving fluid stream to keep it clean. When it is used with the Cla-Val Valve, it is threaded into the upstream body port provided for it on the side of the valve. It projects through the side of the Main Valve into the flow stream. All liquid shunted to the pilot control system and to the cover chamber of the Main Valve passes through the X46 Flow Clean Strainer.

### INSPECTION

Inspect internal and external threads for damage or evidence of cross-threading. Check inner and outer screens for clogging, embedded foreign particles, breaks, cracks, corrosion, fatigue, and other signs of damage.

### DISASSEMBLY

Do not attempt to remove the screens from the strainer housing.

### **CLEANING**

After inspection, cleaning of the X46 can begin. Water service usually will produce mineral or lime deposits on metal parts in contact with water. These deposits can be cleaned by dipping X46 in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for deposit to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. Caution: use extreme care when handling acid. If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water. Rinse parts in water before handling. An appropriate solvent can clean parts used in fueling service. Dry with compressed air or a clean, lint-free cloth. Protect from damage and dust until reassembled.

### REPLACEMENT

If there is any sign of damage, or if there is the slightest doubt that the Model X46 Flow Clean Strainer may not afford completely satisfactory operation, replace it. Use Inspection steps as a guide. Neither inner screen, outer screen, nor housing is furnished as a replacement part. Replace Model X46 Flow Clean Strainer as a complete unit.

When ordering replacement Flow-Clean Strainers, it is important to determine pipe size of the tapped hole into which the strainer will be inserted (refer to column A or F), and the size of the external connection (refer to column B or G).

![](_page_24_Picture_17.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Picture_18.jpeg)

 Self Scrubbing Cleaning Action Straight Type or Angle Type

The X46 Flow Clean strainer operates on a velocity principle utilizing the circular "air foil" section to make it self cleaning. Impingement of particles is on the "leading edge" only. The low pressure area on the downstream side of the screen prevents foreign particles from clogging the screen. There is also a scouring action, due to eddy currents, which keeps most of the screen area clean.

The Cla-Val Model X46 Strainer is designed to prevent passage of

P.O. Box 1325 • Newport Beach, CA 92659-0325 • Phone: 949-722-4800 • Fax: 949-548-5441 • E-mail: claval@cla-val.com • Website cla-val.com <sup>©</sup> Copyright Cla-Val 2011 Printed in USA Specifications subject to change without notice. N-X46 (R-3/2011)

![](_page_25_Picture_1.jpeg)

# -MODEL- CV **Flow Control**

![](_page_25_Picture_3.jpeg)

### DESCRIPTION

The CV Control is an adjustable restriction which acts as a needle valve when flow is in the direction of the stem. When flow is in the reverse direction, the port area opens fully to allow unrestricted flow. When installed in the control system of a Cla-Val automatic valve, it can be arranged to function as either an opening or closing speed control.

### **OPERATION**

The CV Flow Control permits full flow from port A to B, and restricted flow in the reverse direction. Flow from port A to B lifts the disc from seat, permitting full flow. Flow in the reverse direction seats the disc, causing fluid to pass through the clearance between the stem and the disc. This clearance can be increased, thereby increasing the restricted flow, by screwing the stem out, or counter-clockwise. Turning the stem in, or clockwise reduces the clearance between the stem and the disc, thereby reducing the restricted flow.'

### INSTALLATION

Install the CV Flow Control as shown in the valve schematic All connections must be tight to prevent leakage.

### DISASSEMBLY

Follow the sequence of the item numbers assigned to the parts in the cross sectional illustration for recommended order of disassembly.

Use a scriber, or similar sharp-pointed tool to remove O-ring from the stem.

### INSPECTION

Inspect all threads for damage or evidence of crossthreading. Check mating surface of seat and valve disc for excessive scoring or embedded foreign particles. Check spring for visible distortion, cracks and breaks. Inspect all parts for damage, corrosion and cleanliness.

### **CLEANING**

After disassembly and inspection, cleaning of the parts can begin. Water service usually will produce mineral or lime deposits on metal parts in contact with water. These deposits can be cleaned by dipping the parts in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for deposits to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. Caution: use extreme care when handling acid. If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water. Rinse parts in water before handling. An appropriate solvent can clean parts used in fueling service. Dry with compressed air or a clean, lint-free cloth. Protect from damage and dust until reassembled.

### REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

Minor nicks and scratches may be polished out using a fine grade of emery or crocus cloth; replace parts if scratches cannot be removed.

Replace O-ring packing and gasket each time CV Flow Control is overhauled.

Replace all parts which are defective. Replace any parts which create the slightest doubt that they will not afford completely satisfactory operation. Use Inspection steps as a guide.

### REASSEMBLY

Reassembly is the reverse of disassembly; no special tools are required.

### TEST PROCEDURE

No testing of the flow Control is required prior to reassembly to the pilot control system on Cla-Val Main Valve.

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![](_page_26_Picture_1.jpeg)

# **CV** Flow Control

### 3/8" CV Flow Control

![](_page_26_Figure_4.jpeg)

1/2", 3/4", 1" CV Flow Control

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	Housing	1
2	Nut, Jam	1
3	Seat	1
4	Gasket	1
5	Disc	1
6	Spring	1
7	Ring, Retaining	1
8	Stem	1
9	O-Ring	1
10	Cap (SS only)	1

# When ordering parts, please specify:

Number Stamped on Side

- Description (CV Flow Control)
- Part Description
   Material

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	Body	1
2	Cover	1
3	Stem	1
4	Disc	1
5	Spring	1
6	O-Ring	1
7	O-Ring	1
8	Сар	1
9	Ring, Retaining	1
10	Nut, Jam	1
11	Socket Head Cap Screw	3

![](_page_26_Figure_11.jpeg)

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![](_page_27_Picture_1.jpeg)

# X43 Strainer

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL			
1	Pipe Plug	Stainless Steel			
2	Strainer Plug	Stainless Steel			
3	Gasket	Fiber			
4	Screen	Stainless Steel			
5	Body	Stainless Steel			
No parts available. Replacement assembly only.					

Standard 60 mesh pilot system strainer for fluid service.

Size	Stock Number
3/8 x 3/8	8850604D

![](_page_27_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Picture_0.jpeg)

# Cla-Val Product Identification

# How to Order

### **Proper Identification**

For ordering repair kits, replacement parts, or for inquiries concerning valve operation, it is important to properly identify Cla-Val products already in service by including all nameplate data with your inquiry. Pertinent product data includes valve function, size, material, pressure rating, end details, type of pilot controls used and control adjustment ranges.

### **Identification Plates**

For product identification, cast-in body markings are supplemented by identification plates as illustrated on this page. The plates, depending on type and size of product, are mounted in the most practical position. It is extremely important that these identification plates are not painted over, removed, or in any other way rendered illegible.

![](_page_28_Figure_7.jpeg)

This brass plate appears on valves sized  $2^{1}/_{2}^{"}$  and larger and is located on the top of the inlet flange.

![](_page_28_Figure_9.jpeg)

These two brass plates appear on 3/8", 1/2", and 3/4" size valves and are located on the valve cover.

![](_page_28_Picture_11.jpeg)

This brass plate appears on altitude valves only and is found on top of the outlet flange.

![](_page_28_Picture_13.jpeg)

This tag is affixed to the cover of the pilot control valve. The adjustment range appears in the spring range section.

![](_page_28_Picture_15.jpeg)

This aluminum plate is included in pilot system modification kits and is to be wired to the new pilot control system after installation.

![](_page_28_Figure_17.jpeg)

These two brass plates appear on threaded valves

1" through 3" size or flanged valves 1" through 2". It is located on only one side of the valve body.

![](_page_28_Picture_20.jpeg)

This brass plate is used to identify pilot control valves. The adjustment range is stamped into the plate.

![](_page_28_Figure_22.jpeg)

This brass plate is used on our backflow prevention assemblies. It is located on the side of the Number Two check (2" through 10"). The serial number of the assembly is also stamped on the top of the inlet flange of the Number One check.

![](_page_28_Picture_24.jpeg)

### HOW TO ORDER

Because of the vast number of possible configurations and combinations available, many valves and controls are not shown in published product and price lists. For ordering information, price and availability on product that are not listed, please contact your local Cla-Val office or our factory office located at:

> P. O. Box 1325 Newport Beach, California 92659-0325 (949) 722-4800 FAX (949) 548-5441

### LIMITED WARRANTY

Automatic valves and controls as manufactured by Cla-Val are warranted for three years from date of shipment against manufacturing defects in material and workmanship that develop in the service for which they are designed, provided the products are installed and used in accordance with all applicable instructions and limitations issued by Cla-Val. Electronic components manufactured by Cla-Val are warranted for one year from the date of shipment.

We will repair or replace defective material, free of charge, that is returned to our factory, transportation charges prepaid, if upon inspection, the material is found to have been defective at time of original shipment. This warranty is expressly conditioned on the purchaser's providing written notification to Cla-Val immediate upon discovery of the defect.

Components used by Cla-Val but manufactured by others, are warranted only to the extent of that manufacturer's guarantee.

This warranty shall not apply if the product has been altered or repaired by others, Cla-Val shall make no allowance or credit for such repairs or alterations unless authorized in writing by Cla-Val.

### TERMS OF SALE

### ACCEPTANCE OF ORDERS

All orders are subject to acceptance by our main office at Newport Beach, California.

### CREDIT TERMS

Credit terms are net thirty (30) days from date of invoice.

### PURCHASE ORDER FORMS

Orders submitted on customer's own purchase order forms will be accepted only with the express understanding that no statements, clauses, or conditions contained in said order form will be binding on the Seller if they in any way modify the Seller's own terms and conditions of sales.

### PRODUCT CHANGES

The right is reserved to make changes in pattern, design or materials when deemed necessary, without prior notice.

### PRICES

All prices are F.O.B. Newport Beach, California unless expressly stated otherwise on our acknowledgement of the order. Prices are subject to change without notice. The prices at which any order is accepted are subject to adjustment to the Seller's price in effect at the time of shipment. Prices do not include sales, excise, municipal, state or any other Government taxes. Minimum order charge \$100.00.

### RESPONSIBILITY

We will not be responsible for delays resulting from strikes, accidents, negligence of carriers, or other causes beyond our control. Also, we will not be liable for any unauthorized product alterations or charges accruing there from.

4687 Christie Drive

Beamsville, Ontario

Phone: 905-563-4963

905-563-4040

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Canada L0R 1B4

Fax:

### SPECIFY WHEN ORDERING

- Model Number
- Globe or Angle Pattern
- Adjustment Range
- (As Applicable)
- Threaded or FlangedBody and Trim Materials
- Optional Features
- Pressure Class

Valve Size

### UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

- · Globe or angle pattern are the same price
- · Ductile iron body and bronze trim are standard
- X46 Flow Clean Strainer or X43 "Y" Strainer are included
- CK2 Isolation Valves are included in price on 4" and larger valve sizes (6" and larger on 600 Series)

### DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES AND LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY

The foregoing warranty is exclusive and in lieu of all other warranties and representations, whether expressed, implied, oral or written, including but not limited to any implied warranties or merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. All such other warranties and representations are hereby cancelled.

Cla-Val shall not be liable for any incidental or consequential loss, damage or expense arising directly or indirectly from the use of the product. Cla-Val shall not be liable for any damages or charges for labor or expense in making repairs or adjustments to the product. Cla-Val shall not be liable for any damages or charges sustained in the adaptation or use of its engineering data and services. No representative of Cla-Val may change any of the foregoing or assume any additional liability or responsibility in connection with the product. The liability of Cla-Val is limited to material replacements F.O.B. Newport Beach, California.

### RISK

All goods are shipped at the risk of the purchaser after they have been delivered by us to the carrier. Claims for error, shortages, etc., must be made upon receipt of goods.

### EXPORT SHIPMENTS

Export shipments are subject to an additional charge for export packing.

### RETURNED GOODS

- 1. Customers must obtain written approval from Cla-Val prior to returning any material.
- 2. Cla-Val reserves the right to refuse the return of any products.
- 3. Products more than six (6) months old cannot be returned for credit.
- 4. Specially produced, non-standard models cannot be returned for credit.
- Rubber goods such as diaphragms, discs, o-rings, etc., cannot be returned for credit, unless as part of an unopened vacuum sealed repair kit which is less than six months old.
- Goods authorized for return are subject to a 35% (\$100 minimum) restocking charge and a service charge for inspection, reconditioning, replacement of rubber parts, retesting, repainting and repackaging as required.
- Authorized returned goods must be packaged and shipped prepaid to Cla-Val, 1701 Placentia Avenue, Costa Mesa, California 92627.

![](_page_29_Picture_49.jpeg)

### CLA-VAL PO Box 1325 Newport Beach CA 92659-0325

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### CLA-VAL CANADA CLA-VAL EUROPE

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www.cla-val.com

Represented By:

# -MODEL- REPAIR KITS

![](_page_30_Picture_2.jpeg)

# Model 100-01 Hytrol Main Valve

BUNA-N MATERIAL				
	RUBBER KIT	REPAIR KIT	REBUILD ASSEMBLY	STUD & NUT KIT
	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.
3/8"	9169801K		21176614B	21176633J
1/2"	9169802H	21176602F	21176615A	21176634H
3/4"	9169802H	21176602F	21176615A	21176634H
1" Non-Guided	9169803F	21176601G	21176616K	21176636F
1"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F
1 1/4"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F
1 1/2"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F
2"	9169805A	21176608K	21176618H	21176637E
2 1/2"	9169811J	21176609J	21176619G	21176638D
3"	9169812G	21176604D	21176620D	21176639C
4"	9169813E	21176605C	21176621C	21176640K
6"	9169815K	21176606B	21176622B	21176641J
8"	9817901D	21176607A	21176623A	21176642H
10"	9817902B	21176610F	21176624K	21176643G
12"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F
14"	9817904H	21176612D	21176626H	21176645E
16"	9817905E	21176613C	21176627G	21176645E

# Model 100-20 Hytrol Main Valve

BUNA-N MATERIAL				
	RUBBER KIT	REPAIR KIT	REBUILD ASSEMBLY	STUD & NUT KIT
	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.
3"	9169805A	21176608K	21176618H	21176637E
4"	9169812G	21176604D	21176620D	21176639C
6"	9169813E	21176605C	21176621C	21176640K
8"	9169815K	21176606B	21176622B	21176641J
10"	9817901D	21176607A	21176623A	21176642H
12"	9817902B	21176610F	21176624K	21176643G
14"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F
16"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F

Consult factory for larger sizes

Rubber Kit Includes: Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers

Repair Kit Includes: Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers, Epoxy Coated Disc Retainer, Epoxy Coated Diaphragm Washer, Protective Washer

Rebuild Assembly Includes: Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers, Epoxy Coated Disc Retainer, Epoxy Coated Diaphragm Washer, Protective Washer, Stainless Steel Bolts & Washers (6" & Below), Stainless Steel Studs, Nuts, & Washers (8" & Above), Stem, Stem Nut, Disc Guide, Standard Cover Spring, Cover Washer

Stud & Nut Kit Includes: Steel Bolts & Washers (6" & Below), Stainless Steel Studs, Nuts, & Washers (8" & Above)

# Repair Kits for 100-02/100-21 Powertrol and 100-03/100-22 Powercheck Main Valves *For:* Powertrol and Powercheck Main Valves—150 Pressure Class Only

Includes: Diaphragm, Disc (or Disc Assembly) and O-rings and full set of spare Spacer Washers.

Valve	Kit Stock Number	Valve	Kit Stock Number	
Size	100-02	Size	100-02 & 100-03	100-21 & 100-22
3/8"	9169901H	2½"	9169910J	N/A
1/2" & 3/4"	9169902F	3"	9169911G	9169905J
1"	9169903D	4"	9169912E	9169911G
1¼" & 1½"	9169904B	6"	9169913C	9169912E
2"	9169905J	8"	99116G	9169913C
		10"	9169939H	99116G
		12"	9169937B	9169939H

### Repair Kits for 100-04/100-23 Hy-Check Main Valves

For: Hy-Check Main Valves-150 Pressure Class Only

Includes: Diaphragm, Disc and O-Rings and full set of spare Spacer Washers.

Valve	Kit Stock Number		Valve	Kit Stock Number	
Size	100-04	100-23	Size	100-04	100-23
4"	20210901B	N/A	12"	20210905H	20210904J
6"	20210902A	20210901B	14"	20210906G	N/A
8"	20210903K	20210902A	16"	20210907F	20210905H
10"	20210904J	20210903K	20"	N/A	20210907F
			24"	N/A	20210907F

### Repair Kits for Pilot Control Valves (In Standard Materials Only)

Includes: Diaphragm, Disc (or Disc Assembly), O-Rings, Gaskets or spare Screws as appropriate.

Larger Sizes: Consult Factory.

Larger Sizes: Consult Factory.

BUNA-N <sup>®</sup> (Standard Material)			VITON (For KB Controls)		
Pilot	Kit Stock	Pilot	Kit Stock	Pilot	Kit Stock
Control	Number	Control	Number	Control	Number
CDB	9170006C	CFM-9	12223E	CDB-KB	9170012A
CDB-30	9170023H	CRA (w/bucking spring)	9170001D	CRA-KB	N/A
CDB-31	9170024F	CRD (w/bucking spring)	9170002B	CRD-KB (w/bucking spring)	9170008J
CDB-7	9170017K	CRD (no bucking spring)	9170003K	CRL-KB	9170013J
CDH-2	18225D	CRD-18	20275401K	CDHS-2BKB	9170010E
CDHS-2	44607A	CRD-22	98923G	CDHS-2FKB	9170011C
CDHS-2B	9170004H	CRL (55F, 55L)	9170007A	CDHS-18KB (no bucking spring)	9170009G
CDHS-2F	9170005E	CRL60/55L-60	9170033G	102C-KB	1726202D
CDHS-3C-A2	24657K	CRL60/55L60 1"	9170042H		
CDHS-8A	2666901A	CRL-4A	43413E		
CDHS-18	9170003K	CRL-5 (55B)	65755B		
CDS-4	9170014G	CRL-5A (55G)	20666E		
CDS-5	14200A	CRL-18	20309801C		
CDS-6	20119301A	Universal CRL	9170041K		
CDS-6A	20349401C	CV	9170019F		
CFCM-M1	1222301C	X105L (O-ring)	00951E	Buna-N®	
CFM-2	12223E	102B-1	1502201F		
CFM-7	1263901K	102C-2	1726201F	CRD Disc Ret. (Solid)	C5256H
CFM-7A	1263901K	102C-3	1726201F	CRD Disc Ret. (Spring)	C5255K

### Repair Assemblies (In Standard Materials Only)

Control	Description	Stock Number
CF1-C1	Pilot Assembly Only	89541H
CF1-CI	Complete Float Control less Ball and Rod	89016A
CFC2-C1	Disc, Distributor and Seals	2674701E
CSM 11-A2-2	Mechanical Parts Assembly	97544B
CSM 11-A2-2	Pilot Assembly Only	18053K
33A 1"	Complete Internal Assembly and Seal	2036030B
33A 2"	Complete Internal Assembly and Seal	2040830J

When ordering, please give complete nameplate data of the valve and/or control being repaired. MINIMUM ORDER CHARGE APPLIES

**CLA-VAL** 

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