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# CLA-VAL

**AUTOMATIC CONTROL VALVES**

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**20-01/620-01**

Place this manual with personnel responsible  
for maintenance of this valve

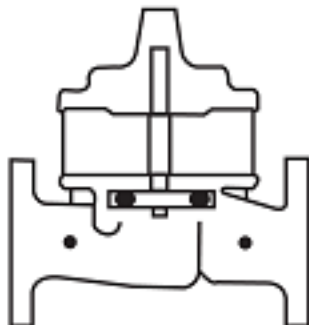
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## *Installation*



## *Operation*



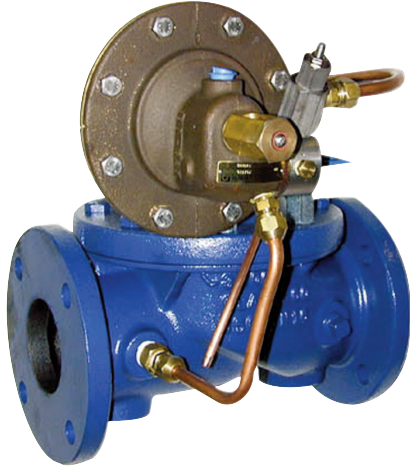
## *Maintenance*





MODEL **20-01**  
(Full Internal Port)  
**620-01**  
(Reduced Internal Port)

# Blending Valve for Water Softening Systems



The Cla-Val 20-01/620-01 Blending Valve is used in systems for controlling the flow of one fluid in relation to another. It operates to maintain a pre-set percentage of one fluid to the other regardless of fluctuating demands on the blend.

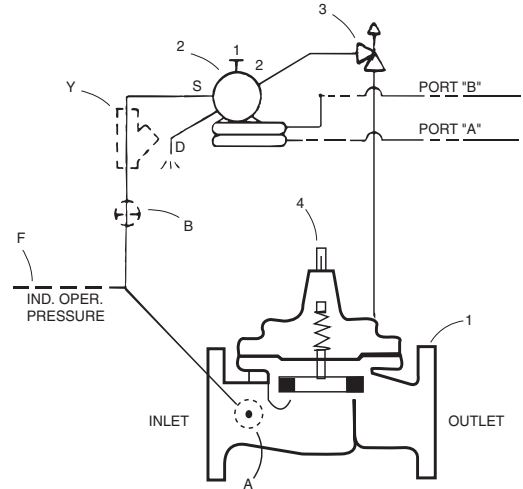
The valve is a hydraulically operated, pilot controlled, diaphragm type. It is operated by line pressure and responds to commands from the pilot control. It maintains equal pressure at two sensing points, one in each line of fluid being blended. With a restriction in each line between the blending point and the sensing point, a flow rate in direct proportion to the capacities of the restrictions will be maintained. By capacity adjustment of one or both restrictions, the percentage of one fluid to the other is adjusted. For sizes 1/2", 3/4", and 1" refer to Cla-Val 20-02.

## Schematic Diagram

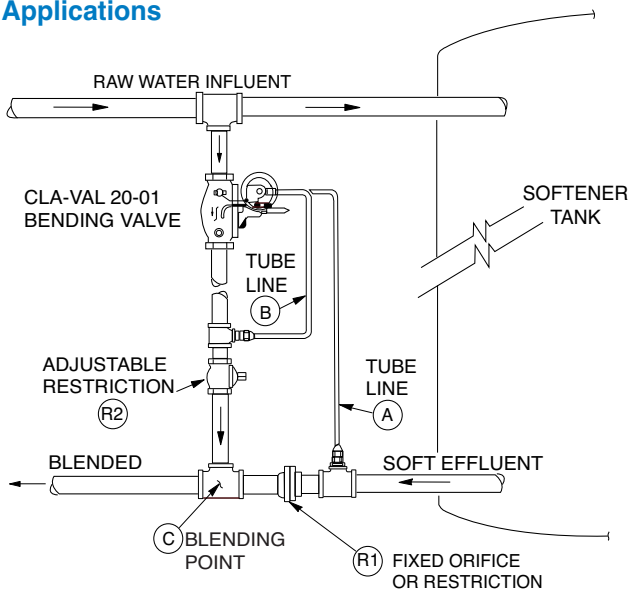
Item	Description
1	100-01 Hytrol Main Valve
2	CDH2 Differential Control
3	CNA Needle Valve
4	X101 Position Indicator

## Optional Features

Item	Description
A	X46 Flow Clean Strainer
B	CK2 Shutoff Isolation Valve
F	Omit Pilot Line To Inlet-Connects To Independent Operating Pressure
Y	X43 "Y" Strainer



## Typical Applications



## Valve & Pilot Approvals

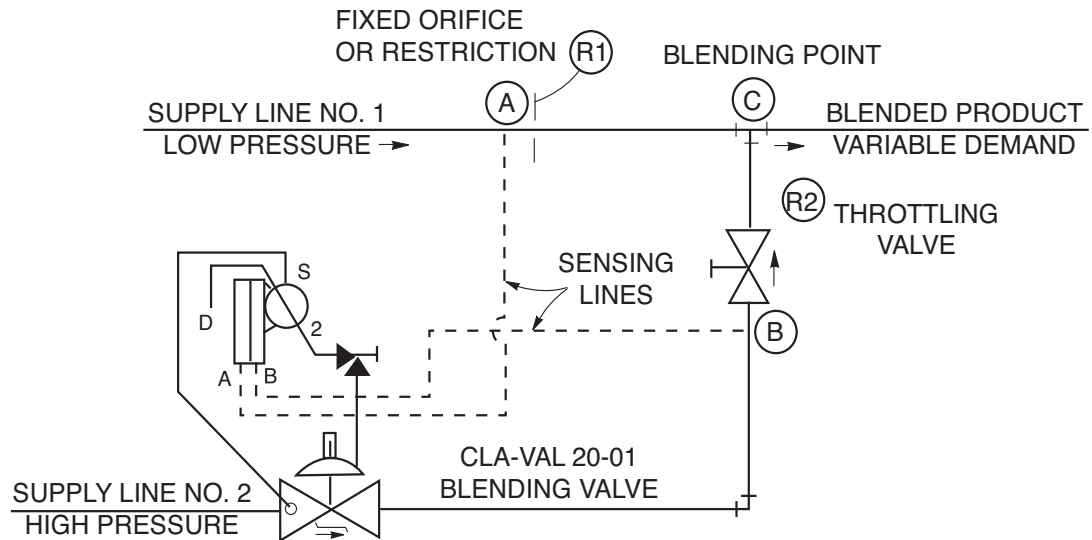
**NSF/ANSI 372: National Lead Free Mandate "Reduction of Lead in Drinking Water Act"**

**NSF International recognizes Cla-Val as complying with NSF/ANSI 61 and all applicable requirements.**

**Cla-Val fulfills the requirements described in the American Water Works Association's (AWWA) Standard for Pilot-Operated Control Valves: C530:12**



## Operations



1. Pressure at B is maintained equal to pressure at A within  $\pm 6$  inches water pressure. This is accomplished by modulation of the 20-01 valve installed in the hi-pressure line.
2. With pressure at B maintained equal to pressure at A, the differential pressure between B and C will be equal to the differential pressure between A and C.
3. Flow rate through secondary restriction R2 will be maintained in relation to the flow rate through primary restriction R1. The proportional flow ratios will be directly related to the capacities of restriction R1 and R2.
4. Primary restriction at R1 can be fixed as shown, or can be adjustable the same as the secondary restriction at R2. If the primary restriction at R1 is to be fixed, it must be calibrated in relation to two things:
  - A. Accuracy required at Minimum Flow Rate.
  - B. Systems allowable pressure loss at Maximum Flow Rate.

For example: Excellent control will result within approximately  $\pm 5\%$  accuracy when a 60" water differential is created across the fixed restriction (R1). As the flow across this restriction increases, the accuracy (in % of flow) also increases. As the flow across the restriction (R1) decreases, the accuracy (in % of flow) slightly decreases.

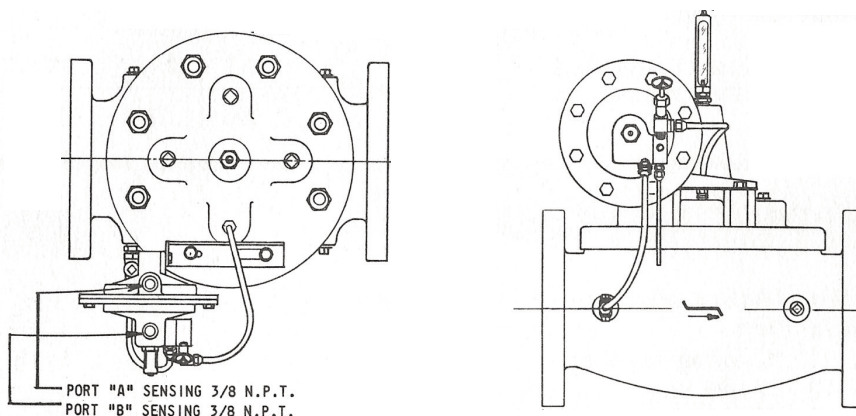
Therefore, where accuracy of  $\pm 5\%$  or less is required over a wide flow range, at least a 60" water differential should be created across the fixed restriction (R1) at the lowest flow rate. In sizing the adjustable restriction (R2), consideration must be given to two things:

- A. Ratio of blend (flow through R2 as compared to flow through R1).
- B. Differential across R1.

To obtain a blend ratio of 1 to 1, the differential created by R2, when adjusted to "full open", must not be more than the differential created by R1 when passing an equal flow.

Where the blend ratio requires less flow at R2 than at R1, the differential created by R2 at "full open" can be proportionally more than the differential created by R1 at an equal flow rate.

Where the blend ratio requires more flow at R2 than at R1, the differential created by R2 at "full open" must be proportionally less than the differential created by R1 at an equal flow rate.





20-01 Valve Selection	100-01 Pattern: Globe (G), Angle (A), End Connections: Threaded (T), Grooved (GR), Flanged (F) Indicate Available Sizes									
	Inches	1	1½	1½	2	2½	3	4	6	8
	mm	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	150	200
Basic Valve 100-01	Pattern	G, A	G, A	G, A	G, A	G, A	G, A	G, A	G, A	G, A
	End Detail	T	T	T, F, Gr*	T, F, Gr	T, F, Gr*	T, F, Gr	F, Gr	F, Gr*	F, Gr*
Suggested Flow (gpm)	Maximum	55	55	75	120	180	270	480	1100	1900
	Minimum	1	1	1	1	2	2	4	10	15
Suggested Flow (Liters/Sec)	Maximum	3.5	3.5	5	8	11	17	30	69	120
	Minimum	.03	.03	.03	.06	.09	0.13	0.25	0.63	0.95

100-01 Series is the full internal port Hytrol.

For Lower Flows Consult Factory

\*Globe Grooved Only

620-01 Valve Selection	100-20 Pattern: Globe (G), Angle (A), End Connections: Flanged (F) Indicate Available Sizes					
	Inches	3	4	6	8	10
	mm	80	100	150	200	250
Basic Valve 100-20	Pattern	G	G, A	G, A	G, A	G
	End Detail	F	F	F	F	F
Suggested Flow (gpm)	Maximum	120	270	480	1100	1900
	Minimum	1	2	4	10	15
Suggested Flow (Liters/Sec)	Maximum	8	17	30	69	120
	Minimum	.06	.13	.25	.63	.95

100-20 Series is the reduced internal port size version of the 100-01 Series.

For Lower Flows Consult Factory

## Valve Specifications

### End Details

- 1-1/4" - 3" Threaded
- 1-1/2" - 8" Flanged

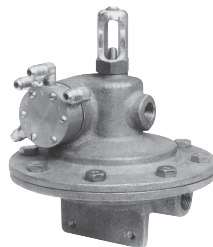
### Pressure Ratings

- 125 Class and 250 ANSI B16.1
- 125 Class - 175 psi Max.
- 250 Class - 300 psi Max.

### Temperature Range:

- Water: to 180° F. Max.

## Pilot System Specifications



CDH2 Differential Control

### Materials

#### Standard Pilot System Materials

- Pilot Control: Low Lead Bronze
- Trim: Stainless Steel Type 303 and Monel

#### Optional Pilot System Materials

- Pilot Systems are available with optional Cast Steel, Bronze, Aluminum

## Purchase Specifications

The blending valve shall be a pilot controlled hydraulically operated diaphragm type globe valve with single seated composition disc. It shall be operated by line pressure and respond to commands from the pilot control. In a blending system, the valve shall operate to maintain the flow rate of one fluid in direct proportion to the flow rate of another fluid. It shall maintain the same percent of one fluid to the other in the blend regardless of variable system inlet pressures or variable demands on the blend. It shall automatically adjust the percent of one of the fluids in the blend, in response to any setting of an adjustable restriction in the line being proportioned.

## When Ordering, Please Specify

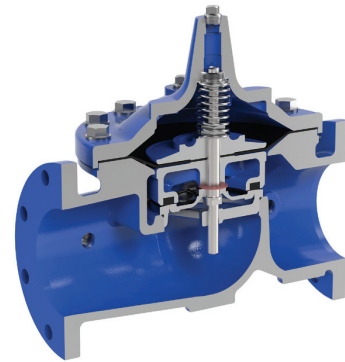
- Catalog No. 20-01 or No. 620-01
- Valve Size
- Pattern - Globe or Angle
- Pressure Class
- Threaded or Flanged
- Trim Material
- Desired Options
- When Vertically Installed



# Model 100-01 HYTROL VALVE

## DESCRIPTION

The Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve is a main valve for Cla-Val Automatic Control Valves. It is a hydraulically operated, diaphragm-actuated, globe or angle pattern valve. This valve consists of three major components; body, diaphragm assembly, and cover. The diaphragm assembly is the only moving part. The diaphragm assembly uses a diaphragm of nylon fabric bonded with synthetic rubber. A synthetic rubber disc, contained on three and one half sides by a disc retainer and disc guide, forms a seal with the valve seat when pressure is applied above the diaphragm. The diaphragm assembly forms a sealed chamber in the upper portion of the valve, separating operating pressure from line pressure.

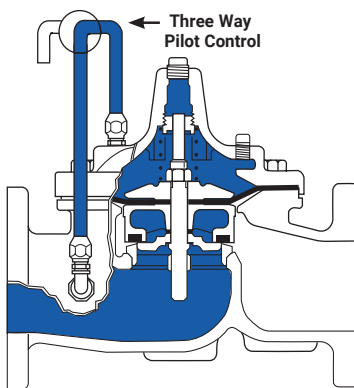


## Installation

1. Before valve is installed, pipe lines should be flushed of all chips, scale and foreign matter.
2. It is recommended that either gate or block valves be installed on both ends of the Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve to facilitate isolating the valve for preventive maintenance and repairs.
3. Place the valve in the line with flow through the valve in the direction indicated on the inlet nameplate. (See "Flow Direction" Section) **Note: Valve can be installed in the vertical or horizontal position.**
4. Allow sufficient room around valve to make adjustments and for disassembly.
5. Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valves operate with maximum efficiency when mounted in horizontal piping with the cover UP, however, other positions are acceptable. Due to size and weight of the cover and internal components of 8 inch and larger valves, installation with the cover UP is advisable. This makes internal parts readily accessible for periodic inspection.

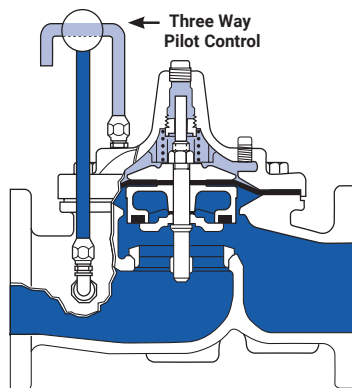
6. Caution must be taken in the installation of this valve to insure that galvanic and/or electrolytic action does not take place. The proper use of dielectric fittings and gaskets are required in all systems using dissimilar metals.
7. If a pilot control system is installed on the Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve, use care to prevent damage. If it is necessary to remove fittings or components, be sure they are kept clean and replaced exactly as they were.
8. After the valve is installed and the system is first pressurized, vent air from the cover chamber and pilot system tubing by loosening fittings at all high points.

## Principles of Operation



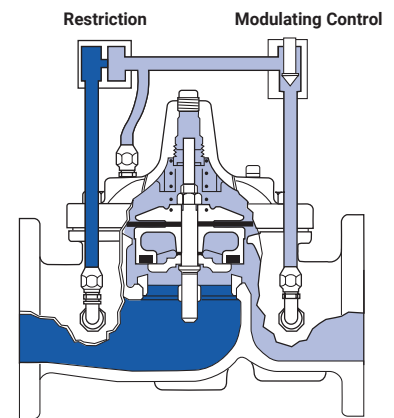
### Tight Closing Operation

When pressure from the valve inlet (or an equivalent independent operating pressure) is applied to the diaphragm chamber the valve closes drip-tight.



### Full Open Operation

When pressure in diaphragm chamber is relieved to a zone of lower pressure (usually atmosphere) the line pressure (5 psi Min.) at the valve inlet opens the valve.

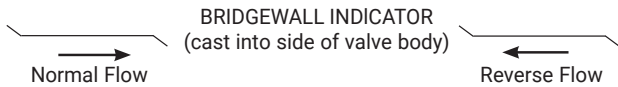


### Modulating Action

Valve modulates when diaphragm pressure is held at an intermediate point between inlet and discharge pressure. With the use of a Cla-Val. "Modulating control," which reacts to line pressure changes, the pressure above the diaphragm is varied, allowing the valve to throttle and compensate for the change.

## Flow Direction

The flow through the Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve can be in one of two directions. When flow is “up-and-over the seat,” it is in “normal” flow and the valve will fail in the open position. When flow is “over-the seat-and down,” it is in “reverse” flow and the valve will fail in the closed position. There are no permanent flow arrow markings. **The valve must be installed according to nameplate data.**



## Recommended Tools

1. Three pressure gauges with ranges suitable to the installation to be put at Hytrol inlet, outlet and cover connections.
2. Cla-Val Model X101D Valve Position Indicator. This provides visual indication of valve position without disassembly of valve.
3. Other items are: suitable hand tools such as screwdrivers, wrenches, etc., soft jawed (brass or aluminum) vise, 400 grit wet or dry sandpaper and water for cleaning.

## Troubleshooting

The following troubleshooting information deals strictly with the Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve. This assumes that all other components of the pilot control system have been checked out and are in proper working condition. (See appropriate sections in Technical Manual for complete valve).

All trouble shooting is possible without removing the valve from the line or removing the cover. It is highly recommended to permanently install a Model X101D Valve Position Indicator and three gauges in unused Hytrol inlet, outlet and cover connections.

**After checking out probable causes and remedies, the following three checks can be used to diagnose the nature of the problem before maintenance is started. They must be done in the order shown.**

Service Suggestions		
Symptom	Possible Cause	Solutions
Fails to Close	Closed isolation valves in control system, or in main line.	Open Isolation valves.
	Lack of cover chamber pressure	Check upstream pressure, pilot system, strainer, tubing, valves, or needle valves for obstruction.
	Diaphragm damaged. (See Diaphragm Check.)	Replace diaphragm.
	Diaphragm assembly inoperative. Corrosion or excessive scale build up on valve stem. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Clean and polish stem. Inspect and replace any damaged or badly eroded part.
	Mechanical obstruction. Object lodged in valve. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Remove obstruction.
	Worn disc. (See Tight Sealing Check)	Replace disc.
	Badly scored seat (See Tight Sealing Check)	Replace seat.
Fails to Open	Closed upstream and/or downstream isolation valves in main line.	Open isolation valves.
	Insufficient line pressure.	Check upstream pressure. (Minimum 5 psi flowing line pressure differential.)
	Diaphragm assembly inoperative. Corrosion or excessive buildup on valve stem. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Clean and polish stem. Inspect and replace any damaged or badly eroded part.
	Diaphragm damaged. (For valves in “reverse flow” only)	Replace diaphragm.

## Three Checks

The Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve has only one moving part (the diaphragm and disc assembly). So, there are only three major types of problems to be considered.

**First:** Valve is stuck - that is, the diaphragm assembly is not free to move through a full stroke either from open to close or vice versa.

**Second:** Valve is free to move and can't close because of a worn out diaphragm.

**Third:** Valve leaks even though it is free to move and the diaphragm isn't leaking.

**CAUTION:** Care should be taken when doing the troubleshooting checks on the Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve. These checks do require the valve to open fully. This will either allow a high flow rate through the valve, or the downstream pressure will quickly increase to the inlet pressure. In some cases, this can be very harmful. Where this is the case, and there are no block valves in the system to protect the downstream piping, it should be realized that **the valve cannot be serviced under pressure**. Steps should be taken to remedy this situation before proceeding any further.



**Three Checks (cont.)**

**DIAPHRAGM CHECK (#1)**

1. Shut off pressure to the Hytrol Valve by slowly closing upstream and downstream isolation valves. **SEE CAUTION.**
2. Disconnect or close all pilot control lines to the valve cover and leave only one fitting in highest point of cover open to atmosphere.
3. With the cover vented to atmosphere, slowly open upstream isolation valve to allow some pressure into the Hytrol Valve body. Observe the open cover tapping for signs of continuous flow. It is not necessary to fully open isolating valve. Volume in cover chamber capacity chart will be displaced as valve moves to open position. Allow sufficient time for diaphragm assembly to shift positions. If there is no continuous flow, you can be quite certain the diaphragm is sound and the diaphragm assembly is tight. If the fluid appears to flow continuously this is a good reason to believe the diaphragm is either damaged or it is loose on the stem. In either case, this is sufficient cause to remove the valve cover and investigate the leakage. (See "Maintenance" section for procedure.)

Cover Chamber Capacity (Liquid Volume displaced when valve opens)		
Valve Size (Inches)	Displacement	
	Gallons	Liters
1-1/4"	0.020	0.07
1-1/2"	0.020	0.07
2"	0.032	0.12
2-1/2"	0.043	0.16
3"	0.080	0.30
4"	0.169	0.64
6"	0.531	2.0
8"	1.26	4.8
10"	2.51	9.5
12"	4.00	15.1
14"	6.50	24.6
16"	9.57	36.0
18"	11.00	41.6
20"	12.00	45.4
24"	29.00	109.8
30"	42.00	197.0
36"	90.00	340.0

**FREEDOM OF MOVEMENT CHECK (#2)**

4. Determining the Hytrol Valve's freedom of movement can be done by one of two methods.
5. For most valves it can be done after completing Diaphragm Check (Steps 1, 2, and 3). **SEE CAUTION.** At the end of step 3 the valve should be fully open.
6. If the valve has a Cla-Val X101D Position Indicator, observe the indicator to see that the valve opens wide. Mark the point of maximum opening.
7. Re-connect enough of the control system to permit the application of inlet pressure to the cover. Open pilot system cock so pressure flows from the inlet into the cover.
8. While pressure is building up in the cover, the valve should close smoothly. There is a hesitation in every Hytrol Valve closure, which can be mistaken for a mechanical bind. The stem will appear to stop moving very briefly before going to the closed position. This slight pause is caused by the diaphragm flexing at a particular point in the valve's travel and is not caused by a mechanical bind.
9. When closed, a mark should be made on the X101D Valve position indicator corresponding to the "closed" position. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in chart.
10. If the stroke is different than that shown in stem travel chart this is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve at one end of its travel. If the flow does not

stop through the valve when in the indicated "closed" position, the obstruction probably is between the disc and the seat. If the flow does stop, then the obstruction is more likely in the cover. In either case, the cover must be removed, and the obstruction located and removed. The stem should also be checked for scale build-up. (See "Maintenance" section for procedure.)

Stem Travel (Fully open to fully closed)			
Valve Size (Inches)		Travel (Inches)	
Inches	MM	Inches	MM
1-1/4"	32	0.04"	10
1-1/2"	40	0.04"	10
2"	50	0.06"	15
2-1/2"	65	0.07"	18
3"	80	0.08"	20
4"	100	1.1"	28
6"	150	1.7"	43
8"	200	2.3"	58
10"	250	2.8"	71
12"	300	3.4"	86
14"	350	4.0"	100
16"	400	4.5"	114
18"	450	5.1"	130
20"	500	5.6"	143
24"	600	6.7"	165
30"	800	7.5"	190
36"	900	8.5"	216

11. For valves 6" and smaller, the Hytrol Valve's freedom of movement check can also be done after all pressure is removed from the valve. **SEE CAUTION.** After closing inlet and outlet isolation valves and bleeding pressure from the valve, check that the cover chamber and the body are temporarily vented to atmosphere. Insert fabricated tool into threaded hole in top of valve stem, and lift the diaphragm assembly manually. Note any roughness. The diaphragm assembly should move smoothly throughout entire valve stroke. The tool is fabricated from rod that is threaded on one end to fit valve stem and has a "T" bar handle of some kind on the other end for easy gripping. (See chart in Step 4 of "Disassembly" Section.)
12. Place marks on this diaphragm assembly lifting tool when the valve is closed and when manually positioned open. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in stem travel chart. If the stroke is different than that shown, there is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve. The cover must be removed, and the obstruction located and removed. The stem should also be checked for scale build-up. (See "Maintenance" section for procedure.)

**TIGHT SEALING CHECK (#3)**

13. Test for seat leakage after completing checks #1 & #2 (Steps 1 to 12). **SEE CAUTION.** Close the isolation valve downstream of the Hytrol Valve. Apply inlet pressure to the cover of the valve, wait until it closes. Install a pressure gauge between the two closed valves using one of the two ports in the outlet side of the Hytrol. Watch the pressure gauge. If the pressure begins to climb, then either the downstream isolation valve is permitting pressure to creep back, or the Hytrol is allowing pressure to go through it. Usually the pressure at the Hytrol inlet will be higher than on the isolation valve discharge, so if the pressure goes up to the inlet pressure, you can be sure the Hytrol is leaking. Install another gauge downstream of isolating valve. If the pressure between the valves only goes up to the pressure on the isolation valve discharge, the Hytrol Valve is holding tight, and it was just the isolation valve leaking.



## Maintenance

### PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

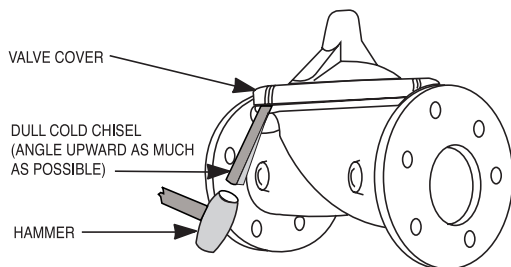
The Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve requires no lubrication or packing and a minimum of maintenance. However, a periodic inspection schedule should be established to determine how the operating conditions of the system are affecting the valve. The effect of these actions must be determined by inspection.

### DISASSEMBLY

Inspection or maintenance can be accomplished without removing the valve from the line. Repair kits with new diaphragm and disc are recommended to be on hand before work begins.

**WARNING:** Maintenance personnel can be injured and equipment damaged if disassembly is attempted with pressure in the valve. **SEE CAUTION.**

1. Close upstream and downstream isolation valves and **independent operating pressure when used** to shut off all pressure to the valve.
2. Loosen tube fittings in the pilot system to remove pressure from valve body and cover chamber. After pressure has been released from the valve, use care to remove the controls and tubing. Note and sketch position of tubing and controls for re-assembly. The schematic in front of the Technical Manual can be used as a guide when reassembling pilot system.
3. Remove cover nuts and remove cover. If the valve has been in service for any length of time, chances are the cover will have to be loosened by driving upward along the edge of the cover with a **dull cold chisel**.



On 6" and smaller valves block and tackle or a power hoist can be used to lift valve cover by inserting proper size eye bolt in place of the center cover plug. on 8" and larger valves there are 4 holes (5/8" – 11 size) where jacking screws and/or eye bolts may be inserted for lifting purposes. **Pull cover straight up** to keep from damaging the integral seat bearing and stem.

Cover Center Plug Size	
Valve Size (Inches)	Thread Size (NPT)
1-1/4" - 1-1/2"	1/4"
2" - 3"	1/2"
4" - 6"	3/4"
8" - 10"	1"
12"	1-1/4"
14"	1-1/2"
16"	2"
18" - 24"	1"
30" & 36"	2"

4. Remove the diaphragm and disc assembly from the valve body. With smaller valves this can be accomplished by hand by **pulling straight up on the stem so as not to damage the seat bearing**. On large valves, an eye bolt of proper size can be installed in the stem and the diaphragm assembly can be then lifted with a block and tackle or power hoist. Take care not to damage the stem or bearings. The valve won't work if these are damaged.

Valve Stem Thread Size	
Valve Size (Inches)	Thread Size (UNF Internal)
1-1/4" - 2-1/2"	10 - 32
3" - 4"	1/4 - 28
6" - 14"	3/8 - 24
16"	1/2 - 20
18"	3/4 - 16
20"	3/4 - 16
24"	3/4 - 16
30"	3/4 - 16
36"	3/4 - 16

5. The next item to remove is the stem nut. Examine the stem threads above the nut for signs of mineral deposits or corrosion. If the threads are not clean, use a wire brush to remove as much of the residue as possible. Attach a good fitting wrench to the nut and give it a sharp "rap" rather than a steady pull. Usually several blows are sufficient to loosen the nut for further removal. On the smaller valves, the entire diaphragm assembly can be held by the stem in a vise **equipped with soft brass jaws** before removing the stem nut.

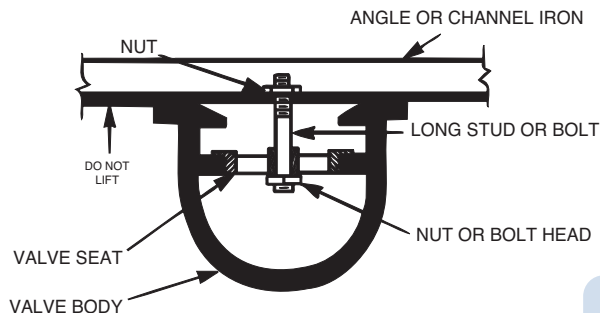
The use of a pipe wrench or a vise without soft brass jaws scars the fine finish on the stem. No amount of careful dressing can restore the stem to its original condition. Damage to the finish of the stem can cause the stem to bind in the bearings and the valve will not open or close.

6. After the stem nut has been removed, the diaphragm assembly breaks down into its component parts. Removal of the disc from the disc retainer can be a problem if the valve has been in service for a long time. Using two screwdrivers inserted along the outside edge of the disc usually will accomplish its removal. Care should be taken to preserve the spacer washers in water, particularly if no new ones are available for re-assembly.

7. The only part left in the valve body is the seat which ordinarily does not require removal. Careful cleaning and polishing of inside and outside surfaces with 400 wet/dry sandpaper will usually restore the seat's sharp edge. If, however, it is badly worn and replacement is necessary, it can be easily removed.

Seats in valve sizes 1 1/4" through 6" are threaded into the valve body. They can be removed with accessory X109 Seat Removing Tool available from the factory. On 8" and larger valves, the seat is held in place by flat head machine screws. Use a tight-fitting, long shank screwdriver to prevent damage to seat screws. If upon removal of the screws the seat cannot be lifted out, it will be necessary to use a piece of angle or channel iron with a hole drilled in the center. Place it across the body so a long stud can be inserted through the center hole in the seat and the hole in the angle iron. By tightening the nut a uniform upward force is exerted on the seat for removal.

**NOTE:** Do not lift up on the end of the angle iron as this may force the integral bearing out of alignment, causing the stem to bind.



## Lime Deposits

One of the easiest ways to remove lime deposits from the valve stem or other metal parts is to dip them in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for the deposit to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. **CAUTION: USE EXTREME CARE WHEN HANDLING ACID.** Rinse parts in water before handling. If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water.

## Inspection of Parts

After the valve has been disassembled, each part should be examined carefully for signs of wear, corrosion, or any other abnormal condition. Usually, it is a good idea to replace the rubber parts (diaphragm and disc) unless they are free of signs of wear. These are available in a repair kit. Any other parts which appear doubtful should be replaced. **WHEN ORDERING PARTS, BE SURE TO GIVE COMPLETE NAMEPLATE DATA, ITEM NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.**

**NOTE:** If a new disc isn't available, the existing disc can be turned over, exposing the unused surface for contact with the seat. The disc should be replaced as soon as practical.

## Reassembly

1. Reassembly is the reverse of the disassembly procedure. If a new disc has been installed, it may require a different number of spacer washers to obtain the right amount of "grip" on the disc. When the diaphragm assembly has been tightened to a point where the diaphragm cannot be twisted, the disc should be compressed very slightly by the disc guide. Excessive compression should be avoided. Use just enough spacer washers to hold the disc firmly without noticeable compression.

2. **MAKE SURE THE STEM NUT IS VERY TIGHT.** Attach a good fitting wrench to the nut and give it a sharp "rap" rather than a steady pull. Usually several blows are sufficient to tighten the stem nut for final tightening. Failure to do so could allow the diaphragm to pull loose and tear when subjected to pressure.

3. Carefully install the diaphragm assembly by lowering the stem through the seat bearing. Take care not to damage the stem or bearing. Line up the diaphragm holes with the stud or bolt holes on the body. On larger valves with studs, it may be necessary to hold the diaphragm assembly up part way while putting the diaphragm over the studs.

4. Put spring in place and replace cover. Make sure diaphragm is lying smooth under the cover.

5. Tighten cover nuts firmly using a cross-over pattern until all nuts are tight.

6. Test Hytrol Valve before re-installing pilot valve system.

## Test Procedure After Valve Assembly

There are a few simple tests which can be made in the field to make sure the Hytrol Valve has been assembled properly. Do these before installing pilot system and returning valve to service. These are similar to the three troubleshooting tests.

1. Check the diaphragm assembly for freedom of movement after all pressure is removed from the valve. **SEE CAUTION.** Insert fabricated tool into threaded hole in top of valve stem, and lift the diaphragm assembly manually. Note any roughness, sticking or grabbing. The diaphragm assembly should move smoothly throughout entire valve stroke. The tool is fabricated from rod that is threaded on one end to fit valve stem (See chart in Step 4 of "Disassembly" section.) and has a "T" Bar handle of some kind on the other end for easy gripping.

Place marks on this diaphragm assembly lifting tool when the valve is closed and when manually positioned open. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in stem travel chart. (See "Freedom of Movement Check" section.) If the stroke is different than that shown, there is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve. The cover must be removed, the obstruction located and removed. (See "Maintenance" section for procedure.)

Due to the weight of the diaphragm assembly this procedure is not possible on valves 8" and larger. on these valves, the same determination can be made by carefully introducing a low pressure-less than five psi) into the valve body with the cover vented. **SEE CAUTION.** Looking in cover center hole see the diaphragm assembly lift easily without hesitation, and then settle back easily when the pressure is removed.

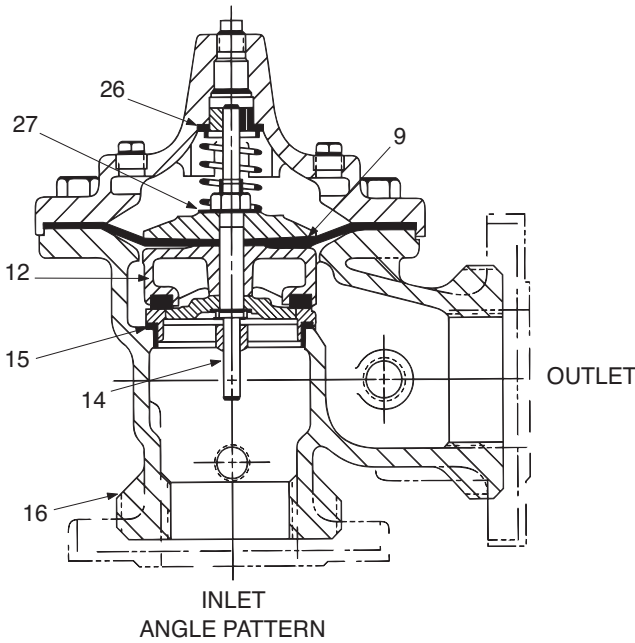
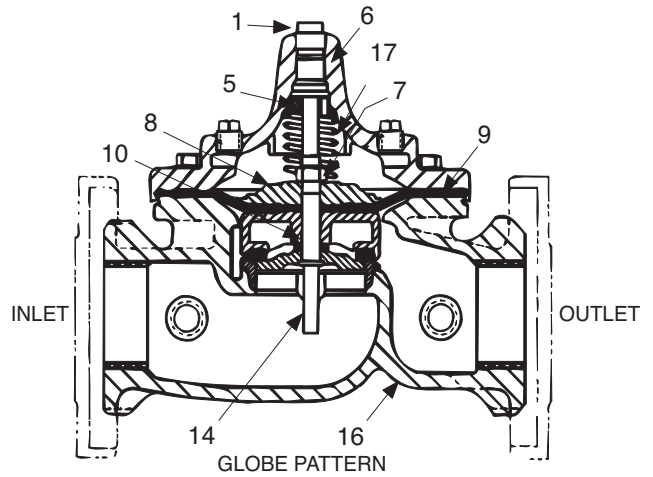
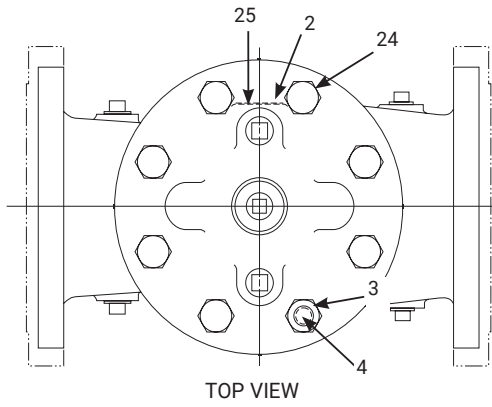
2. To check the valve for drip-tight closure, a line should be connected from the inlet to the cover, and pressure applied at the inlet of the valve. If properly assembled, the valve should hold tight with as low as ten PSI at the inlet. (See "Tight Sealing Check" section.)

3. With the line connected from the inlet to the cover, apply full working pressure to the inlet. Check all around the cover for any leaks. Re-tighten cover nuts if necessary to stop leaks past the diaphragm.

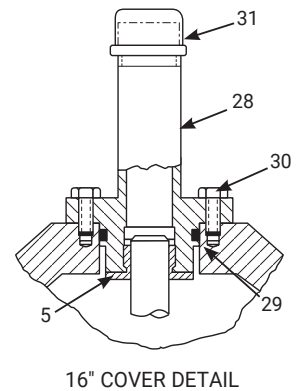
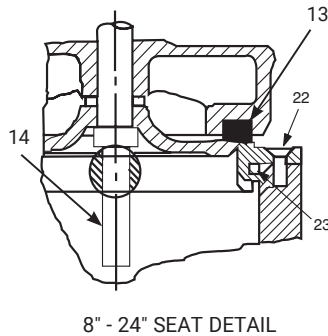
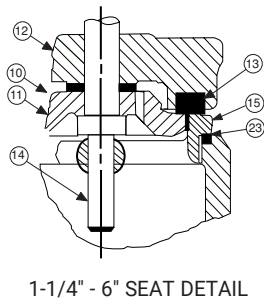
4. Remove pressure, then re-install the pilot system and tubing exactly as it was prior to removal. **Bleed air from all high points.**

5. Follow steps under "Start-Up and Adjustment" Section in Technical Manual for returning complete valve back to service.





Item No.	Description
1	Pipe Plug
2	Drive Screws (for nameplate)
3	Hex Nut (8" and larger)
4	Stud (8" and larger)
5	Cover Bearing
6	Cover
7	Stem Nut
8	Diaphragm Washer
9	Diaphragm
10	Spacer Washers
11	Disc Guide
12	Disc Retainer
13	Disc
14	Stem
15	Seat
16	Body
17	Spring
22	Flat Head Screws (8" and larger)
23	Seat O-Ring
24	Hex Head Bolt (1-1/4" thru 4")
25	Nameplate
26	Upper Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)
27	Lower Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)
28	Cover Bearing Housing (16" only)
29	Cover O-Ring (16" only)
30	Hex Bolt (16" only)
31	Pipe Cap (16" only)





# Model 100-01 HYTROL VALVE SERVICE DATA

## DESCRIPTION 100-01 HYTROL VALVE

The Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve is a main valve for Cla-Val Automatic Control Valves. It is a hydraulically operated, diaphragm-actuated, globe or angle pattern valve. This valve consists of three major components; body, diaphragm assembly, and cover. The diaphragm assembly is the only moving part. The diaphragm assembly uses a diaphragm of nylon fabric bonded with synthetic rubber. A synthetic rubber disc, contained on three and one half sides by a disc retainer and disc guide, forms a seal with the valve seat when pressure is applied above the diaphragm. The diaphragm assembly forms a sealed chamber in the upper portion of the valve, separating operating pressure from line pressure.



## DESCRIPTION 100-20 600 SERIES HYTROL VALVE

The Cla-Val Model 100-20 Hytrol Valve (600 Series main valve) have only one part -the body- that is different from standard 100 Series Cla-Val main valve parts. The remaining parts of the 600 series main valve are standard Cla-Val main valve parts. All service and maintenance information for the standard 100 Series main valves also apply to the 600 series main valves. The most important thing to remember when ordering main valve repair kits and replacement parts, except for the body, all other parts are going to be for a smaller size main valve. Cla-Val identifies main valve parts with the flange size of the standard 100 Series main valve. Refer to the "Main Valve Sizes" chart below.

## Hytrol Service Data

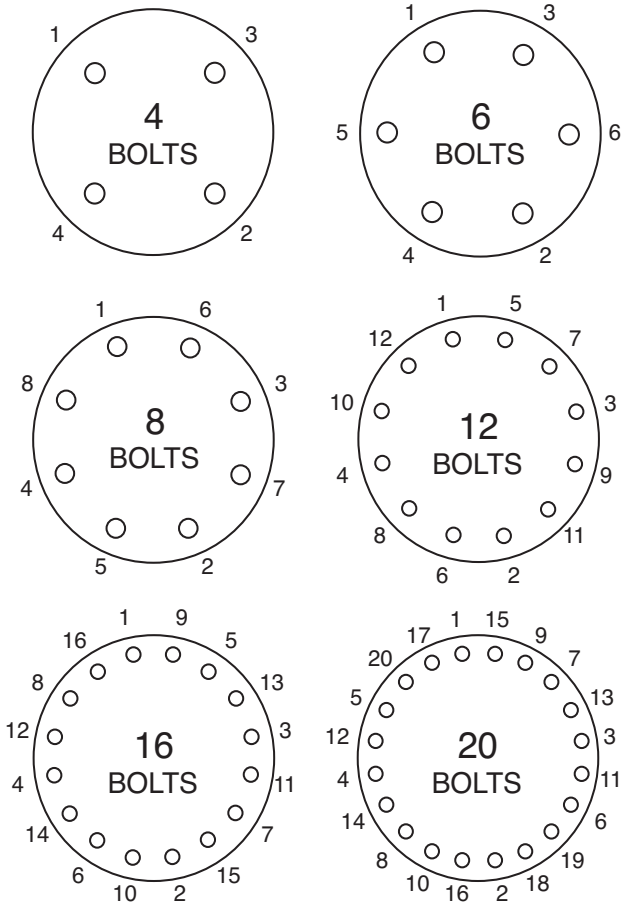
Hytrol Service Data																			
Hytrol Size				Stem Travel		Cover Capacity Displacement		Cover Center NPT	Cover Nut or Bolt <sup>(1)</sup>					Cover Lifting Holes	Valve Stem Internal Thread	Stem Nut <sup>(3)</sup>			
100-01		100-20							Thread	Socket	Qty	Torque, Lubricated <sup>(2)</sup>				Thread	Socket (Long)	Torque, Lubricated <sup>(2)</sup>	
IN	MM	IN	MM	IN	MM	Gallons	Liters					FT. LBS	IN. LBS			FT. LBS	IN. LBS		
1	25	—	—	0.24	6	0.02	—	1/4	1/4 - 20	7/16	8	—	80	—	—	3/8 - 24	9/16	—	80
1 1/4	32	—	—	0.49	12	0.02	0.08	1/4	5/16 - 18	1/2	8	12	—	—	#10 - 32	7/16 - 20	11/16	12	—
1 1/2	40	—	—	0.49	12	0.02	0.08	1/4	5/16 - 18	1/2	8	12	—	—	#10 - 32	7/16 - 20	11/16	12	—
2	50	3	80	0.59	15	0.03	0.12	1/2	3/8 - 16	9/16	8	20	—	—	#10 - 32	1/2 - 20	3/4	16	—
2 1/2	65	—	—	0.71	18	0.04	0.16	1/2	7/16 - 14	5/8	8	36	—	—	#10 - 32	5/8 - 18	15/16	32	—
3	80	4	—	0.84	21	0.08	0.3	1/2	1/2 - 13	3/4	8	50	—	—	1/4 - 28	5/8 - 18	15/16	32	—
4	100	6	—	1.09	28	0.17	0.64	3/4	3/4 - 10	1 1/8	8	125	—	—	1/4 - 28	3/4 - 16	1 1/8	55	—
6	150	8	—	1.58	40	0.53	2.01	3/4	3/4 - 10	1 1/8	12	125	—	—	3/8 - 24	7/8 - 14	1 5/16	100	—
8	200	10	—	2.24	57	1.26	4.77	1	3/4 - 10	1 1/4	16	125	—	5/8 - 11	3/8 - 24	1 1/8 - 12	1 3/4	180	—
10	250	12	—	2.71	69	2.51	9.5	1	7/8 - 9	1 7/16	20	160	—	3/4 - 10	3/8 - 24	1 1/4 - 12	1 7/8	300	—
12	300	14, 16	350, 400	3.34	85	4.00	15.14	1 1/4	1 1/8 - 7	1 13/16	20	320	—	3/4 - 10	3/8 - 24	1 1/2 - 12	2 1/4	500	—
14	350	—	—	4.08	104	6.50	24.61	1 1/2	1 1/4 - 7	2	20	450	—	1 - 8	3/8 - 24	1 1/2 - 12	2 1/4	500	—
16	400	18, 20, 24	450, 500, 600	4.58	116	9.60	36.34	2	1 1/4 - 7	2	20	450	—	1 - 8	1/2 - 20	2 - 16	3	600	—
18	500	—	—	5.13	130	11.00	42	1	1 1/4 - 7	2	24	450	—	1 - 8	3/4 - 16	2 1/4 - 16	3 7/16	1000	—
20	500	—	—	5.63	143	12.00	45.42	1	1 3/8 - 6	2 3/16	24	600	—	1 - 8	3/4 - 16	2 1/4 - 16	3 7/16	1000	—
24	600	30	—	6.50	165	29.00	109.78	1	1 1/2 - 12	2 3/8	24	850	—	1 1/8 - 7	3/4 - 16	3 - 12	4 5/8	1600	—
30	750	36	900	8.00	203	42.00	158.99	2	1 1/2 - 12	2 3/8	32	850	—	1 1/8 - 7	3/4 - 16	3 - 12	4 5/8	3000	—
36	900	42, 48, 56	1050, 1200, 1400	8.71	221	90.00	340.69	2	1 3/4 - 10	2 3/4	36	1250	—	1 1/4 - 12	3/4 - 16	3 1/2 - 8	6	3000	—

(1) Valve sizes 6" and smaller use hex bolts for cover fasteners. Valve sizes 8" and larger use studs with hex nuts.

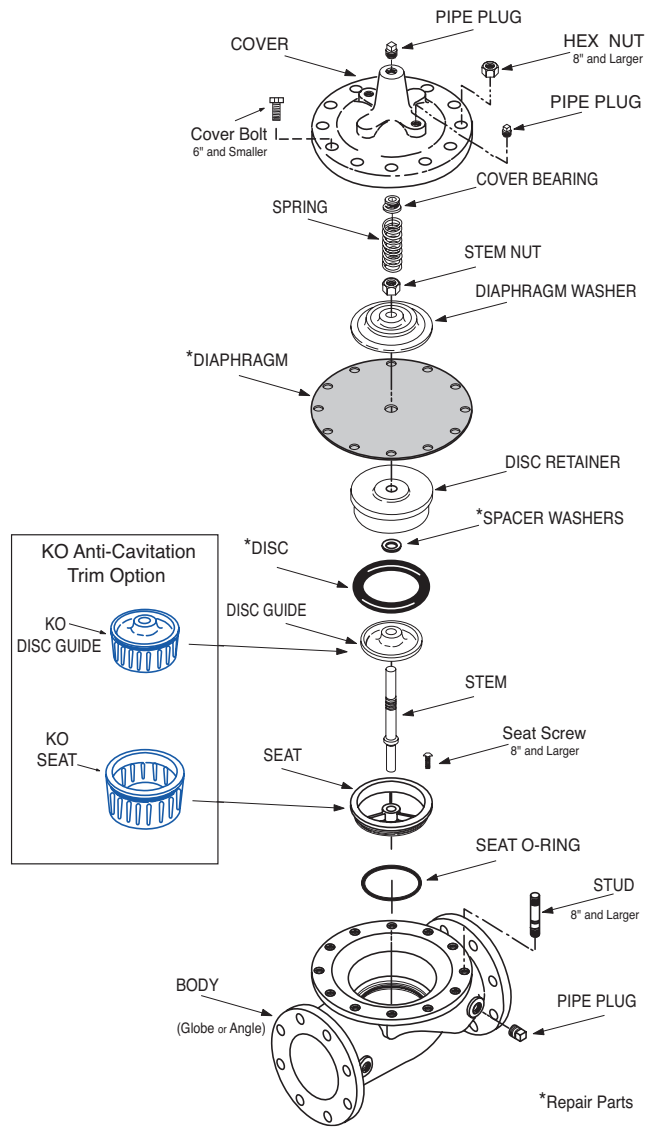
(2) Clean all threads and apply anti-seize prior to reassembly of threaded fasteners. Torque values are based on standard SST material.

(3) Only stem nuts supplied by CLA-VAL shall be used.





- Follow this procedure when reassembling Main Valve:
- Tightens bolts/nuts in a "Star" or "Cross-Over" pattern following the numbers shown above to insure that cover seats evenly on the diaphragm material and body.
  - Torque the bolt/nuts in three stages with a "Star" or "Cross-Over" pattern for each stage:
    - To approximately 10% of final torque.
    - To approximately 75% of final torque.
    - To final required torque.
  - Valves that are to be tested to 375 PSI or higher should be re-torqued after 24 hours.





— MODEL — **100-20**  
(Reduced Internal Port)

# 600 Series Hytrol Valve

## SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE OF 600 SERIES VALVES

The 600 series main valves have only one part -the body- that is different from standard 100 Series Cla-Val main valve parts. The remaining parts of the 600 series main valve are standard Cla-Val main valve parts. All service and maintenance information for the standard 100 Series main valves in this manual also apply to the 600 series main valves.

The most important thing to remember when ordering main valve repair kits and replacement parts, except for the body, all other parts are going to be for a smaller size main valve. Cla-Val identifies main valve parts with the flange size of the standard 100 Series main valve. Refer to the "Main Valve Sizes Comparison" chart. For example, if you are servicing a 6" 100-20 Hytrol and needed a repair kit, you would order a repair kit for a 4" 100-01 Hytrol. This kit is also suitable for a 6" 100-20 Hytrol. Complete Technical Manuals include a repair kit data sheet N-RK that shows this relationship.

When you order repair parts, it is a good idea to include valve nameplate data (size, catalog number, and part number) and description of the parts desired. Do this to be sure parts will fit the valve you are working on and not be too big for it. Pilot controls and repair kits maintenance information remain the same for 100 or 600 Series valves.

## UNDERSTANDING THE 600 SERIES VALVES

In 1987, Cla-Val introduced the Model 100-20 Hytrol as the basic main valve for the 600 Series of automatic control valves. To identify all new valves using the 100-20 Hytrol, an existing catalog number is modified. Making a 600 Series catalog number is simply done by using a "6" in front of the two digit catalog numbers or replacing the "2" with a "6" in three digit catalog numbers. Current schematics reflect both catalog numbers together separated by a slash ( i.e. - 90-01/690-01, 58-02/658-02, 210-01/610-01, etc). Since these two valves 'share' the same catalog number and schematic, they provide the same function in a system. The only difference between the two valves is the relative capacity of the two main valve series.

The 100-01 Hytrol is the basic main valve for Cla-Val automatic control valves. This valve is the current version of the Clayton Hytrol valve design originated in 1936. The 100-01 Hytrol is designed as a full flow area valve. This means that the inlet, seat and outlet openings are the same size. Thus, the pressure drop is kept to a minimum for this globe style design.

The 100-20 Hytrol valve has all of the basic features and advantages of the original 100-01 Hytrol. Only one part has been changed - the body. It is designed with different size inlet, seat and outlet openings. The 100-20 Hytrol has inlet and outlet flanges one valve size larger than the seat opening size. This results in what is sometimes called a 'reduced port' main valve. For example, a 4" 100-20 valve has a 3" seat. Note: valve size is always determined by the flange size. The following chart compares the 100-01 and the 100-20 main valves.

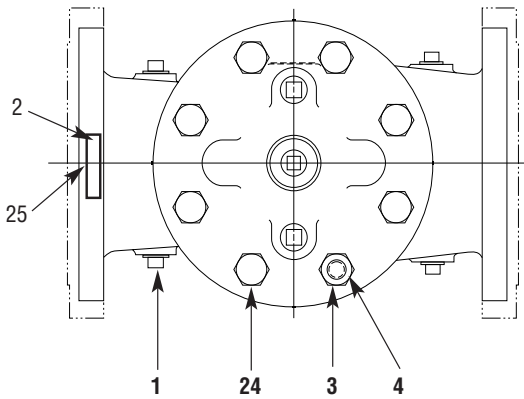
Basic Main Valve Size Comparison		
Globe Pattern Valves		
Flange Size (inch)	Seat Size	
	100-01 (100 Series)	100-20 (600 Series)
3	3	2
4	4	3
6	6	4
8	8	6
10	10	8
12	12	10
14	14	----
16	16	12
18	----	16
20	20	16
24	24	16
30	30	24
36	36	30
42	----	36
48	----	36
Angle Pattern Valves		
Flange Size (inch)	Seat Size	
	100-01 (100 Series)	100-20 (600 Series)
4	4	3
6	6	4
8	8	6

The 100-20 Hytrol is available only in ductile iron, 150 and 300 pressure class, and Bronze trim standard. Available extra cost main valve options include stainless steel trim, epoxy coating, Dura-Kleen stem, Delrin sleeved stem, and high temperature rubber parts. All four basic main valves have a 600 Series version available with all of the same benefits and size relationships. The following chart shows the relationship of Cla-Val main valve catalog numbers.

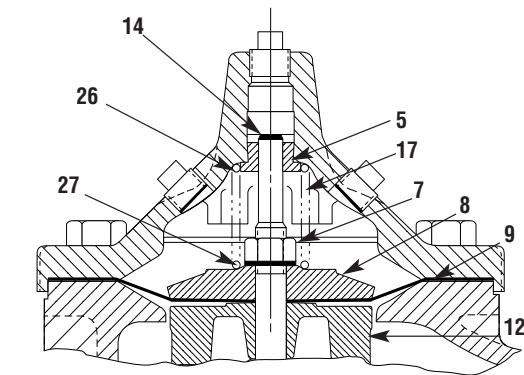
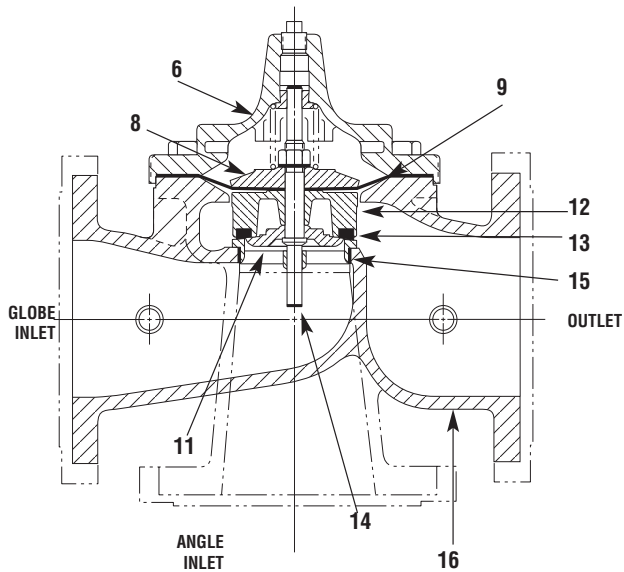
### Cla-Val Main Valves

Catalog Name	Catalog Number		
	Circa 1936	100-Series	600 Series
Hytrol	100 (Angle =2100)	100-01	100-20
Powertrol	100P & 100PA	100-02	100-21
Powercheck	100PC & 100PCA	100-03	100-22
Hycheck	181	100-04	100-23

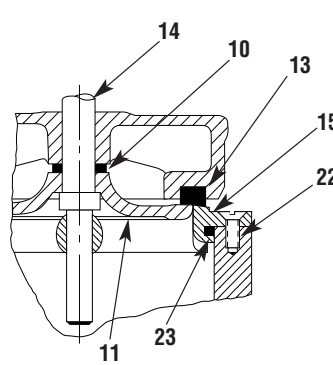
100-20



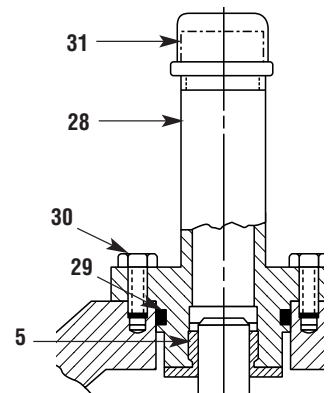
TOP VIEW



3" - 6" COVER DETAIL



10" - 24" SEAT DETAIL



20" - 24" COVER DETAIL

PARTS LIST

NO. DESCRIPTION

- 1 Pipe Plug
- 2 Drive Screws (for nameplate)
- 3 Hex Nut (8" and larger)
- 4 Stud (8" and larger)
- 5 Cover Bearing
- 6 Cover
- 7 Stem Nut
- 8 Diaphragm Washer
- 9 Diaphragm
- 10 Spacer Washers
- 11 Disc Guide
- 12 Disc Retainer
- 13 Disc
- 14 Stem
- 15 Seat
- 16 Body
- 17 Spring
- 22 Flat Head Screws (10" and larger)
- 23 Seat O-Ring
- 24 Hex Bolt (3" Thru 6")
- 25 Nameplate (Mounted on inlet flange)
- 26 Upper Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)
- 27 Lower Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)
- 28 Cover Bearing Housing (20" & 24" & 30")
- 29 Cover Bearing Housing O-Ring (20" & 24" & 30")
- 30 Hex Bolt (20" & 24")
- 31 Pipe Cap (20" & 24" & 30")

WHEN ORDERING PARTS, BE SURE TO GIVE COMPLETE NAMEPLATE DATA, ITEM NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.



# Model CDH2

## PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL CONTROL

### DESCRIPTION

The Pressure Differential Control is of the hydraulic balance type, and operates on a low pressure differential of a 3 to 6 inch head of water. When used in conjunction with a Cla-Val Valve it will maintain accurate control of liquid level in elevated tanks and reservoirs. There are two operating chambers separated and sealed from each other by a diaphragm, (17). Differential pressure across this diaphragm imparts linear motion to the stem (21). This linear motion is converted to a rotary motion by the lever arm (23). The disc assembly (9) is rotated and, in turn, operates the auxiliary valving on the main valve. The stem (21) extends into a housed transparent tube, and indicates the control position.

### OPERATION

(Refer to Cla-Val Parts Price List--CDH2)

Stem 21, actuated by differential pressure, rotates the pilot stem by means of a lever arm and ball (23), located between two plates (19). Rotary motion is 60o maximum, and the pilot disc (9) turns through a universal joint contact with the pilot stem (27). Porting arrangement of the rotary disc (9), and distributor (7) is a universal type, for 3-Way, 4-Way, or other operations. 4-Way operations is illustrated on the stack-up drawing. 3.Way operation can be obtained by installing a NPT pipe plug in port 1, or port 2. Refer to operating sequence chart for resulting flow patterns.

### INSTALLATION

1. Mount the control with the indicator housing up.
2. All lines must be clean.
3. Connections to the pressure differential port sensing lines (3/8" NPT) must be drip-tight.
4. Slope the sensing lines and avoid high points where air can be trapped.
5. Purge control lines. Vent at high points.  
There are no adjustments on the Cla-Val CDH2.

### DISASSEMBLY

Parts should be marked as disassembled, as it is essential all parts be replaced in the same position. Particularly note the position of lever arm (23) with respect to driver (28) on stem (27).

### REASSEMBLY

In general, reassembly is the reverse of disassembly, however, the following important steps should be observed:

1. **Insert stem** (27), with "O" Ring (26) and washers (24) and (25) installed into housing (29). Install lever arm (23) on stem inside housing (29). Push stem (27) in until it bottoms. Screw pin (22) into lever arm (23) and through hole in stem (27). Secure pin tightly with a narrow bladed screw-driver. There must be no evidence of backlash. Note: Pin lever arm on shaft as illustrated on exploded view. Ball on lever arm must be aligned on the same plane between dogs (high points) of driver (28) on stem (27).

### 2. Distributor & Disc Assembly:

1. Lubricate lapped surface of disc assembly (9) with a good grade of waterproof grease (Mobilux No.2 or equal). Keep parts clean.
2. Place small amount of grease in depression inside cup of disc (9). Place spring (11) in this grease and depression.
3. Place disc assembly on distributor (7). Press lapped surfaces firmly together. If there is evidence of grit between lapped surfaces the parts should be re-cleaned and lubrication procedure repeated
4. Align distributor ports with housing (29) as illustrated on PPL-CDH2.
5. Windows (notches) on disc (9) must align with dogs of driver (28) on stem (27) as distributor and housing are brought together.
6. Fasten distributor with screws (6).

### 3. Diaphragm, Stem and Washers:

### INSPECTION

Inspect all parts for damage, or evidence of cross-threading. Check diaphragm for tears, abrasion, or other damage. Check all metal parts for damage, corrosion, erosion, excessive wear.

### REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

Minor nicks and scratches may be polished out using fine emery or crocus cloth, with the exception of disc (9) and distributor (7). These parts should be returned to the factory for re-lapping, using recommended spares for replacement. This is necessary if the lapped surfaces show damage in the form of score marks or scratches. Field re-lapping can be accomplished by using a clean, fine grain, Arkansas oilstone, or equal. Hold the surface of the part to be re-lapped firmly against the oilstone to prevent tipping. Use a figure 8 motion in re-lapping. When the damaged surface is free of all score marks, nicks and scratches, clean thoroughly in solvent, alcohol, or carbon tetrachloride. Replace all damaged parts. Use inspections outlined above for a guide.

When ordering replacement parts, be sure to specify catalog number, and all nameplate data.

N-00H2 (RI) PATENTS Issued AND/OR

1. See sectional view for proper stack up.
  2. Tighten jam nut (15). Protect stem (21) from marring while tightening nut by holding in brass or copper lined vise jaws.
- ### 4. Housing, Cover and Diaphragm Assembly:
1. Insert diaphragm assembly into housing (29).
  2. Lever arm ball (23) must be located between two drive washers as stem enters top bearing.
  3. Install cover on housing and fasten with cap screws (12). Check



movement of diaphragm assembly in housing cover. Position the stem (21) horizontally. Tilt the unit 30° each way from horizon until along the axis of the stem. The diaphragm assembly should move freely back and forth. To check flow pattern through the control, install pressure gages on ports 1 and 2, "D" port open to atmosphere. Apply operating pressure to supply port marked "S". Operating sequence indicated by position of diaphragm. Refer to Cla-Val Parts Price List CDH2.

**Port Number**

Position	1	2
Down D	S	D=Interconnected to drain
UpS	D	S=Operating Supply Pressure

**REASSEMBLY**

Reassembly is the reverse of disassembly. Caution must be taken to avoid having the yoke (25) drag on the inlet nozzle of the body (26). Follow this procedure:

1. Place yoke assembly (25) in body (26) and crew the disc retainer assembly (18) in until it bottoms.
2. Install gasket (17) onto plug (16) and screw into body (23). Disc retainer must enter guide hole in the plug as it is assembled. Screw the plug in by hand. Use wrench to tighten only.
3. Place gasket (24) and powerrol body (23) onto body (26). Locate high pressure port properly with respect to body ports in (26).
4. Temporarily install one screw (12) to hold partially assembled unit next steps are completed.
5. Place lower diaphragm washer (22), diaphragm (21) and diaphragm washer (20) on yoke extension (25). Screw on diaphragm nut (19).

**NOTE:** Be sure the rounded edge on the periphery of washers (22) and (20) are next to the diaphragm, to prevent excessive diaphragm wear.

6. Hold the diaphragm so that screw holes in the diaphragm and powerrol body (23) align. Tighten diaphragm nut (19) with a wrench. At the final tightening release the diaphragm and permit it to rotate approximately 5° to 10°. The diaphragm holes should now be properly aligned with the body holes, so the yoke (25) will not contact the nozzle in the body (26). To check for proper alignment proceed as follows: Rotate diaphragm clockwise and counter-clockwise as far as possible. Diaphragm screw holes should rotate equal distance on either side of powerrol body screw holes, 1/8".
7. Remove screw installed as instructed in step 4 above.
8. Install spring (15) with spring guide (14) on top of spring.
9. Install cover (13) with screws (12), then spring adjustment assembly.

**TEST PROCEDURE**

Before assembling onto the Hytrol Valve, remove tube fitting from body plug (16) and make sure control stem moves freely; push disc retainer (18) in with a screwdriver. With a light spring (15) compression, somewhere near the minimum setting, the stem should return out when screwdriver pressure is removed.

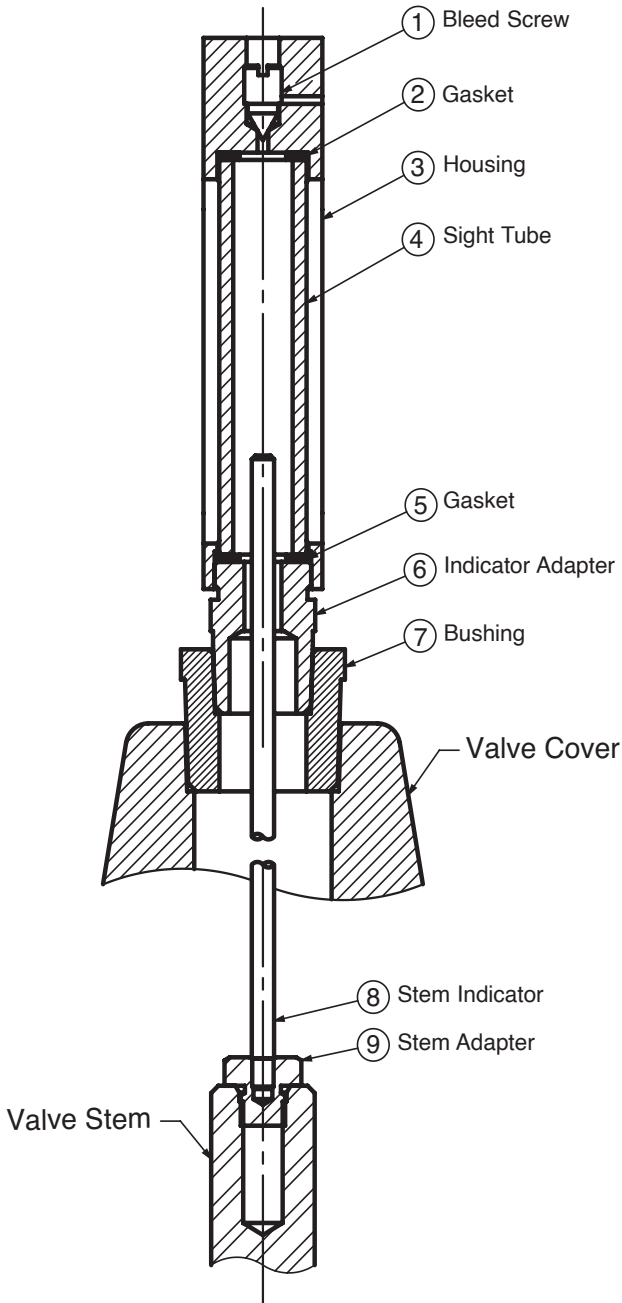




# Model X101D

## VALVE POSITION INDICATOR

PARTS LIST



Item No.	Description	Material
1	Bleed Screw	Stainless Steel
2	Gasket	Buna-N®
3	Housing	Stainless Steel
4	Sight Tube	Pyrex
5	Gasket	Buna-N®
6	Indicator Adapter	Stainless Steel
7	Bushing	Stainless Steel
8	Stem Indicator	Stainless Steel
9	Stem Adapter	Stainless Steel

### When Ordering, Please Specify

1. All Nameplate data
2. Item Number
3. Description
4. Material





# Model X46

## PRESSURE REDUCING CONTROL

- Self Scrubbing Cleaning Action
- Straight Type or Angle Type

The Cla-Val Model X46 Strainer is designed to prevent passage of foreign particles larger than 0.015". It is especially effective against such contaminant as algae, mud, scale, wood pulp, moss, and root fibers. There is a model for every Cla-Val valve.

The X46 Flow Clean strainer operates on a velocity principle utilizing the circular "air foil" section to make it self cleaning. Impingement of particles is on the "leading edge" only. The low pressure area on the downstream side of the screen prevents foreign particles from clogging the screen. There is also a scouring action, due to eddy currents, which keeps most of the screen area clean.

### INSTALLATION

The strainer is designed for use in conjunction with a Cla-Val Main Valve, but can be installed in any piping system where there is a moving fluid stream to keep it clean. When it is used with the Cla-Val Valve, it is threaded into the upstream body port provided for it on the side of the valve. It projects through the side of the Main Valve into the flow stream. All liquid shunted to the pilot control system and to the cover chamber of the Main Valve passes through the Model X46 Flow Clean Strainer.

### INSPECTION

Inspect internal and external threads for damage or evidence of cross-threading. Check inner and outer screens for clogging, embedded foreign particles, breaks, cracks, corrosion, fatigue, and other signs of damage.

### DISASSEMBLY

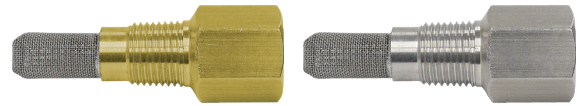
Do not attempt to remove the screens from the strainer housing.

### CLEANING

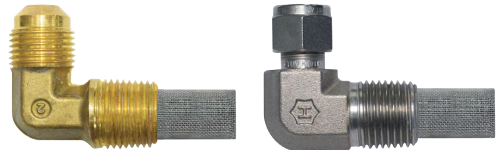
After inspection, cleaning of the Model X46 can begin. Water service usually will produce mineral or lime deposits on metal parts in contact with water. These deposits can be cleaned by dipping Model X46 in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for deposit to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits.

**CAUTION: use extreme care when handling acid.** If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water. Rinse parts in water before handling. An appropriate solvent can clean parts used in fueling service. Dry with compressed air or a clean, lint-free cloth.

Protect from damage and dust until reassembled.



Model X46A Straight



Model X46B Angle

### REPLACEMENT

If there is any sign of damage, or if there is the slightest doubt that the Model X46 Flow Clean Strainer may not afford completely satisfactory operation, replace it. Use Inspection steps as a guide. Neither inner screen, outer screen, nor housing is furnished as a replacement part. Replace Model X46 Flow Clean Strainer as a complete unit.

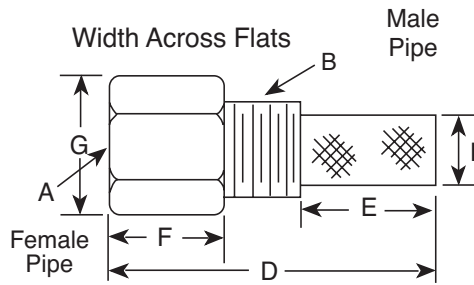
When ordering replacement Flow-Clean Strainers, it is important to determine pipe size of the tapped hole into which the strainer will be inserted (refer to column A or F), and the size of the external connection (refer to column B or G).



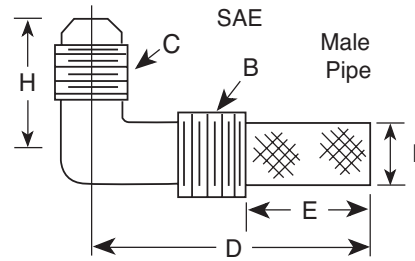
## Dimensions (in Inches)

X46 Straight Type A (In Inches)						
A (NPT)	C (NPT)	D	E	F	G	I
1/8	1/8	1-3/4	3/4	1/2	1/2	1/4
1/4	1/4	2-1/4	1	3/4	3/4	3/8
3/8	3/8	2-1/2	1	7/8	7/8	1/2
3/8	1/2	2-1/2	1-1/4	1/2	7/8	3/4
1/2	1/2	3	1-1/4	1	1-1/8	3/4
3/8	3/4	3-3/8	2	1/2	1	7/8
3/4	3/4	4	2	1	1-1/2	7/8
3/8	1	4-1/4	2-3/4	1/2	1-3/8	7/8
1	1	4-1/2	2-3/4	1-1/4	1-3/4	7/8
1/2	1	4-1/4	2-3/4	1/2	1-3/8	7/8

X46 Angle Type B (In Inches)					
B (NPT)	C (SAE)	D	E	H	I
1/8	1/4	1-3/8	5/8	7/8	1/4
1/4	1/4	1-3/4	3/4	1	3/8
3/8	1/4	2	7/8	1	1/2
3/8	3/8	1-7/8	7/8	1	1/2
1/2	3/8	2-3/8	1	1-1/4	5/8



Model X46A



Model X46B

## When Ordering, Please Specify

1. Catalog number X46
2. Straight or Angel Type
3. Size inserted into and size connection
4. Materials



AK	07-10-08	AK	08-14-08	PC	10-1-2008			
	<b>CLA-VAL CO.</b> NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA		CATALOG NO.		DRAWING NO. <b>67783</b>	REV <b>BD</b>		
	TYPE OF VALVE AND MAIN FEATURES  <b>CK2 COCK/BALL VALVE</b>					DESIGN DRAWN MGR 4-02-80 CHK'D KD 4-03-80 APV'D CH 4-07-80		
SCALE: NONE								
CLA-VAL PART NO. AND MATERIAL								
BRONZE WITH HANDLE	STEEL WITH HANDLE	IRON WITH HANDLE	316 SST WITH HANDLE	316 SST W/ LOCKING HANDLE	BRONZE WITH HANDLE	MONEL WITH HANDLE	MONEL W/ LOCKING HANDLE	SIZE "NPT"
67783-01K*	-09C	-17F	-25J SUPSD BY-26G		-41F SUPSD BY-01K			1/8"
-02H	-10A	-18D	-26G	-51E SUPSD BY-26G -52C	-42D SUPSD BY-02H	-55F		1/4"
-03F * -59H***	-11J	-19B	-27E	-46E SUPSD BY-27E -53A	-45G -57B**	-48A SUPSD BY-49J	-63K	3/8"
-04D -60F***	-12G	-20K	-28C	-54J	-43B SUPSD BY-04D	-49J	-62B	1/2"
-05A -61D***	-13E	-21H	-29A	-64H	-44K SUPSD BY-05A	-56D		3/4"
-06J	-14C	-22F	-30J			-58K		1"
-07G	-15K	-23D	-31G					1 1/4"
-08E	-16H	-24B	-32E					1 1/2"
-50G			-47C					2"
* SEE ENGINEERING APPROVED VENDORS TABLE (SHEET 2 OF 2). ** HAMMOND VALVE 8501 ONLY. *** WILKINS CK2 (SEE SHEET 2 OF 2)								

"THIS DRAWING IS THE PROPERTY OF CLA-VAL CO. AND SAME AND COPIES MADE THEREOF, IF ANY, SHALL BE RETURNED TO IT UPON DEMAND. DELIVERY AND DISCLOSURE HEREOF ARE SOLELY UPON CONDITION THAT THE SAME SHALL NOT BE USED, COPIED OR REPRODUCED, NOR SHALL THE SUBJECT HEREOF BE DISCLOSED IN ANY MANNER TO ANYONE FOR ANY PURPOSE, EXCEPT AS HEREIN AUTHORIZED, WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL OF CLA-VAL CO. THIS DRAWING IS SUBMITTED CONFIDENTIALLY AND MAY NOT BE USED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF ANY MATERIAL OR PRODUCT OTHER THAN SUCH MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS FURNISHED TO CLA-VAL CO. WHETHER OR NOT THE EQUIPMENT OR INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON IS PATENTED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED, FULL TITLE AND COPYRIGHTS, IF ANY, IN AND TO THIS DRAWING AND/OR INFORMATION DELIVERED OR SUBMITTED ARE FULLY RESERVED CLA-VAL CO."



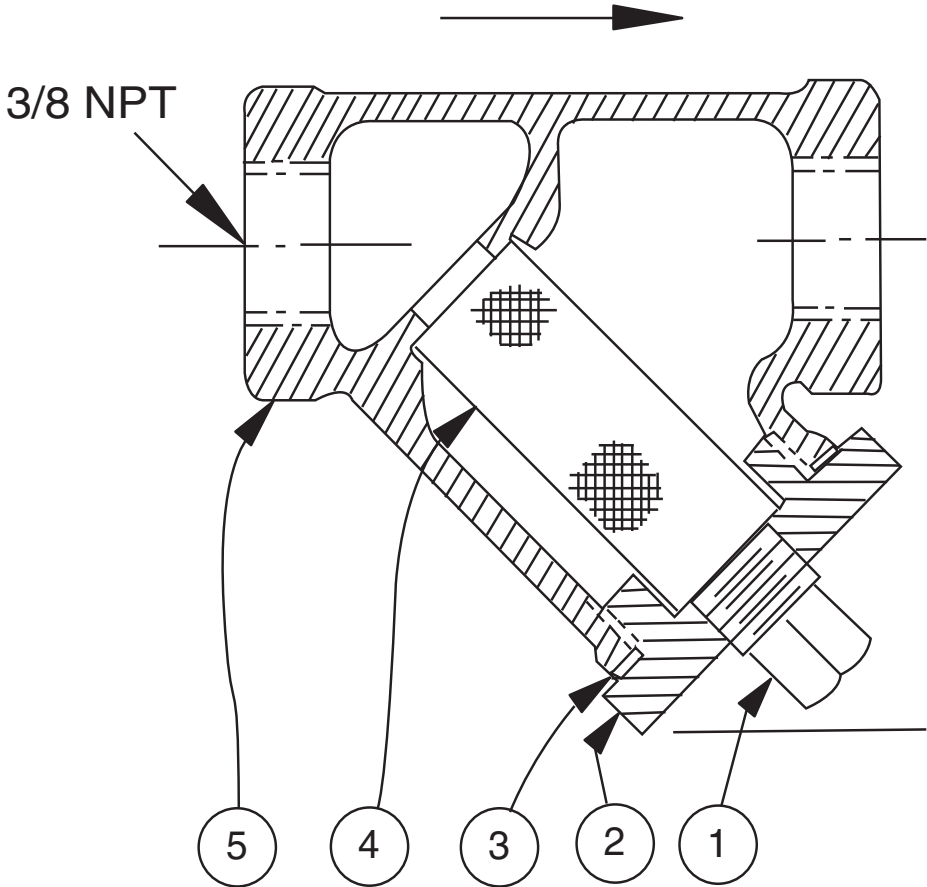
# X43 Strainer

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1	Pipe Plug	Stainless Steel
2	Strainer Plug	Stainless Steel
3	Gasket	Fiber
4	Screen	Stainless Steel
5	Body	Stainless Steel

No parts available. Replacement assembly only.

Standard 60 mesh pilot system strainer for fluid service.

Size	Stock Number
3/8 x 3/8	8850604D





# Cla-Val Product ID

## HOW TO ORDER

### PROPER IDENTIFICATION

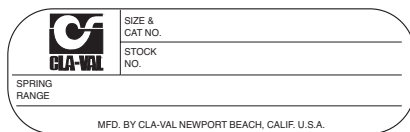
For ordering repair kits, replacement parts, or for inquiries concerning valve operation, it is important to properly identify Cla-Val products already in service by including all nameplate data with your inquiry. Pertinent product data includes valve function, size, material, pressure rating, end details, type of pilot controls used and control adjustment ranges.

### IDENTIFICATION PLATES

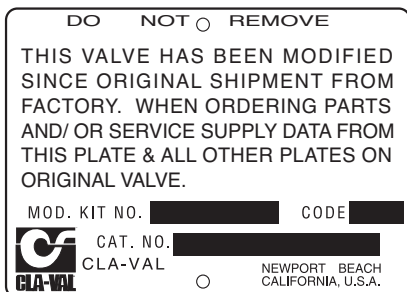
For product identification, cast-in body markings are supplemented by identification plates as illustrated on this page. The plates, depending on type and size of product, are mounted in the most practical position. **It is extremely important that these identification plates are not painted over, removed, or in any other way rendered illegible.**



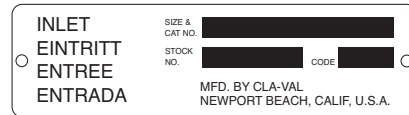
This brass plate appears on altitude valves only and is found on top of the outlet flange.



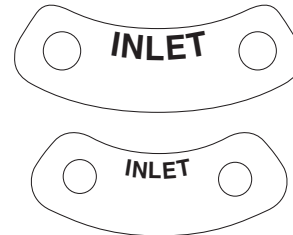
This tag is affixed to the cover of the pilot control valve. The adjustment range appears in the spring range section.



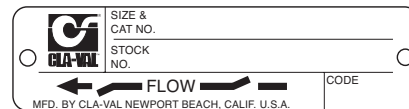
This aluminum plate is included in pilot system modification kits and is to be wired to the new pilot control system after installation.



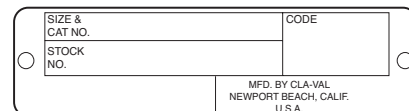
This brass plate appears on valves sized 2 1/2" and larger and is located on the top of the inlet flange.



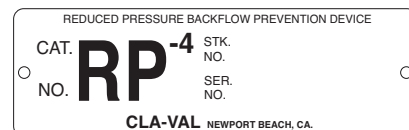
These two brass plates appear on 3/8", 1/2", and 3/4" size valves and are located on the valve cover.



These two brass plates appear on threaded valves 1" through 3" size or flanged valves 1" through 2". It is located on only one side of the valve body.



This brass plate is used to identify pilot control valves. The adjustment range is stamped into the plate.



This brass plate is used on our backflow prevention assemblies. It is located on the side of the Number Two check (2" through 10"). The serial number of the assembly is also stamped on the top of the inlet flange of the Number One check.

### How to Order

Because of the vast number of possible configurations and combinations available, many valves and controls are not shown in published product and price lists. For ordering information, price and availability on product that are not listed, please contact your local Cla-Val office or our factory office located at:

P. O. Box 1325  
Newport Beach, California 92659-0325  
(949) 722-4800  
FAX (949) 548-5441



## When Ordering, Please Specify

- |                           |                                      |                        |                            |                      |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Model Number           | 3. Adjustment range (as application) | 4. Valve Size          | 6. Body and Trim Materials | 7. Optional Features |
| 2. Globe or Angle Pattern |                                      | 5. Threaded or Flanged |                            | 8. Pressure Class    |

## Unless Otherwise Specified

- Globe or angle pattern are the same price
- Ductile iron body and bronze trim are standard
- X46 Flow Clean Strainer or X43 "Y" Strainer are included
- CK2 Isolation Valves are included in price on 4" and larger valve sizes (6" and larger on 600 Series)

## Limited Warranty

Automatic valves and controls as manufactured by Cla-Val are warranted for three years from date of shipment against manufacturing defects in material and workmanship that develop in the service for which they are designed, provided the products are installed and used in accordance with all applicable instructions and limitations issued by Cla-Val. Electronic components manufactured by Cla-Val are warranted for one year from the date of shipment.

We will repair or replace defective material, free of charge, that is returned to our factory, transportation charges prepaid, if upon inspection, the material is found to have been defective at time of

original shipment. This warranty is expressly conditioned on the purchaser's providing written notification to Cla-Val immediate upon discovery of the defect.

Components used by Cla-Val but manufactured by others, are warranted only to the extent of that manufacturer's guarantee.

This warranty shall not apply if the product has been altered or repaired by others, Cla-Val shall make no allowance or credit for such repairs or alterations unless authorized in writing by Cla-Val.

## Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability

The foregoing warranty is exclusive and in lieu of all other warranties and representations, whether expressed, implied, oral or written, including but not limited to any implied warranties or merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. All such other warranties and representations are hereby canceled.

Cla-Val shall not be liable for any incidental or consequential loss, damage or expense arising directly or indirectly from the use of the

product. Cla-Val shall not be liable for any damages or charges for labor or expense in making repairs or adjustments to the product. Cla-Val shall not be liable for any damages or charges sustained in the adaptation or use of its engineering data and services. No representative of Cla-Val may change any of the foregoing or assume any additional liability or responsibility in connection with the product. The liability of Cla-Val is limited to material replacements F.O.B. Newport Beach, California.

## Terms of Sale

### ACCEPTANCE OF ORDERS

All orders are subject to acceptance by our main office at Newport Beach, California.

### CREDIT TERMS

Credit terms are net thirty (30) days from date of invoice.

### PURCHASE ORDER FORMS

Orders submitted on customer's own purchase order forms will be accepted only with the express understanding that no statements, clauses, or conditions contained in said order form will be binding on the Seller if they in any way modify the Seller's own terms and conditions of sales.

### PRODUCT CHANGES

The right is reserved to make changes in pattern, design or materials when deemed necessary, without prior notice.

### PRICES

All prices are F.O.B. Newport Beach, California unless expressly stated otherwise on our acknowledgment of the order. Prices are subject to change without notice. The prices at which any order is accepted are subject to adjustment to the Seller's price in effect at the time of shipment. Prices do not include sales, excise, municipal, state or any other Government taxes. Minimum order charge \$100.00.

### RESPONSIBILITY

We will not be responsible for delays resulting from strikes, accidents, negligence of carriers, or other causes beyond our control. Also, we will not be liable for any unauthorized product alterations or charges accruing there from.

### RISK

All goods are shipped at the risk of the purchaser after they have been delivered by us to the carrier. Claims for error, shortages, etc., must be made upon receipt of goods.

### EXPORT SHIPMENTS

Export shipments are subject to an additional charge for export packing.

### RETURNED GOODS

1. Customers must obtain written approval from Cla-Val prior to returning any material.
2. Cla-Val reserves the right to refuse the return of any products.
3. Products more than six (6) months old cannot be returned for credit.
4. Specially produced, non-standard models cannot be returned for credit.
5. Rubber goods such as diaphragms, discs, o-rings, etc., cannot be returned for credit, unless as part of an unopened vacuum sealed repair kit which is less than six months old.
6. Goods authorized for return are subject to a 35% (\$100 minimum) restocking charge and a service charge for inspection, reconditioning, replacement of rubber parts, retesting, repainting and repackaging as required.
7. Authorized returned goods must be packaged and shipped prepaid to Cla-Val, 1701 Placentia Avenue, Costa Mesa, California 92627.





# Model Repair Kits

## Model 100-01 Hytrol Main Valve

BUNA-N MATERIAL				
	RUBBER KIT STOCK #	REPAIR KIT STOCK #	REBUILD ASSEMBLY STOCK #	STUD & NUT KIT STOCK #
3/8"	9169801K		21176614B	21176633J
1/2"	9169802H	21176602F	21176615A	21176634H
3/4"	9169802H	21176602F	21176615A	21176634H
1" Non-Guided	9169803F	21176601G	21176616K	21176636F
1"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F
1 1/4"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F
1 1/2"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F
2"	9169805A	21176608K	21176618H	21176637E
2 1/2"	9169811J	21176609J	21176619G	21176638D
3"	9169812G	21176604D	21176620D	21176639C
4"	9169813E	21176605C	21176621C	21176640K
6"	9169815K	21176606B	21176622B	21176641J
8"	9817901D	21176607A	21176623A	21176642H
10"	9817902B	21176610F	21176654C	21176643G
12"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F
14"	9817904H	21176612D	21176626H	21176645E
16"	9817905E	21176613C	21176627G	21176645E

## Model 100-20 Hytrol Main Valve

BUNA-N MATERIAL				
	RUBBER KIT STOCK #	REPAIR KIT STOCK #	REBUILD ASSEMBLY STOCK #	STUD & NUT KIT STOCK #
3"	9169805A	21176608K	21176618H	21176637E
4"	9169812G	21176604D	21176620D	21176639C
6"	9169813E	21176605C	21176621C	21176640K
8"	9169815K	21176606B	21176622B	21176641J
10"	9817901D	21176607A	21176623A	21176642H
12"	9817902B	21176610F	21176624K	21176643G
14"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F
16"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F

## Model 100-30 Hytrol Main Valve

BUNA-N MATERIAL		
	RUBBER KIT STOCK #	REBUILD ASSEMBLY STOCK #
2 1/2"	21112704H	21235401C
3"	21112702K	21235402B
4"	21112703J	21235403A
6"	27496886J	21235404K
8"	21112701A	21235405J
10"	CF	21235406H

- Rubber Kit Includes:** Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers. **Model 100-30 also includes:** Stem O-Ring, Seal, Bearing O-Ring.
- Repair Kit Includes:** Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers, Epoxy Coated Disc Retainer, Epoxy Coated Diaphragm Washer, Protective Washer
- Rebuild Assembly Includes:** Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers, Epoxy Coated Disc Retainer, Epoxy Coated Diaphragm Washer, Protective Washer, Stainless Steel Bolts & Washers (6" & Below), Stainless Steel Studs, Nuts, & Washers (8" & Above), Stem, Stem Nut, Disc Guide, Standard Cover Spring, Cover Washer. **Model 100-30 also includes:** Upper and Lower Stem and Stem Nut, Stem O-Ring, Seal, Lower Spring, PU Bearing, Bearing O-Ring, Bearing Retainer Ring.
- Stud & Nut Kit Includes:** Stainless Steel Bolts & Washers (6" & Below), Stainless Steel Studs, Nuts, & Washers (8" & Above)



**Repair Kits for 100-02/100-21 Powertrol and 100-03/100-22 Powercheck Main Valves**

**For:** Powertrol and Powercheck Main Valves—150 Pressure Class Only

**Includes:** Diaphragm, Disc (or Disc Assembly) and O-rings and full set of spare Spacer Washers.

Valve Size	Kit Stock Number		Valve Size	Kit Stock Number	
	100-02			100-02 & 100-03	100-21 & 100-22
3/8"	9169901H		2 1/2"	9169910J	N/A
1/2" & 3/4"	9169902F		3"	9169911G	9169905J
1"	9169903D		4"	9169912E	9169911G
1 1/4" & 1 1/2"	9169904B		6"	9169913C	9169912E
2"	9169905J		8"	9169950E	9169913C
			10"	9169939H	9169950E
			12"	9169937B	9169939H

Consult factory for larger sizes

**Repair Kits for 100-04/100-23 Hy-Check Main Valves**

**For:** Hy-Check Main Valves—150 Pressure Class Only

**Includes:** Diaphragm, Disc and O-Rings and full set of spare Spacer Washers.

Valve Size	Kit Stock Number		Valve Size	Kit Stock Number	
	100-04	100-23		100-04	100-23
4"	20210901B	N/A	12"	20210905H	20210904J
6"	20210902A	20210901B	14"	20210906G	N/A
8"	20210903K	20210902A	16"	20210907F	20210905H
10"	20210904J	20210903K	20"	N/A	20210907F
			24"	N/A	20210907F

Consult factory for larger sizes

**Repair Kits for Pilot Control Valves (In Standard Materials Only)**

**Includes:** Diaphragm, Disc (or Disc Assembly), O-Rings, Gaskets or spare Screws as appropriate.

BUNA-N® (Standard Material)				VITON (For KB Controls)	
Pilot Control	Kit Stock Number	Pilot Control	Kit Stock Number	Pilot Control	Kit Stock Number
CDB	9170006C	CFM-7A	1263901K	CDB-KB	9170012A
CDB-30	9170023H	CFM-9	12223E	CRA-KB	N/A
CDB-31	9170024F	CRA (w/bucking spring)	9170001D	CRD-KB (w/bucking spring)	9170008J
CDB-7	9170017K	CRD (w/bucking spring)	9170002B	CRL-KB	9170013J
CDH-2	18225D	CRD (no bucking spring)	9170003K	CDHS-2BKB	9170010E
CDHS-2	44607A	CRD-18	20275401K	CDHS-2FKB	9170011C
CDHS-2B	9170004H	CRD-22	98923G	CDHS-18KB (no bucking spring)	9170009G
CDHS-2F	9170005E	CRL (55F, 55L)	9170007A	102C-KB	1726202D
CDHS-3C-A2	24657K	CRL60/55L-60	9170033G		
CDHS-8A	2666901A	CRL60/55L60 1"	9170042H		
CDHS-18	9170003K	CRL-4A	43413E		
CDS-4	9170014G	CRL-5 (55B)	65755B		
CDS-5	14200A	CRL-5A (55G)	20666E		
CDS-6	20119301A	CRL-18	20309801C		
CDS-6A	20349401C	Universal CRL	9170041K		
CDS-7	20349402B	CV	9170019F		
CDS-7D0	20349403A	X105L (O-ring)	00951E		
CFCM-M1	1222301C	102B-1	1502201F	Buna-N®	
CFM-2	12223E	102C-2	1726201F	CRD Disc Ret. (Solid)	C5256H
CFM-7	1263901K	102C-3	1726201F	CRD Disc Ret. (Spring)	C5255K

**Repair Assemblies (In Standard Materials Only)**

Control	Description	Stock Number
CF1-C1	Pilot Assembly Only	89541H
CF1-CI	Complete Float Control less Ball and Rod	89016A
CFC2-C1	Disc, Distributor and Seals	2674701E
CSM 11-A2-2	Mechanical Parts Assembly	97544B
CSM 11-A2-2	Pilot Assembly Only	18053K
33A 1"	Complete Internal Assembly and Seal	2036030B
33A 2"	Complete Internal Assembly and Seal	2040830J

When ordering, please give complete nameplate data of the valve and/or control being repaired. MINIMUM ORDER CHARGE APPLIES