
CLA-VAL

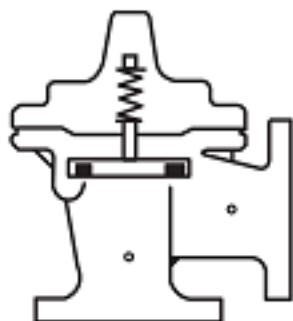
AUTOMATIC CONTROL VALVES

210-09/610-09

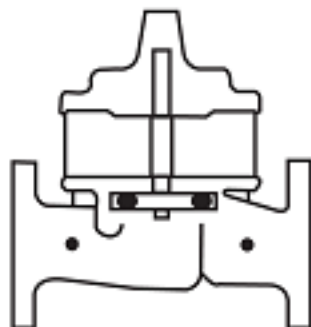
Place this manual with personnel responsible
for maintenance of this valve



Installation



Operation



Maintenance



**CLA-VAL CO.**

NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

CATALOG NO.

210-09/610-09

DRAWING NO.

83020

REV

K

TYPE OF VALVE AND MAIN FEATURES

COMBINATION ALTITUDE AND BACK PRESSURE VALVE

DESIGN

DRAWN DP

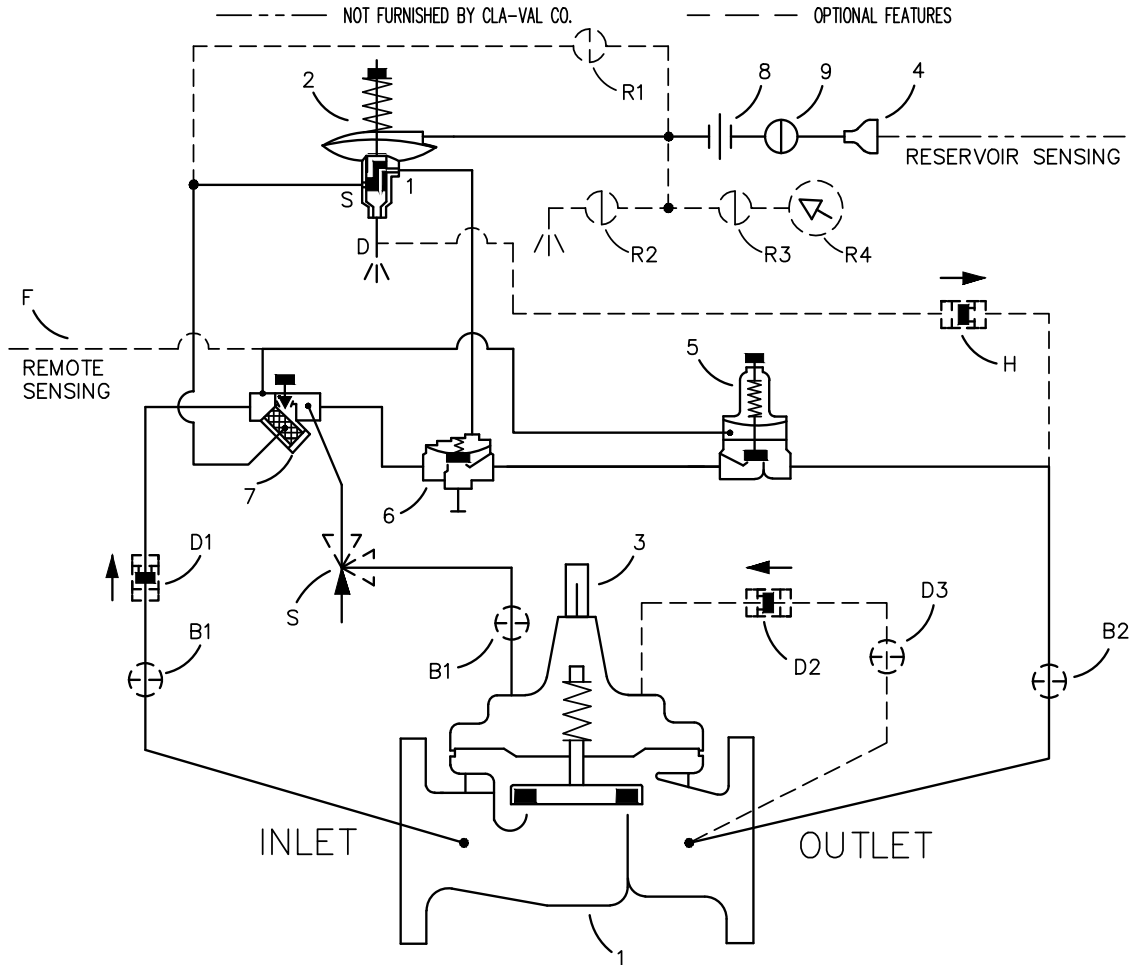
11-09-72

CHK'D MF

11-09-72

APV'D IFW

11-09-72



NOTE: WHEN "D" FEATURE IS ORDERED, THE "H" FEATURE IS REQUIRED

ITEM NO.	BASIC COMPONENTS	QTY
1	100-01 HYTROL (210-09) MAIN VALVE	1
	100-20 HYTROL (610-09) MAIN VALVE	
2	CDS6A ALTITUDE CONTROL	1
3	X101 VALVE POSITION INDICATOR	1
4	BELL REDUCER	1
5	CRL/CRL60 PRESSURE RELIEF CONTROL	1
6	100-01 HYTROL (REVERSE FLOW)	1
7	X42N-3 STRAINER & NEEDLE VALVE	1

8	UNION	1
9	CK2 COCK (ISOLATION VALVE)	1

OPTIONAL FEATURE SUFFIX

ADDED TO CATALOG NUMBER

B	CK2 COCK (ISOLATION VALVES)	3
D	CHECK VALVES WITH COCK	1
F	REMOTE PILOT SENSING (CRL)	
H	CDC CHECK VALVE	1
R	RESERVOIR GAUGE WITH TESTER	1
S	CV FLOW CONTROL (OPENING)	1

CAD REVISION RECORD - DO NOT REVISE MANUALLY

DESCRIPTION

BY

DATE

PC

8-10-2006

G

A-F

SEE REVISION FILE

ADDED "H" FEATURE AS OPTIONAL (ECO 20597)

K

ADDED ITEM 8: UNION; ITEM 9: CK2 WAS OPTIONAL (ECO 25931)

J

MS

EKA

10-15-10

6-14-13

9-30-16

**CLA-VAL CO.**

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OPERATING DATAI. ALTITUDE VALVE FEATURE:

ALTITUDE CONTROL (2) IS A SPRING LOADED, TWO POSITION, DIAPHRAGM ACTUATED CONTROL THAT SENSES PRESSURE IN THE RESERVOIR. WHEN RESERVOIR PRESSURE (LIQUID LEVEL) IS LOWER THAN THE SET POINT OF CONTROL (2), PORTS "1" AND "D" ARE INTERCONNECTED. THIS RELIEVES AUXILIARY HYTROL (6) COVER PRESSURE TO ATMOSPHERE. MAIN VALVE COVER PRESSURE IS CONNECTED TO THE OUTLET AND THE MAIN VALVE OPENS TO FILL THE RESERVOIR. RESERVOIR SENSING PRESSURE INCREASES AS THE LIQUID LEVEL RISES IN THE RESERVOIR. WHEN RESERVOIR PRESSURE INCREASES TO THE SET POINT OF CONTROL (2), CONTROL (2) SHIFTS, INTERCONNECTING PORTS "S" AND "1". THIS PRESSURIZES AUXILIARY HYTROL (6) COVER AND THE MAIN VALVE COVER CLOSING THE MAIN VALVE. ALTITUDE CONTROL (2) ADJUSTMENT: TURN THE SPRING ADJUSTING NUT CLOCKWISE TO INCREASE THE LIQUID LEVEL SHUTOFF POINT, COUNTERCLOCKWISE TO DECREASE THE LIQUID LEVEL SHUTOFF POINT.

II. BACK PRESSURE FEATURE:

PRESSURE RELIEF CONTROL (5) IS A NORMALLY CLOSED AND RESPONDS TO INLET PRESSURE CHANGES. AN INCREASE IN INLET PRESSURE TENDS TO OPEN CONTROL (5) AND A DECREASE IN INLET PRESSURE TENDS TO CLOSE CONTROL (5). THIS CAUSES MAIN VALVE COVER PRESSURE TO VARY AND THE MAIN VALVE MODULATES (OPENS AND CLOSSES), MAINTAINING A RELATIVELY CONSTANT INLET PRESSURE. WHEN INLET PRESSURE IS LOWER THAN THE SET POINT OF CONTROL (5), CONTROL (5) CLOSSES. THIS PRESSURIZES THE COVER OF THE MAIN VALVE AND THE MAIN VALVE CLOSSES, MAINTAINING THE DESIRED BACK PRESSURE. PRESSURE RELIEF CONTROL (5) ADJUSTMENT: TURN THE ADJUSTING SCREW CLOCKWISE TO INCREASE THE SETTING.

III. CLOSING SPEED CONTROL:

NEEDLE VALVE (7) CONTROLS THE CLOSING SPEED OF THE MAIN VALVE. TURN THE ADJUSTING STEM CLOCKWISE TO MAKE THE MAIN VALVE CLOSE SLOWER. DO NOT CLOSE VALVE (7) COMPLETELY OR THE MAIN VALVE WILL NOT CLOSE. (SUGGESTED INITIAL SETTING OF NEEDLE VALVE IS 1/4 TO 1/2 TURN OPEN.)

IV. OPTIONAL FEATURE OPERATING DATA:SUFFIX B (ISOLATION VALVES)

CK2 COCKS (B1) & (B2) ARE USED TO ISOLATE THE PILOT SYSTEM FROM MAIN LINE PRESSURE. THESE VALVES MUST BE OPEN DURING NORMAL OPERATION.

CAD REVISION RECORD - DO NOT REVERSE MANUALLY

DESCRIPTION

DATE

BY

L.T.R.

SEE SHEET 1.

**CLA-VAL CO.**

NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

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210-09/610-09

DRAWING NO.

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OPERATING DATA-CONTINUEDSUFFIX D (CHECK VALVES WITH COCK)

WHEN OUTLET PRESSURE IS HIGHER THAN INLET PRESSURE, CHECK VALVE (D2) OPENS AND (D1) CLOSSES. THIS DIRECTS THE HIGHER OUTLET PRESSURE INTO THE MAIN VALVE COVER AND THE MAIN VALVE CLOSSES.

SUFFIX F (REMOTE PILOT SENSING)

REMOTE SENSING PRESSURE IS OBTAINED FROM A POINT UPSTREAM OF THE MAIN VALVE INLET. [SENSING PRESSURE IS OBTAINED FROM THE MAIN VALVE INLET IF SUFFIX (F) IS NOT SPECIFIED].

SUFFIX H (PILOT DRAIN TO OUTLET)

CDC CHECK VALVE (H) IS USED WHEN PILOT DRAIN TO ATMOSPHERE IS NOT DESIRED. WHEN OUTLET PRESSURE IS HIGHER THAN INLET PRESSURE, CHECK VALVE (H) CLOSSES.

SUFFIX R (RESERVOIR GAUGE WITH TESTER):

TO SET THE RESERVOIR PRESSURE FOR ALTITUDE CONTROL (2), ISOLATE RESERVOIR SENSING LINE. OPEN CK2 COCKS (R1) AND (R3) AND CLOSE CK2 COCK (R2). THIS APPLIES PRESSURE TO ALTITUDE CONTROL (2) SENSING CHAMBER. ADJUST ALTITUDE CONTROL (2) WHEN THE DESIRED PRESSURE HAS BEEN REACHED BY READING PRESSURE GAUGE (R4). CLOSE CK2 COCK (R1) AND OPEN CK2 COCK (R2). THIS RELIEVES EXCESS PRESSURE TO ATMOSPHERE, SETTING THE DESIRED RESERVOIR PRESSURE FOR ALTITUDE CONTROL (2). DURING NORMAL OPERATIONS CK2 COCKS (R1) AND (R2) MUST BE CLOSED.

SUFFIX S (OPENING SPEED CONTROL)

FLOW CONTROL (S) CONTROLS THE OPENING SPEED OF THE MAIN VALVE. TURN THE ADJUSTING STEM CLOCKWISE TO MAKE THE MAIN VALVE OPEN SLOWER.

V. CHECK LIST FOR PROPER OPERATION:

- () SYSTEM VALVES OPEN UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM.
- () AIR REMOVED FROM THE MAIN VALVE COVER AND PILOT SYSTEM AT ALL HIGH POINTS.
- () NEEDLE VALVE (7) OPENS AT LEAST 1/4 TURN.
- () CK2 COCKS (B1), (B2) & (D3) OPEN (OPTIONAL FEATURE).
- () CK2 COCKS (R1) & (R2) CLOSED (OPTIONAL FEATURE).
- () CK2 COCK (9) OPEN DURING NORMAL OPERATION.
- () PERIODIC CLEANING OF STRAINER (7) IS RECOMMENDED.
- () CV FLOW CONTROL (S) OPENS AT LEAST 4 TURNS (OPTIONAL FEATURE).
- () RESERVOIR SENSING LINE PROPERLY CONNECTED.
- () REMOTE SENSING LINE PROPERLY CONNECTED (OPTIONAL FEATURE).

CAD REVISION RECORD - DO NOT REVISE MANUALLY

DESCRIPTION

DATE

BY

LTR

SEE SHEET 1.

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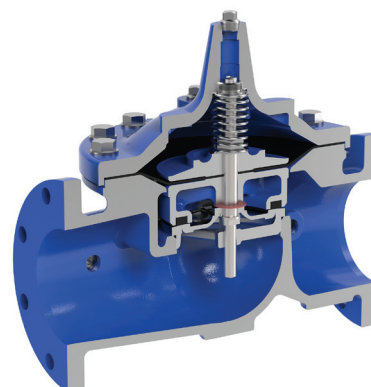


Model 100-01 HYTROL VALVE

INSTALLATION / OPERATION / MAINTENANCE

DESCRIPTION

The Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve is a main valve for Cla-Val Automatic Control Valves. It is a hydraulically operated, diaphragm-actuated, globe or angle pattern valve. This valve consists of three major components; body, diaphragm assembly, and cover. The diaphragm assembly is the only moving part. The diaphragm assembly uses a diaphragm of nylon fabric bonded with synthetic rubber. A synthetic rubber disc, contained on three and one half sides by a disc retainer and disc guide, forms a seal with the valve seat when pressure is applied above the diaphragm. The diaphragm assembly forms a sealed chamber in the upper portion of the valve, separating operating pressure from line pressure.

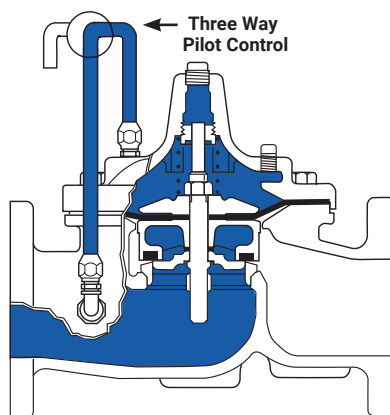


Installation

1. Before valve is installed, pipe lines should be flushed of all chips, scale and foreign matter.
2. It is recommended that either gate or block valves be installed on both ends of the Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve to facilitate isolating the valve for preventive maintenance and repairs.
3. Place the valve in the line with flow through the valve in the direction indicated on the inlet nameplate. (See "Flow Direction" Section) **Note: Valve can be installed in the vertical or horizontal position.**
4. Allow sufficient room around valve to make adjustments and for disassembly.
5. Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valves operate with maximum efficiency when mounted in horizontal piping with the cover UP, however, other positions are acceptable. Due to size and weight of the cover and internal components of 8 inch and larger valves, installation with the cover UP is advisable. This makes internal parts readily accessible for periodic inspection.

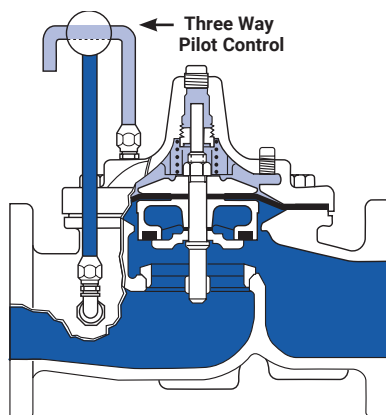
6. Caution must be taken in the installation of this valve to insure that galvanic and/or electrolytic action does not take place. The proper use of dielectric fittings and gaskets are required in all systems using dissimilar metals.
7. If a pilot control system is installed on the Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve, use care to prevent damage. If it is necessary to remove fittings or components, be sure they are kept clean and replaced exactly as they were.
8. After the valve is installed and the system is first pressurized, vent air from the cover chamber and pilot system tubing by loosening fittings at all high points.

Principles of Operation



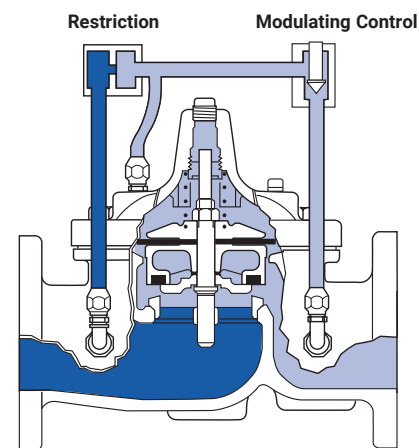
Tight Closing Operation

When pressure from the valve inlet (or an equivalent independent operating pressure) is applied to the diaphragm chamber the valve closes drip-tight.



Full Open Operation

When pressure in diaphragm chamber is relieved to a zone of lower pressure (usually atmosphere) the line pressure (5 psi Min.) at the valve inlet opens the valve.



Modulating Action

Valve modulates when diaphragm pressure is held at an intermediate point between inlet and discharge pressure. With the use of a Cla-Val. "Modulating control," which reacts to line pressure changes, the pressure above the diaphragm is varied, allowing the valve to throttle and compensate for the change.

CLA-VAL™

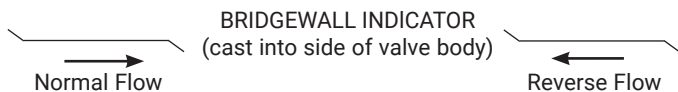
www.cla-val.com | info@cla-val.com

N-100-01 (R-02/2026)

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Flow Direction

The flow through the Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve can be in one of two directions. When flow is "up-and-over the seat," it is in "normal" flow and the valve will fail in the open position. When flow is "over-the seat-and down," it is in "reverse" flow and the valve will fail in the closed position. There are no permanent flow arrow markings. **The valve must be installed according to nameplate data.**



Recommended Tools

1. Three pressure gauges with ranges suitable to the installation to be put at Hytrol inlet, outlet and cover connections.
2. Cla-Val Model X101D Valve Position Indicator. This provides visual indication of valve position without disassembly of valve.
3. Other items are: suitable hand tools such as screwdrivers, wrenches, etc., soft jawed (brass or aluminum) vise, 400 grit wet or dry sandpaper and water for cleaning.

Troubleshooting

The following troubleshooting information deals strictly with the Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve. This assumes that all other components of the pilot control system have been checked out and are in proper working condition. (See appropriate sections in Technical Manual for complete valve).

All trouble shooting is possible without removing the valve from the line or removing the cover. It is highly recommended to permanently install a Model X101D Valve Position Indicator and three gauges in unused Hytrol inlet, outlet and cover connections.

After checking out probable causes and remedies, the following three checks can be used to diagnose the nature of the problem before maintenance is started. They must be done in the order shown.

Service Suggestions		
Symptom	Possible Cause	Solutions
Fails to Close	Closed isolation valves in control system, or in main line.	Open Isolation valves.
	Lack of cover chamber pressure	Check upstream pressure, pilot system, strainer, tubing, valves, or needle valves for obstruction.
	Diaphragm damaged. (See Diaphragm Check.)	Replace diaphragm.
	Diaphragm assembly inoperative. Corrosion or excessive scale build up on valve stem. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Clean and polish stem. Inspect and replace any damaged or badly eroded part.
	Mechanical obstruction. Object lodged in valve. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Remove obstruction.
	Worn disc. (See Tight Sealing Check)	Replace disc.
	Badly scored seat (See Tight Sealing Check)	Replace seat.
Fails to Open	Closed upstream and/or downstream isolation valves in main line.	Open isolation valves.
	Insufficient line pressure.	Check upstream pressure. (Minimum 5 psi flowing line pressure differential.)
	Diaphragm assembly inoperative. Corrosion or excessive buildup on valve stem. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Clean and polish stem. Inspect and replace any damaged or badly eroded part.
	Diaphragm damaged. (For valves in "reverse flow" only)	Replace diaphragm.

Three Checks

The Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve has only one moving part (the diaphragm and disc assembly). So, there are only three major types of problems to be considered.

First: Valve is stuck - that is, the diaphragm assembly is not free to move through a full stroke either from open to close or vice versa.

Second: Valve is free to move and can't close because of a worn out diaphragm.

Third: Valve leaks even though it is free to move and the diaphragm isn't leaking.

CAUTION: Care should be taken when doing the troubleshooting checks on the Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve. These checks do require the valve to open fully. This will either allow a high flow rate through the valve, or the downstream pressure will quickly increase to the inlet pressure. In some cases, this can be very harmful. Where this is the case, and there are no block valves in the system to protect the downstream piping, it should be realized that **the valve cannot be serviced under pressure**. Steps should be taken to remedy this situation before proceeding any further.



Three Checks (cont.)

DIAPHRAGM CHECK (#1)

1. Shut off pressure to the Hytrol Valve by slowly closing upstream and downstream isolation valves. **SEE CAUTION.**
2. Disconnect or close all pilot control lines to the valve cover and leave only one fitting in highest point of cover open to atmosphere.
3. With the cover vented to atmosphere, slowly open upstream isolation valve to allow some pressure into the Hytrol Valve body. Observe the open cover tapping for signs of continuous flow. It is not necessary to fully open isolating valve. Volume in cover chamber capacity chart will be displaced as valve moves to open position. Allow sufficient time for diaphragm assembly to shift positions. If there is no continuous flow, you can be quite certain the diaphragm is sound and the diaphragm assembly is tight. If the fluid appears to flow continuously this is a good reason to believe the diaphragm is either damaged or it is loose on the stem. In either case, this is sufficient cause to remove the valve cover and investigate the leakage. (See "Maintenance" section for procedure.)

Cover Chamber Capacity (Liquid Volume displaced when valve opens)		
Valve Size (Inches)	Displacement	
	Gallons	Liters
1-1/4"	0.020	0.07
1-1/2"	0.020	0.07
2"	0.032	0.12
2-1/2"	0.043	0.16
3"	0.080	0.30
4"	0.169	0.64
6"	0.531	2.0
8"	1.26	4.8
10"	2.51	9.5
12"	4.00	15.1
14"	6.50	24.6
16"	9.57	36.0
18"	11.00	41.6
20"	12.00	45.4
24"	29.00	109.8
30"	42.00	197.0
36"	90.00	340.0

FREEDOM OF MOVEMENT CHECK (#2)

4. Determining the Hytrol Valve's freedom of movement can be done by one of two methods.
5. For most valves it can be done after completing Diaphragm Check (Steps 1, 2, and 3). **SEE CAUTION.** At the end of step 3 the valve should be fully open.
6. If the valve has a Cla-Val X101D Position Indicator, observe the indicator to see that the valve opens wide. Mark the point of maximum opening.
7. Re-connect enough of the control system to permit the application of inlet pressure to the cover. Open pilot system cock so pressure flows from the inlet into the cover.
8. While pressure is building up in the cover, the valve should close smoothly. There is a hesitation in every Hytrol Valve closure, which can be mistaken for a mechanical bind. The stem will appear to stop moving very briefly before going to the closed position. This slight pause is caused by the diaphragm flexing at a particular point in the valve's travel and is not caused by a mechanical bind.
9. When closed, a mark should be made on the X101D Valve position indicator corresponding to the "closed" position. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in chart.
10. If the stroke is different than that shown in stem travel chart this is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve at one end of its travel. If the flow does not

stop through the valve when in the indicated "closed" position, the obstruction probably is between the disc and the seat. If the flow does stop, then the obstruction is more likely in the cover. In either case, the cover must be removed, and the obstruction located and removed. The stem should also be checked for scale build-up. (See "Maintenance" section for procedure.)

Stem Travel (Fully open to fully closed)			
Valve Size (Inches)		Travel (Inches)	
Inches	MM	Inches	MM
1-1/4"	32	0.04"	10
1-1/2"	40	0.04"	10
2"	50	0.06"	15
2-1/2"	65	0.07"	18
3"	80	0.08"	20
4"	100	1.1"	28
6"	150	1.7"	43
8"	200	2.3"	58
10"	250	2.8"	71
12"	300	3.4"	86
14"	350	4.0"	100
16"	400	4.5"	114
18"	450	5.1"	130
20"	500	5.6"	143
24"	600	6.7"	165
30"	800	7.5"	190
36"	900	8.5"	216

11. For valves 6" and smaller, the Hytrol Valve's freedom of movement check can also be done after all pressure is removed from the valve. **SEE CAUTION.** After closing inlet and outlet isolation valves and bleeding pressure from the valve, check that the cover chamber and the body are temporarily vented to atmosphere. Insert fabricated tool into threaded hole in top of valve stem, and lift the diaphragm assembly manually. Note any roughness. The diaphragm assembly should move smoothly throughout entire valve stroke. The tool is fabricated from rod that is threaded on one end to fit valve stem and has a "T" bar handle of some kind on the other end for easy gripping. (See chart in Step 4 of "Disassembly" Section.)
12. Place marks on this diaphragm assembly lifting tool when the valve is closed and when manually positioned open. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in stem travel chart. If the stroke is different than that shown, there is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve. The cover must be removed, and the obstruction located and removed. The stem should also be checked for scale build-up. (See "Maintenance" section for procedure.)

TIGHT SEALING CHECK (#3)

13. Test for seat leakage after completing checks #1 & #2 (Steps 1 to 12). **SEE CAUTION.** Close the isolation valve downstream of the Hytrol Valve. Apply inlet pressure to the cover of the valve, wait until it closes. Install a pressure gauge between the two closed valves using one of the two ports in the outlet side of the Hytrol. Watch the pressure gauge. If the pressure begins to climb, then either the downstream isolation valve is permitting pressure to creep back, or the Hytrol is allowing pressure to go through it. Usually the pressure at the Hytrol inlet will be higher than on the isolation valve discharge, so if the pressure goes up to the inlet pressure, you can be sure the Hytrol is leaking. Install another gauge downstream of isolating valve. If the pressure between the valves only goes up to the pressure on the isolation valve discharge, the Hytrol Valve is holding tight, and it was just the isolation valve leaking.



Maintenance

PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

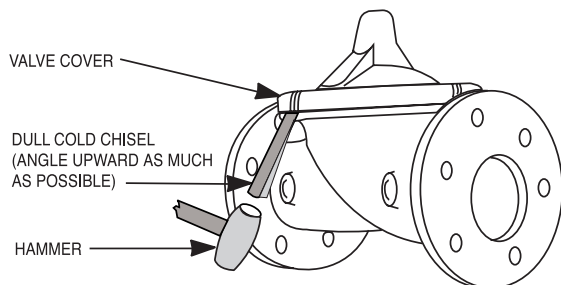
The Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve requires no lubrication or packing and a minimum of maintenance. However, a periodic inspection schedule should be established to determine how the operating conditions of the system are affecting the valve. The effect of these actions must be determined by inspection.

DISASSEMBLY

Inspection or maintenance can be accomplished without removing the valve from the line. Repair kits with new diaphragm and disc are recommended to be on hand before work begins.

WARNING: Maintenance personnel can be injured and equipment damaged if disassembly is attempted with pressure in the valve. **SEE CAUTION.**

1. Close upstream and downstream isolation valves and **independent operating pressure when used** to shut off all pressure to the valve.
2. Loosen tube fittings in the pilot system to remove pressure from valve body and cover chamber. After pressure has been released from the valve, use care to remove the controls and tubing. Note and sketch position of tubing and controls for re-assembly. The schematic in front of the Technical Manual can be used as a guide when reassembling pilot system.
3. Remove cover nuts and remove cover. If the valve has been in service for any length of time, chances are the cover will have to be loosened by driving upward along the edge of the cover with a **dull cold chisel**.



On 6" and smaller valves block and tackle or a power hoist can be used to lift valve cover by inserting proper size eye bolt in place of the center cover plug. On 8" and larger valves there are 4 holes (5/8" – 11 size) where jacking screws and/or eye bolts may be inserted for lifting purposes. **Pull cover straight up** to keep from damaging the integral seat bearing and stem.

Cover Center Plug Size	
Valve Size (Inches)	Thread Size (NPT)
1-1/4" - 1-1/2"	1/4"
2" - 3"	1/2"
4" - 6"	3/4"
8" - 10"	1"
12"	1-1/4"
14"	1-1/2"
16"	2"
18" - 24"	1"
30" & 36"	2"

4. Remove the diaphragm and disc assembly from the valve body. With smaller valves this can be accomplished by hand by **pulling straight up on the stem so as not to damage the seat bearing**. On large valves, an eye bolt of proper size can be installed in the stem and the diaphragm assembly can be then lifted with a block and tackle or power hoist. Take care not to damage the stem or bearings. The valve won't work if these are damaged.

Valve Stem Thread Size	
Valve Size (Inches)	Thread Size (UNF Internal)
1-1/4" - 2-1/2"	10 - 32
3" - 4"	1/4 - 28
6" - 14"	3/8 - 24
16"	1/2 - 20
18"	3/4 - 16
20"	3/4 - 16
24"	3/4 - 16
30"	3/4 - 16
36"	3/4 - 16

5. The next item to remove is the stem nut. Examine the stem threads above the nut for signs of mineral deposits or corrosion. If the threads are not clean, use a wire brush to remove as much of the residue as possible. Attach a good fitting wrench to the nut and give it a sharp "rap" rather than a steady pull. Usually several blows are sufficient to loosen the nut for further removal. On the smaller valves, the entire diaphragm assembly can be held by the stem in a vise **equipped with soft brass jaws** before removing the stem nut.

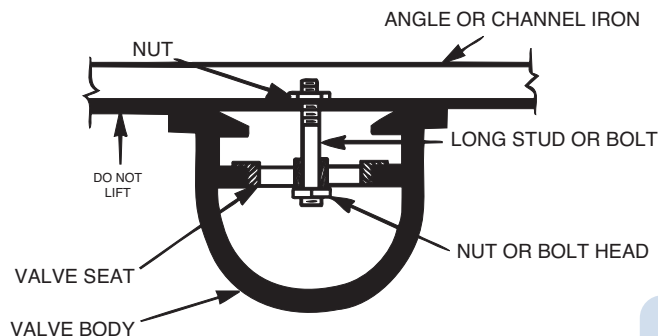
The use of a pipe wrench or a vise without soft brass jaws scars the fine finish on the stem. No amount of careful dressing can restore the stem to its original condition. Damage to the finish of the stem can cause the stem to bind in the bearings and the valve will not open or close.

6. After the stem nut has been removed, the diaphragm assembly breaks down into its component parts. Removal of the disc from the disc retainer can be a problem if the valve has been in service for a long time. Using two screwdrivers inserted along the outside edge of the disc usually will accomplish its removal. Care should be taken to preserve the spacer washers in water, particularly if no new ones are available for re-assembly.

7. The only part left in the valve body is the seat which ordinarily does not require removal. Careful cleaning and polishing of inside and outside surfaces with 400 wet/dry sandpaper will usually restore the seat's sharp edge. If, however, it is badly worn and replacement is necessary, it can be easily removed.

Seats in valve sizes 1 1/4" through 6" are threaded into the valve body. They can be removed with accessory X109 Seat Removing Tool available from the factory. On 8" and larger valves, the seat is held in place by flat head machine screws. Use a tight-fitting, long shank screwdriver to prevent damage to seat screws. If upon removal of the screws the seat cannot be lifted out, it will be necessary to use a piece of angle or channel iron with a hole drilled in the center. Place it across the body so a long stud can be inserted through the center hole in the seat and the hole in the angle iron. By tightening the nut a uniform upward force is exerted on the seat for removal.

NOTE: Do not lift up on the end of the angle iron as this may force the integral bearing out of alignment, causing the stem to bind.



Lime Deposits

One of the easiest ways to remove lime deposits from the valve stem or other metal parts is to dip them in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for the deposit to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. **CAUTION: USE EXTREME CARE WHEN HANDLING ACID.** Rinse parts in water before handling. If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water.

Inspection of Parts

After the valve has been disassembled, each part should be examined carefully for signs of wear, corrosion, or any other abnormal condition. Usually, it is a good idea to replace the rubber parts (diaphragm and disc) unless they are free of signs of wear. These are available in a repair kit. Any other parts which appear doubtful should be replaced. **WHEN ORDERING PARTS, BE SURE TO GIVE COMPLETE NAMEPLATE DATA, ITEM NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.**

NOTE: If a new disc isn't available, the existing disc can be turned over, exposing the unused surface for contact with the seat. The disc should be replaced as soon as practical.

Reassembly

1. Reassembly is the reverse of the disassembly procedure. If a new disc has been installed, it may require a different number of spacer washers to obtain the right amount of "grip" on the disc. When the diaphragm assembly has been tightened to a point where the diaphragm cannot be twisted, the disc should be compressed very slightly by the disc guide. Excessive compression should be avoided. Use just enough spacer washers to hold the disc firmly without noticeable compression.

2. **MAKE SURE THE STEM NUT IS VERY TIGHT.** Attach a good fitting wrench to the nut and give it a sharp "rap" rather than a steady pull. Usually several blows are sufficient to tighten the stem nut for final tightening. Failure to do so could allow the diaphragm to pull loose and tear when subjected to pressure.

3. Carefully install the diaphragm assembly by lowering the stem through the seat bearing. Take care not to damage the stem or bearing. Line up the diaphragm holes with the stud or bolt holes on the body. On larger valves with studs, it may be necessary to hold the diaphragm assembly up part way while putting the diaphragm over the studs.

4. Put spring in place and replace cover. Make sure diaphragm is lying smooth under the cover.

5. Tighten cover nuts firmly using a cross-over pattern until all nuts are tight.

6. Test Hytrol Valve before re-installing pilot valve system.

Test Procedure After Valve Assembly

There are a few simple tests which can be made in the field to make sure the Hytrol Valve has been assembled properly. Do these before installing pilot system and returning valve to service. These are similar to the three troubleshooting tests.

1. Check the diaphragm assembly for freedom of movement after all pressure is removed from the valve. **SEE CAUTION.** Insert fabricated tool into threaded hole in top of valve stem, and lift the diaphragm assembly manually. Note any roughness, sticking or grabbing. The diaphragm assembly should move smoothly throughout entire valve stroke. The tool is fabricated from rod that is threaded on one end to fit valve stem (See chart in Step 4 of "Disassembly" section.) and has a "T" Bar handle of some kind on the other end for easy gripping.

Place marks on this diaphragm assembly lifting tool when the valve is closed and when manually positioned open. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in stem travel chart. (See "Freedom of Movement Check" section.) If the stroke is different than that shown, there is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve. The cover must be removed, the obstruction located and removed. (See "Maintenance" section for procedure.

Due to the weight of the diaphragm assembly this procedure is not possible on valves 8" and larger. on these valves, the same determination can be made by carefully introducing a low pressure-less than five psi) into the valve body with the cover vented. **SEE CAUTION.** Looking in cover center hole see the diaphragm assembly lift easily without hesitation, and then settle back easily when the pressure is removed.

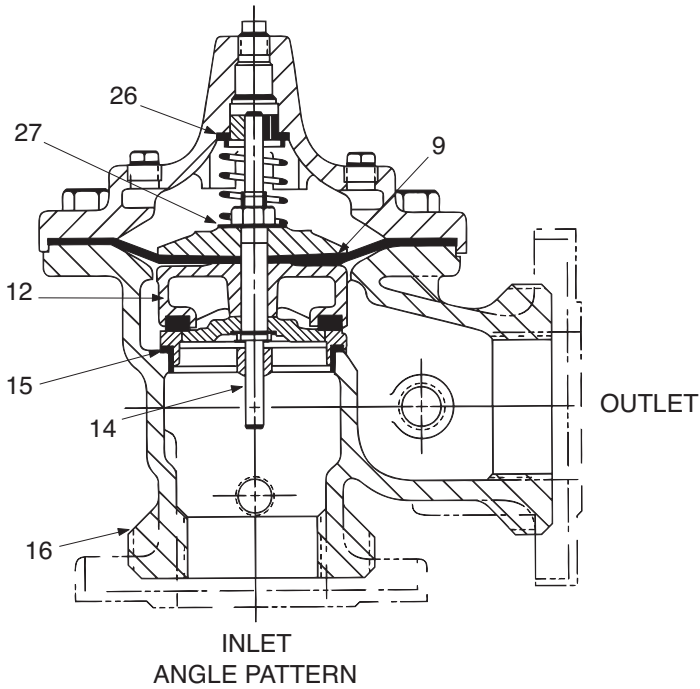
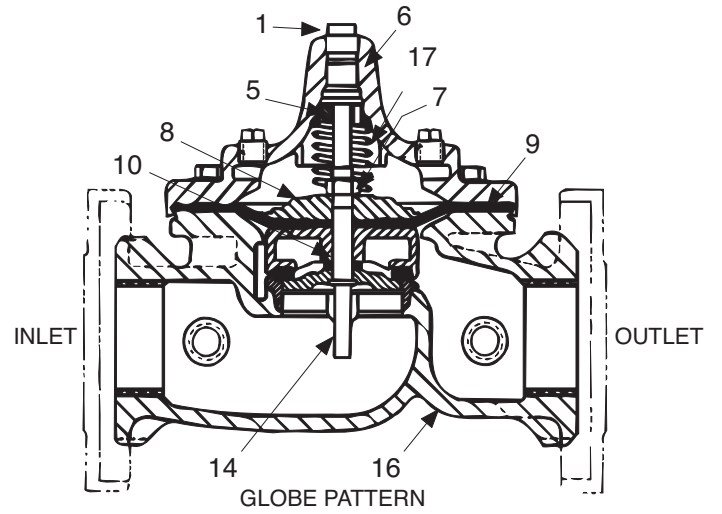
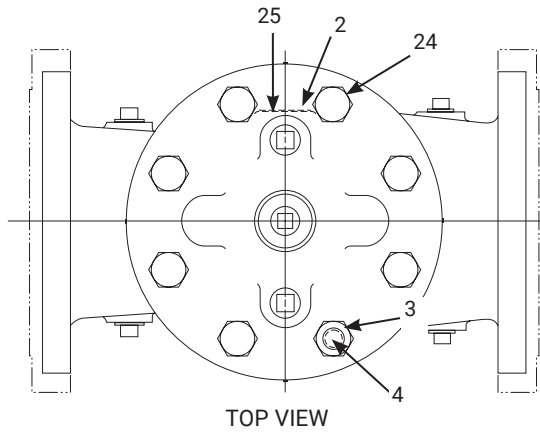
2. To check the valve for drip-tight closure, a line should be connected from the inlet to the cover, and pressure applied at the inlet of the valve. If properly assembled, the valve should hold tight with as low as ten PSI at the inlet. See "Tight Sealing Check" section.)

3. With the line connected from the inlet to the cover, apply full working pressure to the inlet. Check all around the cover for any leaks. Re-tighten cover nuts if necessary to stop leaks past the diaphragm.

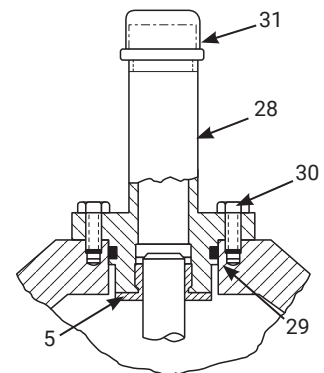
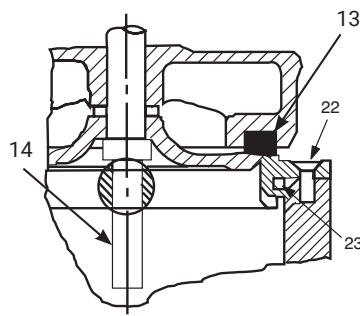
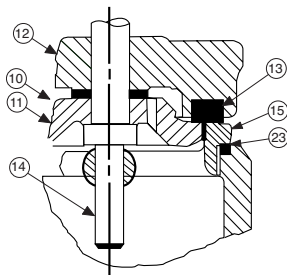
4. Remove pressure, then re-install the pilot system and tubing exactly as it was prior to removal. **Bleed air from all high points.**

5. Follow steps under "Start-Up and Adjustment" Section in Technical Manual for returning complete valve back to service.





Item No.	Description
1	Pipe Plug
2	Drive Screws (for nameplate)
3	Hex Nut (8" and larger)
4	Stud (8" and larger)
5	Cover Bearing
6	Cover
7	Stem Nut
8	Diaphragm Washer
9	Diaphragm
10	Spacer Washers
11	Disc Guide
12	Disc Retainer
13	Disc
14	Stem
15	Seat
16	Body
17	Spring
22	Flat Head Screws (8" and larger)
23	Seat O-Ring
24	Hex Head Bolt (1-1/4" thru 4")
25	Nameplate
26	Upper Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)
27	Lower Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)
28	Cover Bearing Housing (16" only)
29	Cover O-Ring (16" only)
30	Hex Bolt (16" only)
31	Pipe Cap (16" only)





Model 100-01

HYTROL VALVE SERVICE DATA

INSTALLATION / OPERATION / MAINTENANCE

DESCRIPTION 100-01 HYTROL VALVE

The Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve is a main valve for Cla-Val Automatic Control Valves. It is a hydraulically operated, diaphragm-actuated, globe or angle pattern valve. This valve consists of three major components; body, diaphragm assembly, and cover. The diaphragm assembly is the only moving part. The diaphragm assembly uses a diaphragm of nylon fabric bonded with synthetic rubber. A synthetic rubber disc, contained on three and one half sides by a disc retainer and disc guide, forms a seal with the valve seat when pressure is applied above the diaphragm. The diaphragm assembly forms a sealed chamber in the upper portion of the valve, separating operating pressure from line pressure.

DESCRIPTION 100-20 600 SERIES HYTROL VALVE

The Cla-Val Model 100-20 Hytrol Valve (600 Series main valve) have only one part -the body- that is different from standard 100 Series Cla-Val main valve parts. The remaining parts of the 600 series main valve are standard Cla-Val main valve parts. All service and maintenance information for the standard 100 Series main valves also apply to the 600 series main valves. The most important thing to remember when ordering main valve repair kits and replacement parts, except for the body, all other parts are going to be for a smaller size main valve. Cla-Val identifies main valve parts with the flange size of the standard 100 Series main valve. Refer to the "Main Valve Sizes" chart below.



Hytrol Service Data

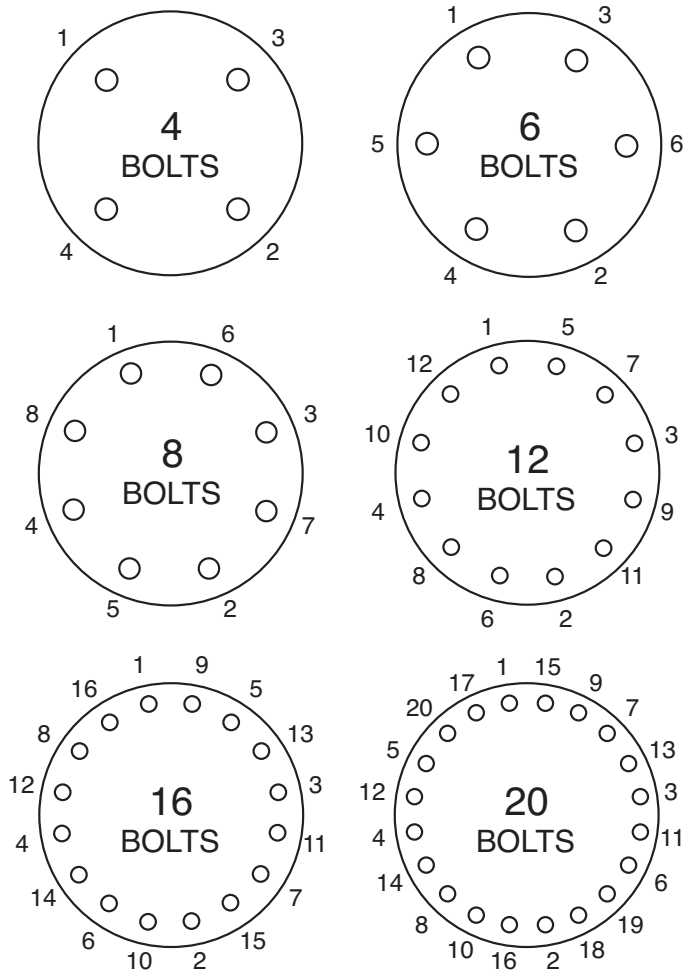
Hytrol Service Data																			
Hytrol Size				Stem Travel		Cover Capacity Displacement		Cover Center NPT	Cover Nut or Bolt ⁽¹⁾					Cover Lifting Holes	Valve Stem Internal Thread	Stem Nut ⁽³⁾			
									Thread	Socket	Qty	Torque, Lubricated ⁽²⁾				Thread	Socket (Long)	Torque, Lubricated ⁽²⁾	
IN	MM	IN	MM	IN	MM	Gallons	Liters	FT. LBS				IN. LBS	FT. LBS	IN. LBS					
1	25	—	—	0.24	6	0.02	—	1/4	1/4 – 20	7/16	8	—	80	—	—	3/8 – 24	9/16	—	80
1 1/4	32	—	—	0.49	12	0.02	0.08	1/4	5/16 – 18	1/2	8	12	—	—	#10 – 32	7/16 – 20	11/16	12	—
1 1/2	40	—	—	0.49	12	0.02	0.08	1/4	5/16 – 18	1/2	8	12	—	—	#10 – 32	7/16 – 20	11/16	12	—
2	50	3	80	0.59	15	0.03	0.12	1/2	3/8 – 16	9/16	8	20	—	—	#10 – 32	1/2 – 20	3/4	16	—
2 1/2	65	—	—	0.71	18	0.04	0.16	1/2	7/16 – 14	5/8	8	36	—	—	#10 – 32	5/8 – 18	15/16	32	—
3	80	4	—	0.84	21	0.08	0.3	1/2	1/2 – 13	3/4	8	50	—	—	1/4 – 28	5/8 – 18	15/16	32	—
4	100	6	—	1.09	28	0.17	0.64	3/4	3/4 – 10	1 1/8	8	125	—	—	1/4 – 28	3/4 – 16	1 1/8	55	—
6	150	8	—	1.58	40	0.53	2.01	3/4	3/4 – 10	1 1/8	12	125	—	—	3/8 – 24	7/8 – 14	1 5/16	100	—
8	200	10	—	2.24	57	1.26	4.77	1	3/4 – 10	1 1/4	16	125	—	5/8 – 11	3/8 – 24	1 1/8 – 12	1 3/4	180	—
10	250	12	—	2.71	69	2.51	9.5	1	7/8 – 9	1 7/16	20	160	—	3/4 – 10	3/8 – 24	1 1/4 – 12	1 7/8	300	—
12	300	14, 16	350, 400	3.34	85	4.00	15.14	1 1/4	1 1/8 – 7	1 13/16	20	320	—	3/4 – 10	3/8 – 24	1 1/2 – 12	2 1/4	500	—
14	350	—	—	4.08	104	6.50	24.61	1 1/2	1 1/4 – 7	2	20	450	—	1 – 8	3/8 – 24	1 1/2 – 12	2 1/4	500	—
16	400	18, 20, 24	450, 500, 600	4.58	116	9.60	36.34	2	1 1/4 – 7	2	20	450	—	1 – 8	1/2 – 20	2 – 16	3	600	—
18	500	—	—	5.13	130	11.00	42	1	1 1/4 – 7	2	24	450	—	1 – 8	3/4 – 16	2 1/4 – 16	3 7/16	1000	—
20	500	—	—	5.63	143	12.00	45.42	1	1 3/8 – 6	2 3/16	24	600	—	1 – 8	3/4 – 16	2 1/4 – 16	3 7/16	1000	—
24	600	30	—	6.50	165	29.00	109.78	1	1 1/2 – 12	2 3/8	24	850	—	1 1/8 – 7	3/4 – 16	3 – 12	4 5/8	1600	—
30	750	36	900	8.00	203	42.00	158.99	2	1 1/2 – 12	2 3/8	32	850	—	1 1/8 – 7	3/4 – 16	3 – 12	4 5/8	3000	—
36	900	42, 48, 56	1050, 1200, 1400	8.71	221	90.00	340.69	2	1 3/4 – 10	2 3/4	36	1250	—	1 1/4 – 12	3/4 – 16	3 1/2 – 8	6	3000	—

(1) Valve sizes 6" and smaller use hex bolts for cover fasteners. Valve sizes 8" and larger use studs with hex nuts.

(2) Clean all threads and apply anti-seize prior to reassembly of threaded fasteners. Torque values are based on standard SST material.

(3) Only stem nuts supplied by CLA-VAL shall be used.





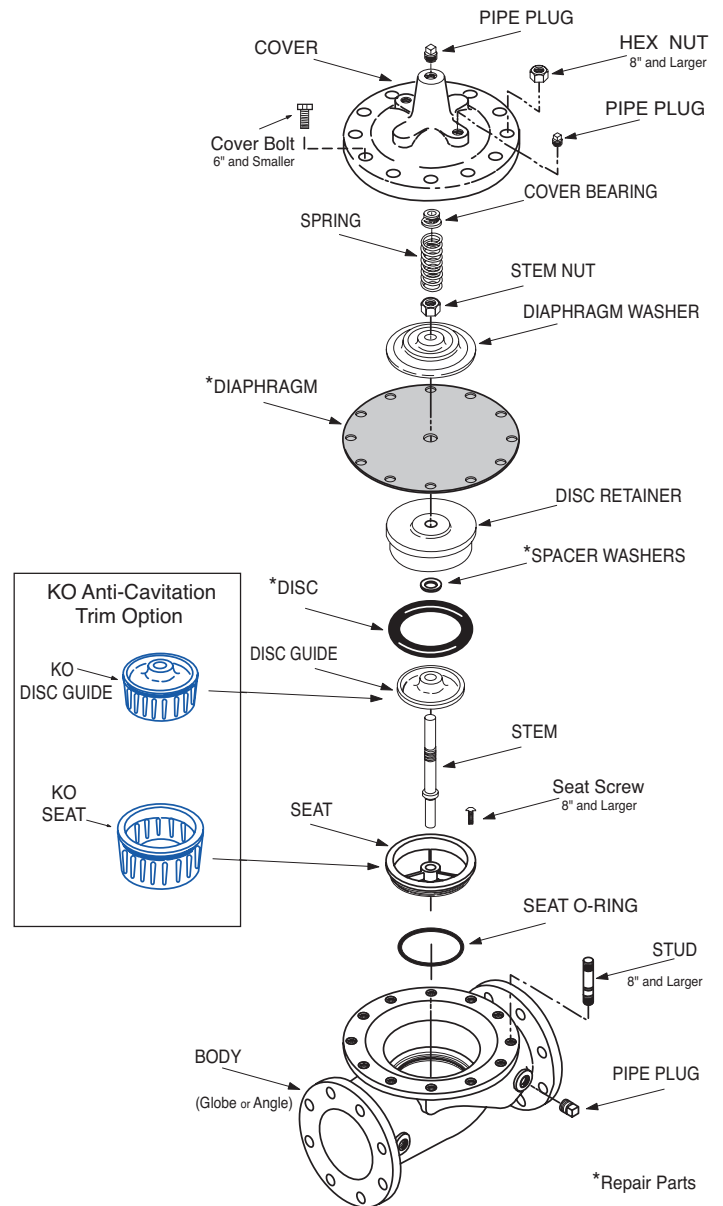
Follow this procedure when reassembling Main Valve:

1. Tightens bolts/nuts in a "Star" or "Cross-Over" pattern following the numbers shown above to insure that cover seats evenly on the diaphragm material and body.

2. Torque the bolt/nuts in three stages with a "Star" or "Cross-Over" pattern for each stage:

- A To approximately 10% of final torque.
- B. To approximately 75% of final torque.
- C. To final required torque.

3. Valves that are to be tested to 375 PSI or higher should be re-torqued after 24 hours.





Model 100-20

(Reduced Internal Port)

600 SERIES HYTROL VALVE

INSTALLATION / OPERATION / MAINTENANCE

SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE OF 600 SERIES VALVES

The 600 series main valves have only one part -the body- that is different from standard 100 Series Cla-Val main valve parts. The remaining parts of the 600 series main valve are standard Cla-Val main valve parts.

The most important thing to remember when ordering main valve repair kits and replacement parts, except for the body, all other parts are going to be for a smaller size main valve. Cla-Val identifies main valve parts with the flange size of the standard 100 Series main valve. Refer to the "Main Valve Sizes Comparison" chart. For example, if you are servicing a 6" Model 100-20 Hytrol and needed a repair kit, you would order a repair kit for a 4" 100-01 Hytrol. This kit is also suitable for a 6" Model 100-20 Hytrol. Complete Technical Manuals include a repair kit data sheet N-RK that shows this relationship.

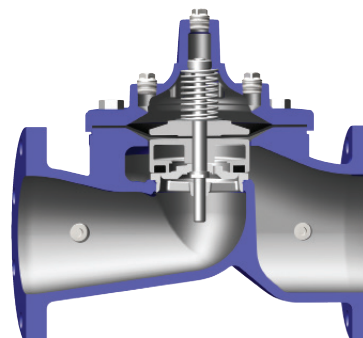
When you order repair parts, it is a good idea to include valve nameplate data (size, catalog number, and part number) and description of the parts desired. Do this to be sure parts will fit the valve you are working on and not be too big for it. Pilot controls and repair kits maintenance information remain the same for 100 or 600 Series valves.

UNDERSTANDING THE 600 SERIES VALVES

In 1987, Cla-Val introduced the Model 100-20 Hytrol as the basic main valve for the 600 Series of automatic control valves. To identify all new valves using the Model 100-20 Hytrol, an existing catalog number is modified. Making a 600 Series catalog number is simply done by using a "6" in front of the two digit catalog numbers or replacing the "2" with a "6" in three digit catalog numbers. Current schematics reflect both catalog numbers together separated by a slash (i.e. - Model 90-01/690-01, 58-02/658-02, 210-01/610-01, etc). Since these two valves 'share' the same catalog number and schematic, they provide the same function in a system. The only difference between the two valves is the relative capacity of the two main valve series.

The Model 100-01 Hytrol is the basic main valve for Cla-Val automatic control valves. This valve is the current version of the Clayton Hytrol valve design originated in 1936. The 100-01 Hytrol is designed as a full flow area valve. This means that the inlet, seat and outlet openings are the same size. Thus, the pressure drop is kept to a minimum for this globe style design.

The Model 100-20 Hytrol valve has all of the basic features and advantages of the original Model 100-01 Hytrol. Only one part has been changed - the body. It is designed with different size inlet, seat and outlet openings. The Model 100-20 Hytrol has inlet and outlet flanges one valve size larger than the seat opening size. This results in what is sometimes called a "reduced port" main valve. For example, a 4" Model 100-20 valve has a 3" seat. Note: valve size is always determined by the flange size. The following chart compares the Model 100-01 and the Model 100-20 main valves.



Basic Main valve Size Comparison		
Globe Pattern Valves		
Flange Size (inch)	Seat Size	
	Model 100-01 (100 Series)	Model 100-20 (600 Series)
3	3	2
4	4	3
6	6	4
8	8	6
10	10	8
12	12	10
14	14	12
16	16	12
18	18	16
20	20	16
24	24	16
30	30	24
36	36	30
42	-	36
48	-	36
Angle Pattern Valves		
Flange Size (inch)	Seat Size	
	Model 100-01 (100 Series)	Model 100-20 (600 Series)
4	4	3
6	6	4
8	8	6

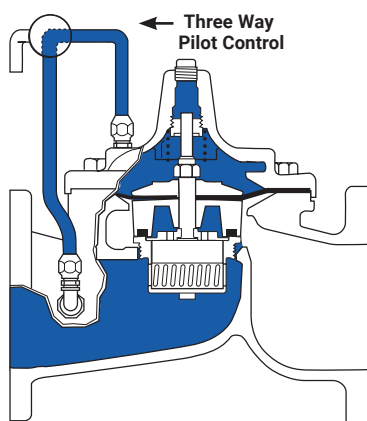
The Model 100-20 Hytrol is available only in ductile iron, 150 and 300 pressure class, and Bronze trim standard. Available extra cost main valve options include stainless steel trim, epoxy coating, Dura-Kleen stem, Delrin sleeved stem, and high temperature rubber parts. All four basic main valves have a 600 Series version available with all of the same benefits and size relationships. The following chart shows the relationship of Cla-Val main valve catalog numbers.

Cla-Val Main valve			
Catalog Name	Catalog Number		
	Circa 1936	100 Series	600 Series
Hytrol	100 (Angle =2100)	100-01	100-20
Powertrol	100P & 100PA	100-02	100-21
Powercheck	100PC & 100PCA	100-03	100-22
Hycheck	181	100-04	100-23

Installation

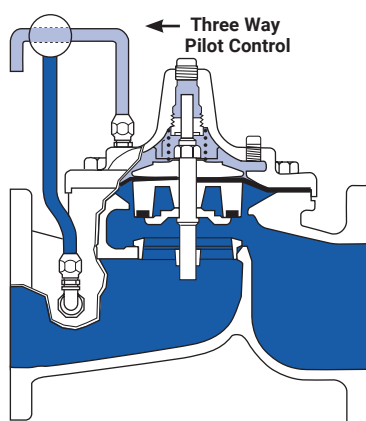
1. Before valve is installed, pipe lines should be flushed of all chips, scale and foreign matter.
2. It is recommended that either gate or block valves be installed on both ends of the Model 100-20 Hytrol Valve to facilitate isolating the valve for preventive maintenance and repairs.
3. Place the valve in the line with flow through the valve in the direction indicated on the inlet nameplate. (See "Flow Direction" Section)
4. Allow sufficient room around valve to make adjustments and for disassembly.
5. Cla-Val Model 100-20 Hytrol Valves operate with maximum efficiency when mounted in horizontal piping with the cover UP, however, other positions are acceptable. Due to size and weight of the cover and internal components of 8 inch and larger valves, installation with the cover UP is advisable. This makes internal parts readily accessible for periodic inspection.
6. Caution must be taken in the installation of this valve to insure that galvanic and/or electrolytic action does not take place. The proper use of dielectric fittings and gaskets are required in all systems using dissimilar metals.
7. If a pilot control system is installed on the Model 100-20 Hytrol Valve, use care to prevent damage. If it is necessary to remove fittings or components, be sure they are kept clean and replaced exactly as they were.
8. After the valve is installed and the system is first pressurized, vent air from the cover chamber and pilot system tubing by loosening fittings at all high points.

Principles of Operation



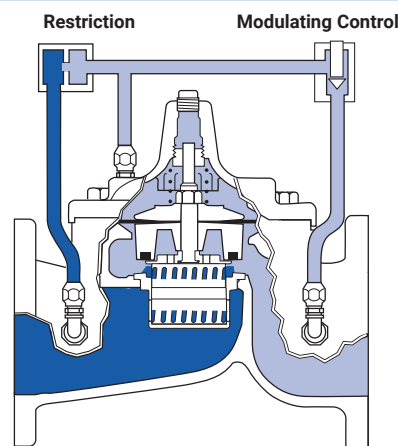
Tight Closing Operation

When pressure from the valve inlet (or an equivalent independent operating pressure) is applied to the diaphragm chamber the valve closes drip-tight.



Full Open Operation

When pressure in diaphragm chamber is relieved to a zone of lower pressure (usually atmosphere) the line pressure (5 psi Min.) at the valve inlet opens the valve.

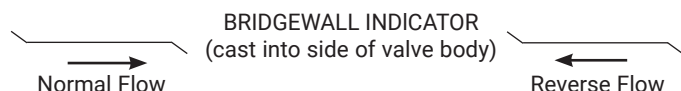


Modulating Action

Valve modulates when diaphragm pressure is held at an intermediate point between inlet and discharge pressure. With the use of a Cla-Val. "Modulating control," which reacts to line pressure changes, the pressure above the diaphragm is varied, allowing the valve to throttle and compensate for the change.

Flow Direction

The flow through the Model 100-20 Hytrol Valve can be in one of two directions. When flow is "up-and-over the seat," it is in "normal" flow and the valve will fail in the open position. When flow is "over-the seat-and down," it is in "reverse" flow and the valve will fail in the closed position. There are no permanent flow arrow markings. **The valve must be installed according to nameplate data.**



Recommended Tools

1. Three pressure gauges with ranges suitable to the installation to be put at Hytrol inlet, outlet and cover connections.
2. Cla-Val Model X101D Valve Position Indicator. This provides visual indication of valve position without disassembly of valve.
3. Other items are: suitable hand tools such as screwdrivers, wrenches, etc., soft jawed (brass or aluminum) vise, 400 grit wet or dry sandpaper and water for cleaning.

Troubleshooting

The following troubleshooting information deals strictly with the Model 100-20 Hytrol Valve. This assumes that all other components of the pilot control system have been checked out and are in proper working condition. (See appropriate sections in Technical Manual for complete valve).

All trouble shooting is possible without removing the valve from the line or removing the cover. It is highly recommended to permanently install a Model X101D Valve Position Indicator and three gauges in unused Hytrol inlet, outlet and cover connections.

After checking out probable causes and remedies, the following three checks can be used to diagnose the nature of the problem before maintenance is started. They must be done in the order shown.

Service Suggestions		
Symptom	Possible Cause	Solutions
Fails to Close	Closed isolation valves in control system, or in main line.	Open Isolation valves.
	Lack of cover chamber pressure	Check upstream pressure, pilot system, strainer, tubing, valves, or needle valves for obstruction.
	Diaphragm damaged. (See Diaphragm Check.)	Replace diaphragm.
	Diaphragm assembly inoperative. Corrosion or excessive scale build up on valve stem. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Clean and polish stem. Inspect and replace any damaged or badly eroded part.
	Mechanical obstruction. Object lodged in valve.(See Freedom of Movement Check)	Remove obstruction.
	Worn disc. (See Tight Sealing Check)	Replace disc.
	Badly scored seat (See Tight Sealing Check)	Replace seat.
Fails to Open	Closed upstream and/or downstream isolation valves in main line.	Open isolation valves.
	Insufficient line pressure.	Check upstream pressure. (Minimum 5 psi flowing line pressure differential.)
	Diaphragm assembly inoperative. Corrosion or excessive buildup on valve stem. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Clean and polish stem. Inspect and replace any damaged or badly eroded part.
	Diaphragm damaged. (For valves in "reverse flow" only)	Replace diaphragm.

Three Checks

The Model 100-20 Hytrol Valve has only one moving part (the diaphragm and disc assembly). So, there are only three major types of problems to be considered.

First: Valve is stuck - that is, the diaphragm assembly is not free to move through a full stroke either from open to close or vice versa.

Second: Valve is free to move and can't close because of a worn out diaphragm.

Third: Valve leaks even though it is free to move and the diaphragm isn't leaking.

CAUTION: Care should be taken when doing the troubleshooting checks on the Model 100-20 Hytrol Valve. These checks do require the valve to open fully. This will either allow a high flow rate through the valve, or the downstream pressure will quickly increase to the inlet pressure. In some cases, this can be very harmful. Where this is the case, and there are no block valves in the system to protect the downstream piping, it should be realized that **the valve cannot be serviced under pressure**. Steps should be taken to remedy this situation before proceeding any further.



Three Checks (cont.)

DIAPHRAGM CHECK (#1)

1. Shut off pressure to the Hytrol Valve by slowly closing upstream and downstream isolation valves. **SEE CAUTION.**
2. Disconnect or close all pilot control lines to the valve cover and leave only one fitting in highest point of cover open to atmosphere.
3. With the cover vented to atmosphere, slowly open upstream isolation valve to allow some pressure into the Hytrol Valve body. Observe the open cover tapping for signs of continuous flow. It is not necessary to fully open isolating valve. Volume in cover chamber capacity chart will be displaced as valve moves to open position. Allow sufficient time for diaphragm assembly to shift positions. If there is no continuous flow, you can be quite certain the diaphragm is sound and the diaphragm assembly is tight. If the fluid appears to flow continuously this is a good reason to believe the diaphragm is either damaged or it is loose on the stem. In either case, this is sufficient cause to remove the valve cover and investigate the leakage. (See "Maintenance" section for procedure.)

Cover Chamber Capacity		
Valve Size	Displacement	
Inches	Gallons	Liters
3"	0.032	0.12
4"	0.080	0.30
6"	0.169	0.64
8"	0.531	2.00
10"	1.26	4.80
12"	2.51	9.50
14"	4.00	15.10
16"	4.00	15.10
18"	9.60	36.20
20"	9.60	36.20
24"	9.60	36.20
30"	29.00	110
36"	42.00	197
42"	90.00	340
48"	90.00	340

FREEDOM OF MOVEMENT CHECK (#2)

4. Determining the Hytrol Valve's freedom of movement can be done by one of two methods.
5. For most valves it can be done after completing Diaphragm Check (Steps 1, 2, and 3). **SEE CAUTION.** At the end of step 3 the valve should be fully open.
6. If the valve has a Cla-Val X101D Position Indicator, observe the indicator to see that the valve opens wide. Mark the point of maximum opening.
7. Re-connect enough of the control system to permit the application of inlet pressure to the cover. Open pilot system cock so pressure flows from the inlet into the cover.
8. While pressure is building up in the cover, the valve should close smoothly. There is a hesitation in every Hytrol Valve closure, which can be mistaken for a mechanical bind. The stem will appear to stop moving very briefly before going to the closed position. This slight pause is caused by the diaphragm flexing at a particular point in the valve's travel and is not caused by a mechanical bind.
9. When closed, a mark should be made on the X101D Valve position indicator corresponding to the "closed" position. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in chart.
10. If the stroke is different than that shown in stem travel chart this is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve at one end of its travel. If the flow does not stop through the valve when in the indicated "closed" position, the obstruction probably is between the disc and the seat. If the flow

does stop, then the obstruction is more likely in the cover. In either case, the cover must be removed, and the obstruction located and removed. The stem should also be checked for scale build-up. (See "Maintenance" section for procedure.)

Stem Travel (Fully open to fully closed)			
Valve Size		Travel	
Inches	MM	Inches	MM
3"	80	0.7"	18
4"	100	0.8"	20
6"	150	1.1"	28
8"	200	1.7"	43
10"	250	2.3"	58
12"	300	2.8"	71
14"	350	3.4"	71
16"	400	4.0"	86
18"	460	4.5"	86
20"	500	5.1"	114
24"	600	5.6"	143
30"	800	6.7"	165
36"	900	7.5"	191
42"	1000	8.5"	216
48"	1200	8.5"	216

11. For valves 6" and smaller, the Hytrol Valve's freedom of movement check can also be done after all pressure is removed from the valve. **SEE CAUTION.** After closing inlet and outlet isolation valves and bleeding pressure from the valve, check that the cover chamber and the body are temporarily vented to atmosphere. Insert fabricated tool into threaded hole in top of valve stem, and lift the diaphragm assembly manually. Note any roughness. The diaphragm assembly should move smoothly throughout entire valve stroke. The tool is fabricated from rod that is threaded on one end to fit valve stem and has a "T" bar handle of some kind on the other end for easy gripping. (See chart in Step 4 of "Disassembly" Section.)

12. Place marks on this diaphragm assembly lifting tool when the valve is closed and when manually positioned open. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in stem travel chart. If the stroke is different than that shown, there is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve. The cover must be removed, and the obstruction located and removed. The stem should also be checked for scale build-up. (See "Maintenance" section for procedure.)

TIGHT SEALING CHECK (#3)

13. Test for seat leakage after completing checks #1 & #2 (Steps 1 to 12). **SEE CAUTION.** Close the isolation valve downstream of the Hytrol Valve. Apply inlet pressure to the cover of the valve, wait until it closes. Install a pressure gauge between the two closed valves using one of the two ports in the outlet side of the Hytrol. Watch the pressure gauge. If the pressure begins to climb, then either the downstream isolation valve is permitting pressure to creep back, or the Hytrol is allowing pressure to go through it. Usually the pressure at the Hytrol inlet will be higher than on the isolation valve discharge, so if the pressure goes up to the inlet pressure, you can be sure the Hytrol is leaking. Install another gauge downstream of isolating valve. If the pressure between the valves only goes up to the pressure on the isolation valve discharge, the Hytrol Valve is holding tight, and it was just the isolation valve leaking.



Maintenance

PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

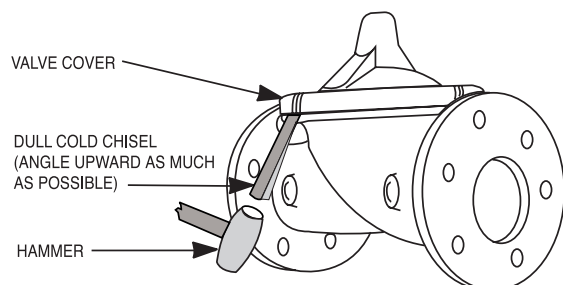
The Cla-Val Model 100-20 Hytrol Valve requires no lubrication or packing and a minimum of maintenance. However, a periodic inspection schedule should be established to determine how the operating conditions of the system are affecting the valve. The effect of these actions must be determined by inspection.

DISASSEMBLY

Inspection or maintenance can be accomplished without removing the valve from the line. Repair kits with new diaphragm and disc are recommended to be on hand before work begins.

WARNING: Maintenance personnel can be injured and equipment damaged if disassembly is attempted with pressure in the valve. **SEE CAUTION.**

1. Close upstream and downstream isolation valves and **independent operating pressure when used** to shut off all pressure to the valve.
2. Loosen tube fittings in the pilot system to remove pressure from valve body and cover chamber. After pressure has been released from the valve, use care to remove the controls and tubing. Note and sketch position of tubing and controls for re-assembly. The schematic in front of the Technical Manual can be used as a guide when reassembling pilot system.
3. Remove cover nuts and remove cover. If the valve has been in service for any length of time, chances are the cover will have to be loosened by driving upward along the edge of the cover with a **dull cold chisel**.



On 6" and smaller valves block and tackle or a power hoist can be used to lift valve cover by inserting proper size eye bolt in place of the center cover plug. On 8" and larger valves there are 4 holes (5/8" – 1 1/2" size) where jacking screws and/or eye bolts may be inserted for lifting purposes. **Pull cover straight up** to keep from damaging the integral seat bearing and stem.

Cover Center Plug Size	
Valve Size (Inches)	Thread Size (NPT)
3"	1/2"
4" - 6"	3/4"
8" - 10"	1"
12"	1-1/4"
14"	1-1/2"
16" - 18"	2"
20" - 24"	2"
30" & 36"	2"
42" & 48"	2"

4. Remove the diaphragm and disc assembly from the valve body. With smaller valves this can be accomplished by hand by **pulling straight up on the stem so as not to damage the seat bearing**. On large valves, an eye bolt of proper size can be installed in the stem and the diaphragm assembly can be then lifted with a block and tackle or power hoist. Take care not to damage the stem or bearings. The valve won't work if these are damaged.

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N-100-20 8pgs (R-03/2026)

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Valve Stem Thread Size	
Valve Size (Inches)	Thread Size (UNF Internal)
3" - 4"	1/4 - 28
6" - 14"	3/8 - 24
16" - 18"	1/2 - 20
20"	3/4 - 16
24"	3/4 - 16
30"	3/4 - 16
36"	3/4 - 16
42"	3/4 - 16
48"	3/4 - 16

5. The next item to remove is the stem nut. Examine the stem threads above the nut for signs of mineral deposits or corrosion. If the threads are not clean, use a wire brush to remove as much of the residue as possible. Attach a good fitting wrench to the nut and give it a sharp "rap" rather than a steady pull. Usually several blows are sufficient to loosen the nut for further removal. On the smaller valves, the entire diaphragm assembly can be held by the stem in a vise **equipped with soft brass jaws** before removing the stem nut.

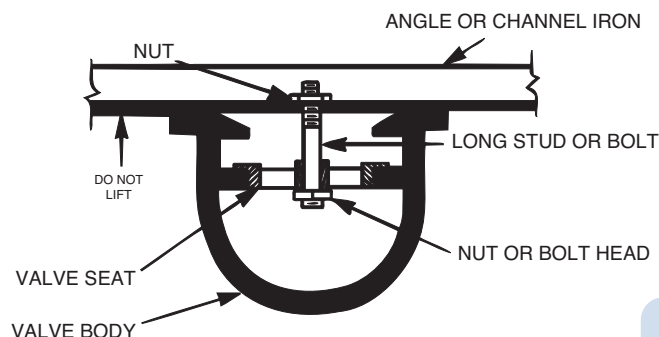
The use of a pipe wrench or a vise without soft brass jaws scars the fine finish on the stem. No amount of careful dressing can restore the stem to its original condition. Damage to the finish of the stem can cause the stem to bind in the bearings and the valve will not open or close.

6. After the stem nut has been removed, the diaphragm assembly breaks down into its component parts. Removal of the disc from the disc retainer can be a problem if the valve has been in service for a long time. Using two screwdrivers inserted along the outside edge of the disc usually will accomplish its removal. Care should be taken to preserve the spacer washers in water, particularly if no new ones are available for re-assembly.

7. The only part left in the valve body is the seat which ordinarily does not require removal. Careful cleaning and polishing of inside and outside surfaces with 400 wet/dry sandpaper will usually restore the seat's sharp edge. If, however, it is badly worn and replacement is necessary, it can be easily removed.

Seats in valve sizes 1 1/4" through 6" are threaded into the valve body. They can be removed with accessory X109 Seat Removing Tool available from the factory. On 8" and larger valves, the seat is held in place by flat head machine screws. Use a tight-fitting, long shank screwdriver to prevent damage to seat screws. If upon removal of the screws the seat cannot be lifted out, it will be necessary to use a piece of angle or channel iron with a hole drilled in the center. Place it across the body so a long stud can be inserted through the center hole in the seat and the hole in the angle iron. By tightening the nut a uniform upward force is exerted on the seat for removal.

NOTE: Do not lift up on the end of the angle iron as this may force the integral bearing out of alignment, causing the stem to bind.



Lime Deposits

One of the easiest ways to remove lime deposits from the valve stem or other metal parts is to dip them in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for the deposit to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. **CAUTION: USE EXTREME CARE WHEN HANDLING ACID.** Rinse parts in water before handling. If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water.

Inspection of Parts

After the valve has been disassembled, each part should be examined carefully for signs of wear, corrosion, or any other abnormal condition. Usually, it is a good idea to replace the rubber parts (diaphragm and disc) unless they are free of signs of wear. These are available in a repair kit. Any other parts which appear doubtful should be replaced. **WHEN ORDERING PARTS, BE SURE TO GIVE COMPLETE NAMEPLATE DATA, ITEM NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.**

NOTE: If a new disc isn't available, the existing disc can be turned over, exposing the unused surface for contact with the seat. The disc should be replaced as soon as practical.

Reassembly

1. Reassembly is the reverse of the disassembly procedure. If a new disc has been installed, it may require a different number of spacer washers to obtain the right amount of "grip" on the disc. When the diaphragm assembly has been tightened to a point where the diaphragm cannot be twisted, the disc should be compressed very slightly by the disc guide. Excessive compression should be avoided. Use just enough spacer washers to hold the disc firmly without noticeable compression.

2. **MAKE SURE THE STEM NUT IS VERY TIGHT.** Attach a good fitting wrench to the nut and give it a sharp "rap" rather than a steady pull. Usually several blows are sufficient to tighten the stem nut for final tightening. Failure to do so could allow the diaphragm to pull loose and tear when subjected to pressure.

3. Carefully install the diaphragm assembly by lowering the stem through the seat bearing. Take care not to damage the stem or bearing. Line up the diaphragm holes with the stud or bolt holes on the body. On larger valves with studs, it may be necessary to hold the diaphragm assembly up part way while putting the diaphragm over the studs.

4. Put spring in place and replace cover. Make sure diaphragm is lying smooth under the cover.

5. Tighten cover nuts firmly using a cross-over pattern until all nuts are tight.

6. Test Hytrol Valve before re-installing pilot valve system.

Test Procedure After Valve Assembly

There are a few simple tests which can be made in the field to make sure the Hytrol Valve has been assembled properly. Do these before installing pilot system and returning valve to service. These are similar to the three troubleshooting tests.

1. Check the diaphragm assembly for freedom of movement after all pressure is removed from the valve. **SEE CAUTION.** Insert fabricated tool into threaded hole in top of valve stem, and lift the diaphragm assembly manually. Note any roughness, sticking or grabbing. The diaphragm assembly should move smoothly throughout entire valve stroke. The tool is fabricated from rod that is threaded on one end to fit valve stem (See chart in Step 4 of "Disassembly" section.) and has a "T" Bar handle of some kind on the other end for easy gripping.

Place marks on this diaphragm assembly lifting tool when the valve is closed and when manually positioned open. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in stem travel chart. (See "Freedom of Movement Check" section.) If the stroke is different than that shown, there is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve. The cover must be removed, the obstruction located and removed. (See "Maintenance" section for procedure.)

Due to the weight of the diaphragm assembly this procedure is not possible on valves 8" and larger. On these valves, the same determination can be made by carefully introducing a low pressure (less than five psi) into the valve body with the cover vented. **SEE CAUTION.** Looking in cover center hole see the diaphragm assembly lift easily without hesitation, and then settle back easily when the pressure is removed.

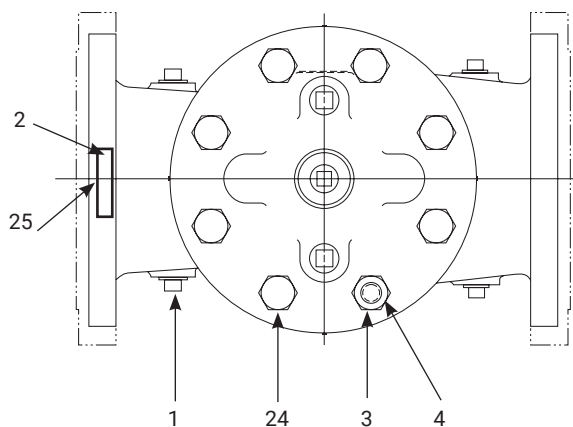
2. To check the valve for drip-tight closure, a line should be connected from the inlet to the cover, and pressure applied at the inlet of the valve. If properly assembled, the valve should hold tight with as low as ten PSI at the inlet. See "Tight Sealing Check" section.)

3. With the line connected from the inlet to the cover, apply full working pressure to the inlet. Check all around the cover for any leaks. Re-tighten cover nuts if necessary to stop leaks past the diaphragm.

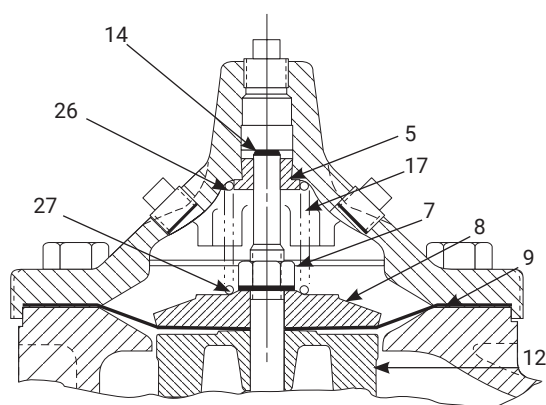
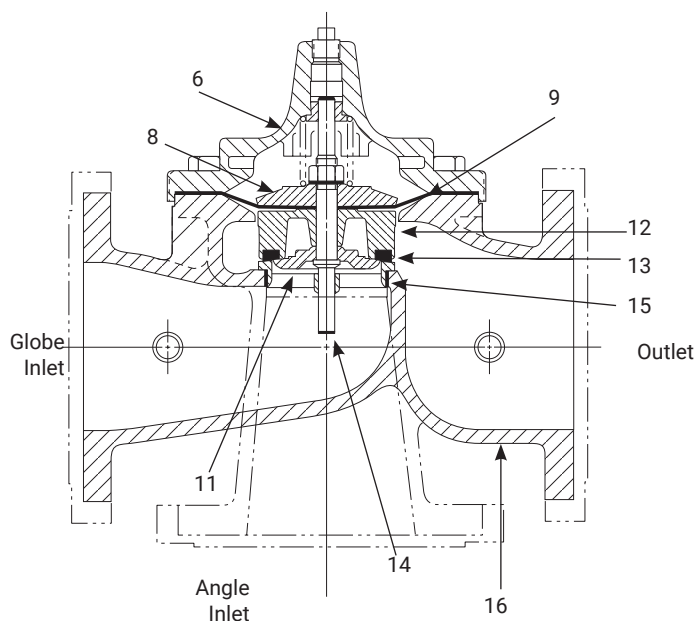
4. Remove pressure, then re-install the pilot system and tubing exactly as it was prior to removal. **Bleed air from all high points.**

5. Follow steps under "Start-Up and Adjustment" Section in Technical Manual for returning complete valve back to service.

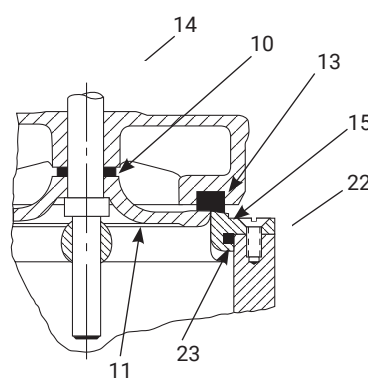




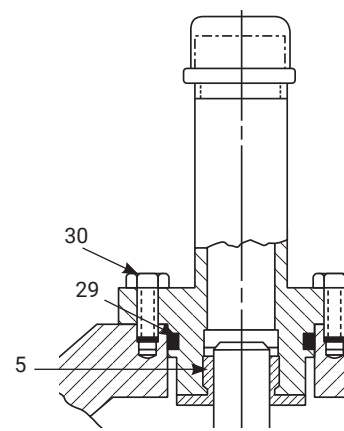
TOP VIEW



3" - 6" COVER DETAIL



10" - 24" SEAT DETAIL



20" - 24" COVER DETAIL

Item No.	Description
1	Pipe Plug
2	Drive Screws (for nameplate)
3	Hex Nut (8" and larger)
4	Stud (8" and larger)
5	Cover Bearing
6	Cover
7	Stem Nut
8	Diaphragm Washer
9	Diaphragm
10	Spacer Washers
11	Disc Guide
12	Disc Retainer
13	Disc
14	Stem
15	Seat
16	Body
17	Spring
22	Flat Head Screws (10" and larger)
23	Seat O-Ring
24	Hex Head Bolt (3" thru 6")
25	Nameplate (Mounted on inlet flange)
26	Upper Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)
27	Lower Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)
28	Cover Bearing Housing (20", 24", & 30")
29	Cover Bearing Housing O-Ring (20", 24", & 30")
30	Hex Bolt (20" & 24")
31	Pipe Cap (20", 24", & 30")



Model 100-20

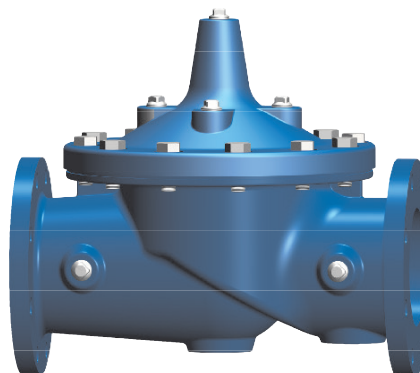
600 SERIES HYTROL VALVE SERVICE DATA

DESCRIPTION 100-01 HYTROL VALVE

The Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve is a main valve for Cla-Val Automatic Control Valves. It is a hydraulically operated, diaphragm-actuated, globe or angle pattern valve. This valve consists of three major components; body, diaphragm assembly, and cover. The diaphragm assembly is the only moving part. The diaphragm assembly uses a diaphragm of nylon fabric bonded with synthetic rubber. A synthetic rubber disc, contained on three and one half sides by a disc retainer and disc guide, forms a seal with the valve seat when pressure is applied above the diaphragm. The diaphragm assembly forms a sealed chamber in the upper portion of the valve, separating operating pressure from line pressure.

DESCRIPTION 100-20 600 SERIES HYTROL VALVE

The Cla-Val Model 100-20 Hytrol Valve (600 Series main valve) have only one part -the body- that is different from standard 100 Series Cla-Val main valve parts. The remaining parts of the 600 series main valve are standard Cla-Val main valve parts. All service and maintenance information for the standard 100 Series main valves also apply to the 600 series main valves. The most important thing to remember when ordering main valve repair kits and replacement parts, except for the body, all other parts are going to be for a smaller size main valve. Cla-Val identifies main valve parts with the flange size of the standard 100 Series main valve. Refer to the "Main Valve Sizes" chart below.



Hytrol Service Data

Hytrol Service Data																			
Hytrol Size				Stem Travel		Cover Capacity Displacement		Cover Center NPT	Cover Nut or Bolt ⁽¹⁾					Cover Lifting Holes	Valve Stem Internal Thread	Stem Nut ⁽³⁾			
									Thread	Socket	Qty	Torque, Lubricated ⁽²⁾				Thread	Socket (Long)	Torque, Lubricated ⁽²⁾	
IN	MM	IN	MM	IN	MM	Gallons	Liters					FT. LBS	IN. LBS	FT. LBS	IN. LBS				
1	25	—	—	0.24	6	0.02	—	1/4	1/4 – 20	7/16	8	—	80	—	—	3/8 – 24	9/16	—	80
1 1/4	32	—	—	0.49	12	0.02	0.08	1/4	5/16 – 18	1/2	8	12	—	—	#10 – 32	7/16 – 20	11/16	12	—
1 1/2	40	—	—	0.49	12	0.02	0.08	1/4	5/16 – 18	1/2	8	12	—	—	#10 – 32	7/16 – 20	11/16	12	—
2	50	3	80	0.59	15	0.03	0.12	1/2	3/8 – 16	9/16	8	20	—	—	#10 – 32	1/2 – 20	3/4	16	—
2 1/2	65	—	—	0.71	18	0.04	0.16	1/2	7/16 – 14	5/8	8	36	—	—	#10 – 32	5/8 – 18	15/16	32	—
3	80	4	—	0.84	21	0.08	0.3	1/2	1/2 – 13	3/4	8	50	—	—	1/4 – 28	5/8 – 18	15/16	32	—
4	100	6	—	1.09	28	0.17	0.64	3/4	3/4 – 10	1 1/8	8	125	—	—	1/4 – 28	3/4 – 16	1 1/8	55	—
6	150	8	—	1.58	40	0.53	2.01	3/4	3/4 – 10	1 1/8	12	125	—	—	3/8 – 24	7/8 – 14	1 5/16	100	—
8	200	10	—	2.24	57	1.26	4.77	1	3/4 – 10	1 1/4	16	125	—	5/8 – 11	3/8 – 24	1 1/8 – 12	1 3/4	180	—
10	250	12	—	2.71	69	2.51	9.5	1	7/8 – 9	1 7/16	20	160	—	3/4 – 10	3/8 – 24	1 1/4 – 12	1 7/8	300	—
12	300	14, 16	350, 400	3.34	85	4.00	15.14	1 1/4	1 1/8 – 7	1 13/16	20	320	—	3/4 – 10	3/8 – 24	1 1/2 – 12	2 1/4	500	—
14	350	—	—	4.08	104	6.50	24.61	1 1/2	1 1/4 – 7	2	20	450	—	1 – 8	3/8 – 24	1 1/2 – 12	2 1/4	500	—
16	400	18, 20, 24	450, 500, 600	4.58	116	9.60	36.34	2	1 1/4 – 7	2	20	450	—	1 – 8	1/2 – 20	2 – 16	3	600	—
18	500	—	—	5.13	130	11.00	42	1	1 1/4 – 7	2	24	450	—	1 – 8	3/4 – 16	2 1/4 – 16	3 7/16	1000	—
20	500	—	—	5.63	143	12.00	45.42	1	1 3/8 – 6	2 3/16	24	600	—	1 – 8	3/4 – 16	2 1/4 – 16	3 7/16	1000	—
24	600	30	—	6.50	165	29.00	109.78	1	1 1/2 – 12	2 3/8	24	850	—	1 1/8 – 7	3/4 – 16	3 – 12	4 5/8	1600	—
30	750	36	900	8.00	203	42.00	158.99	2	1 1/2 – 12	2 3/8	32	850	—	1 1/8 – 7	3/4 – 16	3 – 12	4 5/8	3000	—
36	900	42, 48, 56	1050, 1200, 1400	8.71	221	90.00	340.69	2	1 3/4 – 10	2 3/4	36	1250	—	1 1/4 – 12	3/4 – 16	3 1/2 – 8	6	3000	—

(1) Valve sizes 6" and smaller use hex bolts for cover fasteners. Valve sizes 8" and larger use studs with hex nuts.

(2) Clean all threads and apply anti-seize prior to reassembly of threaded fasteners. Torque values are based on standard SST material.



ALTITUDE CONTROL

INTRODUCTION

The Cla-Val Model CDS6 Altitude Control is a spring loaded, 3-way, diaphragm-actuated control that provides high-level shut-off for Cla-Val Altitude Control Valves. It remotely senses pressure in the reservoir or tank. There are five altitude ranges available, 5 to 40 feet, 30 to 80 feet, 70 to 120 feet, 110 to 160 feet and 150 to 200 feet. The spring adjusting nut can be set to stop flow into the reservoir within these ranges.

INSTALLATION

The CDS6 Altitude Pilot Control is normally supplied mounted on a Cla-Val 210 Series Altitude Valve which should be installed in a horizontal run of pipe with the main valve cover up. Two line block valves are recommended for valve servicing. If the CDS6 is mounted from the main valve by a few feet, then it must be installed with adjustment springs up for ease of adjustment and servicing. Consult factory for recommendations.

After the Cla-Val 210 Series Altitude Valve is installed in the pipeline close to the reservoir, install the required remote sensing line from the CDS6 to the reservoir or tank. The sensing line allows the CDS6 to sense the static pressure head of the reservoir. The sensing line should not be installed in the flowing line between the valve and the reservoir or into turbulent flow area. These locations do not reflect the true static head of the reservoir.

The remote sensing line should be 3/4" or larger copper tubing or Schedule 40 PVC pipe. Galvanized pipe is not recommended. The sensing line should slope (minimum 2 degrees) upward from the CDS6 toward the reservoir to self -purge air out of the line. The sensing line should have no high points to entrap air. A shutoff valve at the reservoir connection is recommended. For above ground reservoirs, the connecting point for the sensing line should be a minimum of 12" to 18" above reservoir bottom (if filling from bottom) or at fill pipe connection (if filling from side). Minimum high-level set-point adjustment is approximately five feet above the remote sensing point of connection.

Note: Please make sure to remove the plastic plug from the drain port before putting the valve in service if pilot drains to atmosphere.

CDS6 STOCK NUMBER 2" SIZE	CDS6 STOCK NUMBER 2 1/2" SIZE & LARGER	ALTITUDE RANGE (FT H.O)	NUMBER OF SPRINGS	PSI CHANGE PER TURN	ALTITUDE CHANGE PER TURN
29330-06F	29330-01E	5 - 40	1	0.32	0.75
29330-07H	29330-02G	30 - 80	2	0.64	1.50
29330-08K	29330-03J	70 - 120	3	0.96	2.20
29330-09B	29330-04A	110 - 160	4	1.28	3.00
29330-10D	29330-05D	150 - 200	5	1.60	3.70

OPERATION, START-UP AND ADJUSTMENT

When the reservoir pressure (head) is lower than the setpoint of the spring on the CDS6 Altitude Control ports "1" and "D" are interconnected. This relieves the main valve cover pressure to atmosphere. Line pressure then opens the main valve to start filling the reservoir. Reservoir sensing pressure increases as the liquid level rises in the reservoir. When the sensing pressure increases to the set point of the CDS6 control spring, the control shifts interconnecting port "S" and port "1". This pressurizes the main valve cover chamber and the main valve closes.

By turning the adjusting nut the liquid level shutoff point will be changed. Turn the adjusting nut clockwise to raise the liquid level shutoff point; counterclockwise to lower the liquid level shutoff point. Follow the general operation and start-up instructions regarding purging air from the valve control system.

MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

Under normal operating conditions the CDS6 Altitude Control will be trouble free. There is a visual check possible to determine if there is damage to the diaphragm in the control. The Lower Cover/Pilot (a) is vented to atmosphere by means of a small hole in the wall of the casting. If water is discharging out of this opening, the diaphragm should be inspected for damage.



One other visual check and indication of a problem is continuous discharge from the drain port ("D") at the bottom of the CDS6.

The volume of drained water will vary according to the valve size. Continuous draining after main valve has fully opened will indicate a problem. Refer to the service suggestions to check for probable causes and remedies.

DISASSEMBLY

During preventive maintenance or service to the CDS6 Altitude Control, all pressure to the control must be shutoff. The CK2 shutoff cocks in the main valve control lines should be closed before starting disassembly. Main valves 4" and larger have CK2 cocks installed, however main valves smaller than 4" normally do not, therefore requiring closure of shutoff valves in the main line at the valve inlet and outlet. The shutoff cock or valve in the sensing line to the reservoir must also be closed.

WARNING: Failure to shutoff and release pressure prior to any disassembly can result in serious damage to equipment or injury to personnel.

1. Disconnect tubing at the CDS6 Altitude Control.
2. Remove two mounting caps screws and two lock washers.
3. Remove CDS6 Altitude Control from main valve to work bench or clean area. Parts must be kept clean.

DISASSEMBLY OF UPPER SPRING SECTION

1. Unscrew adjusting nut (4) from upper stem (5).
NOTE: Count the number of turns required to remove the nut (4), record this information for reference when reassembling. The CDS6 Altitude Control can then be approximately reset for the same reservoir liquid level shut-off point.
2. Remove the thrust washer (3), swivel retainer (2) and spring retainers if applicable.
3. Remove Spring(s) (6), bellows (7) and set-screw (8)
4. Remove twelve hex nuts (33), and twelve bolts (32), and set mounting bracket (29) aside.

Note: Assembly contains two (of twelve) longer bolts which are used for the mounting bracket.

- Remove upper cover (13) from lower assembly, and push stem assembly through.
- Remove diaphragm washer nut (12), diaphragm nut washer (16) and diaphragm (14)
- Separate upper stem from diaphragm washer by removing stem retaining pin. (11)
- Inspect all parts for damage, wear and mineral deposits. Check O-ring (10) for wear, inspect and remove any deposit in O-ring area. Also inspect diaphragm for wear or cracks. Clean parts thoroughly and replace damaged parts as necessary. If, upon disassembly, sand and silt are found in the CDS6 Altitude Control, every effort must be made to eliminate this problem. Filters, or relocating the reservoir sensing line may be required if deposits are found in the sensing chamber of the control.

REASSEMBLY OF UPPER SPRING ASSEMBLY

- Reassembly is in general, the reverse of disassembly. NOTE: A light coating of Dow Corning 33 grease, or equivalent, should be applied to CDS6 Altitude Control stems (5), before reassembly.
- When replacing adjusting nut (4) tighten the same number of turns as referred to in **note** in paragraph (1) of "Disassembly Of Upper Spring Section".

DISASSEMBLY OF LOWER PILOT VALVE SECTION

- Disassemble control per steps 1 through 5 in "Disassembly of upper section", to work on lower (pilot) cover (17)
- Remove lower stem (21) spring (19) and retaining ring (18) as an assembly, inspect stem for damage.
- Remove Poppet guide (28) and o-ring (27) from lower cover (17).
- Remove Poppet (22-1) and poppet spring (26) and inspect poppet and disc for damage.
- Remove Strainer screen (25)
- Remove seat (24), **Note:** be sure not to nick or ding exposed sealing surface. To prevent binding and damage, use a wood dowel to evenly tap out the seat from TOP of lower cover (area from which lower stem was removed).
- Inspect all parts for damage, wear and mineral deposits. If there has been discharge from vent hole, remove o-ring (20) from lower cover (17) and poppet guide (28). Inspect o-rings for wear or damage and o-ring groove for material build-up. Clean and/or replace as necessary. Inspect seat (24) and disc poppet assembly (22) for wear or damage. If poppet and/or disc are damaged they must be replaced as an assembly (item 22). Otherwise clean and polish surfaces of moving parts with 600 wet/dry sandpaper. Also clean strainer screen (25) of any deposits

REASSEMBLY OF LOWER PILOT VALVE SECTION

- Reassembly is in general, the reversal of disassembly. **Note:** A light coating of Dow Corning 33 grease, or equivalent should be applied to all o-rings and moving part surfaces (20,21,22-1 23 and 27).
- Lay lower cover (17) on its top (do not damage serrated surface), insert the seat (24) with o-ring (23) in lower (pilot) cover with finger. Use a wood dowel to push the seat in fully with hand pressure ONLY. **Note:** damage to the seat can compromise the sealing ability of the control, and careful efforts must be applied on reassembly of this component.
- Insert strainer (25).
- Install poppet guide, o-ring, spring and poppet assembly. (See Note #1 for greasing)

- Thread and securely fasten poppet guide assembly into lower cover (recommended 200-250 in/lbs.)
- Turnover lower cover, and assemble as an assembly lower stem (21) retainer (18) and spring (19) into lower cover, being careful not damage o-ring (20).

COMPLETING ASSEMBLY

- Reassembly of twelve nuts (33) and bolts (32) should be torqued to 200-250 in/lbs. **Note:** assembly contains two longer bolts (item 32) for the support bracket. These two bolts are to be assembled with bracket (29) on the two larger support flats located on the lower cover located 90 degrees from common/supply ports.
- Install CDS6 Altitude Control assembly on main valve.
- Replace tube lines and fittings exactly as removed.

SERVICE SUGGESTIONS

UPPER (SPRING) SECTION

SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Vent leaks in lower cover (17)	Diaphragm (14) damaged Diaphragm nut (12) loose O-ring (20) damaged	Replace diaphragm Tighten nut (12) Replace O-ring (20)
Leakage past stem stem (5)	O-ring (10) damaged	Replace O-ring
Stem (5) movement restricted or erratic	*Sand or silt in sensing chamber above diaphragm Sensing line clogged Sensing line valve closed Sensing line sagging or bent collecting sediment	Remove foreign matter from sensing chamber Clean line Open valve fully Straighten and support sensing line to reservoir
	Sensing line has high point trapping air in the line	Straighten sensing line. Must slope upward from altitude control to the reservoir

*NOTE: if this problem occurs, a sand trap should be installed in the sensing line, or the line moved to a point on the reservoir where sand or silt cannot enter this line.

SERVICE SUGGESTIONS

LOWER (PILOT VALVE) SECTION

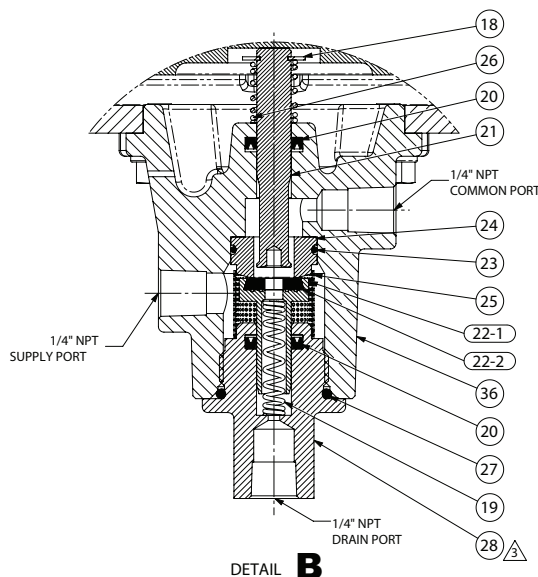
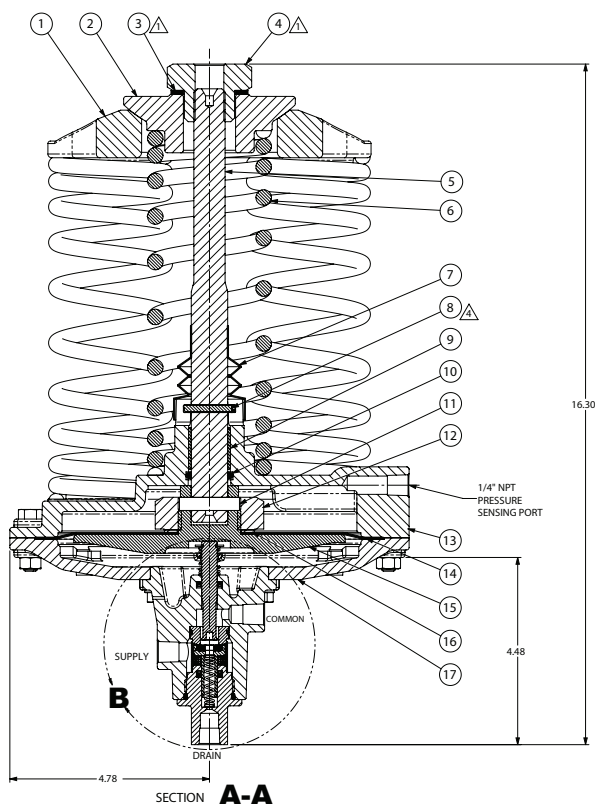
SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Vent in lower cover (17) leaks	O-ring (20) worn or damaged. See Upper Spring Section service suggestion	Replace O-ring (20)
Flow from supply port to valve cover port restricted	Clogged strainer screen(25) Silt packed in seat (24) and lower stem (21)	Remove screen and clean Clear area of blockage
Continuous drain leak. Main valve closed	Seat (24) damaged Disc in poppet assembly (22) damaged Foreign object between disc and seat (24) O-ring (20) in poppet guide (28) damaged	Inspect and replace Inspect and replace poppet assembly (22) Remove object Replace O-ring
Continuous drain leak. Main valve open	Main valve diaphragm worn or stem nut loose	Service main valve. Replace diaphragm or tighten stem nut



Model CDS6B

ALTITUDE PILOT CONTROL

PARTS LIST



Note: Please make sure to remove the plastic plug from the drain port before putting the valve in service if pilot drains to atmosphere.

When Ordering, Please Specify

1. All Nameplate data
2. Item Number
3. Description
4. Material

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PL-CDS6B (R-11/2025)

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Table 1		
Retainer Part No.	Number of Springs	Number of Washers (Item 31)
---	1	0
29332-01C	2 or 3	2
29331-01E	4 or 5	4

Table 2					
Valve Sizes 2" and Smaller CDS6B Stock No.	Valve Sizes 2-1/2" and Larger CDS6B Stock No.	Altitude Range (FT H ₂ O)	No. of Springs	PSI Change Per Turn	Altitude Change Per Turn (FT)
214486-06E	214486-01K	5 to 40 Ft.	1	0.32	0.75
214486-07D	214486-02J	30 to 80 Ft.	2	0.64	1.50
214486-08C	214486-03H	70 to 120 Ft.	3	0.96	2.25
214486-09B	214486-04G	110 to 160 Ft.	4	1.28	3.00
214486-10J	214486-05F	150 to 200 Ft.	5	1.60	3.75

Item No.	Description	QTY	Material
1 ^[2]	Retainer, Spring (see Table 1)	-	Cast Iron
2	Retainer Swivel	1	Cast Iron
3	Washer, Thrust	1	Nylon
4	Nut, Adjusting	1	Naval Brass
5	Stem, Upper	1	Stainless Steel
6	Spring (see Table 2)	-	Steel
7 ^[2]	Bellows	1	Neoprene
8 ^[2]	Set Screw	1	Stainless Steel
9	Bearing, Self-Lubricating	1	Teflon
10 ^[2]	O-Ring	1	Buna-N
11	Pin, Stem Retaining	1	Stainless Steel
12	Nut, Diaphragm Washer	1	Stainless Steel
13	Cover, Upper	1	Stainless Steel
14 ^[2]	Diaphragm	1	Buna-N
15	Washer Diaphragm	1	Stainless Steel
16	Washer, Diaphragm Nut	1	Stainless Steel
17	Cover, Lower	1	Stainless Steel
18 ^[1, 2]	Retaining Ring	1	Stainless Steel
19 ^[1, 2]	Heavy Spring, Poppet	1	Stainless Steel
20 ^[1, 2]	U-Seal	2	Buna-N
21 ^[1]	Stem, Lower	1	Stainless Steel
22 ^[1, 2]	Poppet Assembly	1	-
22-1	Poppet	1	Stainless Steel
22-2	Disc	1	Buna-N
23 ^[1, 2]	O-Ring	1	Buna-N
24 ^[1]	Seat	1	Stainless Steel
25 ^[1]	Strainer	1	Stainless Steel
26 ^[1]	Spring, Lower Stem	1	Stainless Steel
27 ^[1, 2]	O-Ring	1	Buna-N
28 ^[1]	Guide, Poppet	1	Stainless Steel
29	Bracket, Mounting	1	Stainless Steel
30	Bolt, 5/16-18 x 1.25	8	Stainless Steel
31	Washer (see Table 1)	-	Stainless Steel
32	Bolt, 5/16-18 x 2.00	4	Stainless Steel
33	Nut, 5/16-18	12	Stainless Steel
34 ^[1, 2]	Washer, Plain, Flat	6	Stainless Steel
35 ^[1, 2]	Bolt, 5/16-18 x 0.63	4	Stainless Steel
36 ^[1, 2]	Body, Pilot	1	Stainless Steel

1. Lower Body Replacement Kit (Part # 214486-12G)
2. Recommended Spare Parts Kit (Part # 203494-01C)



Technical Bulletin



CDS6 Improvements

Recently, our Engineering Department redesigned a few internal parts of the CDS6 Pilot Control used on 210 Series Altitude Valves. These new parts improve its sensitivity at high differential pressures and allow it to work with inlet supply pressures up to 300 psi (previous maximum recommended pressure was 150 psi). The new control is identified as CDS6A and new part numbers are assigned to distinguish it from the original CDS6. Adjustment ranges remain the same.

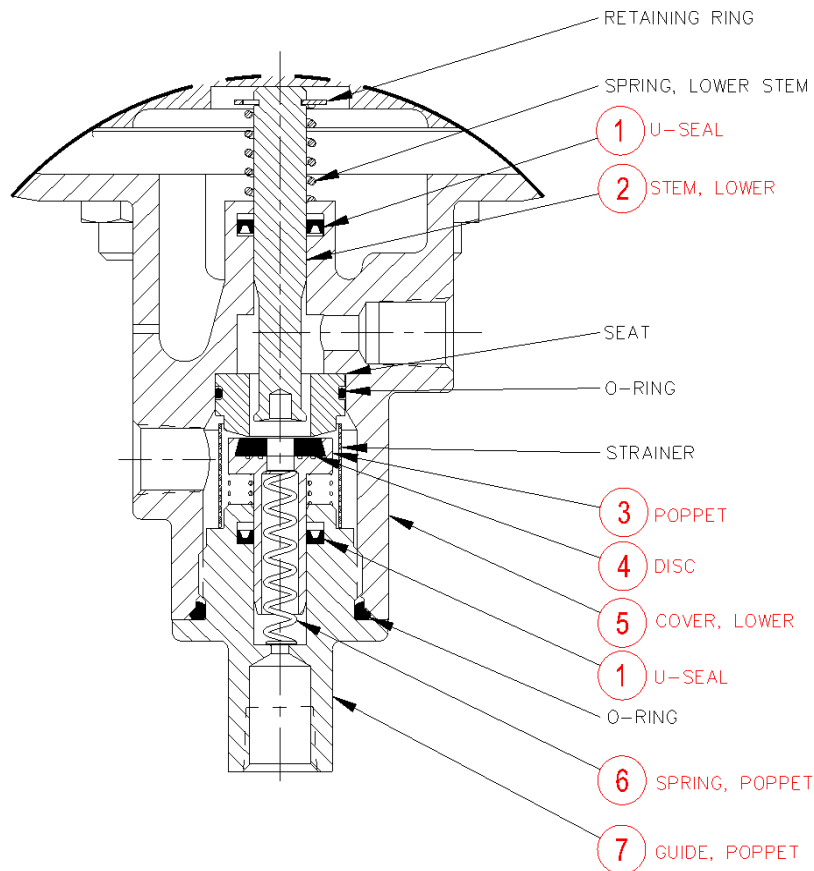
New parts inside the CDS6A are a) stem seals, b) disc and poppet assembly, c) lower stem, d) lower cover, e) poppet guide, and f) poppet spring. The CDS6A uses new low-friction seals on the lower stem and the disc and poppet assembly. Also, the new stem and poppet have a special low-friction nickel-Teflon coating and are dimensionally interchangeable with CDS6 parts. The new lower cover and poppet guide have larger internal dimensions for the new seals and are not interchangeable with CDS6 parts. Also, the poppet spring has a heavier load and is not interchangeable. All other parts remain the same.

All bills of material for top assemblies using the CDS6 have been changed to the new control. It will take some time for us to change assembly drawings and deplete existing parts before we begin using the CDS6A. We plan to finalize the change during first quarter of 2003.

A new CDS6A repair kit is p/n 20349401C and will not work with existing CDS6 controls. The repair kit will include instructions and tools to install new stem seals. When servicing existing CDS6 controls the current repair kit p/n 20119301A should be used.

A modification kit consisting of all new parts and instructions is p/n 20354801G. Field modification is recommended only for installations where it is determined to be necessary.

Range (ft)	size	p/n	size	p/n
5 - 40	2 ½" & larger	20354701K	2" & smaller	20354706E
30 - 80	2 ½" & larger	20354702J	2" & smaller	20354707D
70 - 120	2 ½" & larger	20354703H	2" & smaller	20354708C
110 - 160	2 ½" & larger	20354704G	2" & smaller	20354709B
150 - 200	2 ½" & larger	20354705F	2" & smaller	20354710J



NEW CDS6A PARTS ARE ABOVE NUMBERED ITEMS.

A) All other parts are the same as current CDS6 parts.

B) Two new low-friction U-Seals, Item 1, will not fit into O-ring grooves of CDS6 lower cover and poppet guide. The machined groove dimensions are different between the O-ring version and the new U-seal version parts. New Lower Cover, Item 5, and Poppet Guide, Item 7, have proper dimensions for U-Seal.

C) Lower Stem, Item 2, and Poppet, Item 3, are dimensionally interchangeable with CDS6 parts that are now obsolete. These new parts have a special low-friction coating which may enhance CDS6 performance.

D) Poppet Spring, Item 6, has a heavier load rating and is not interchangeable with CDS6 poppet spring. Sensitivity will be greater than a 12" differential, if used in CDS6 controls.



Model **X101/X101D**

Valve Position Indicator & Pilot System Components

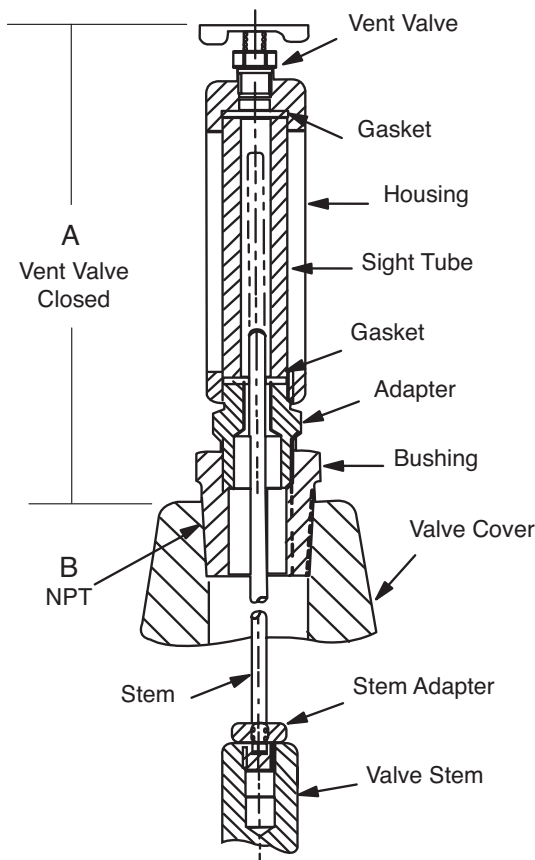


- **Positive Visual Indicator**
- **Frictionless**
- **Leak Proof**
- **Easy Maintenance and Cleaning**
- **Protected Indicator Rod**

The Cla-Val Model X101 Visual Position Indicator is designed to display Cla-Val valve position quickly and easily. A solid brass indicator rod fastened directly to the valve stem moves up and down inside a pyrex tube. The tube is contained within a brass housing which is open on two opposite sides to permit clear vision of the indicator rod.

To purge air that may be trapped in the valve cover, a vent valve in the top of the housing is provided. Model X101 valve position indicator is furnished complete for installation on specified size Cla-Val Automatic Control Valve.

Dimensions



VALVE SIZE	A INCHES	B NPT
1"	5.88	1/4"
1 1/4"	3.21	1/4"
1 1/2"	3.21	1/4"
2"	3.33	1/2"
2 1/2"	3.33	1/2"
3"	3.33	1/2"
4"	4.52	3/4"
6"	4.52	3/4"
8"	5.83	1"
10"	7.70	1"
12"	8.20	1 1/4"
14"	8.20	1 1/2"
16"	10.81	2"
18"	12.04	1"
20"	12.04	1"
24"	12.04	1"

Dimension "A" is height added to valve by indicator assembly

Specifications

Sizes: 1" thru 24"
 Materials: Brass, Pyrex Tube
 Pressure Rating: 400 psi
 Optional Material: Stainless Steel

Installation

Can be installed on any Cla-Val basic main valve in a few minutes. Simply replace the fitting on top of the valve cover with the indicator assembly.

When Ordering, Please Specify

1. Valve Size
2. Catalog No. X101
3. Valve Series No. (Appears on Valve Nameplate)
4. Optional Material
Stainless Steel

CSM-11 Solenoid Control

Body Material

Standard: Bronze with Monel Trim

Option: Bronze with Stainless Steel Trim



CDS6A Altitude Control

Wetted Body Material

Standard: Bronze with Stainless Steel Trim

No. of Springs	Altitude Ranges
1	5 - 40 ft
2	30 - 80 ft
3	70 - 120 ft
4	110 - 160 ft
5	150 - 200 ft



CDC-1 Check Valve



Size	Body Material	Trim Material
3/8"-1/2"	Brass	Delrin

CSC Swing Check Valve



Size	Body Material	Trim Material
3/8"-1"	Brass	Brass/Buna N

CN Series - Needle Valves



Size	Body Material	Trim Material
1/4"-1"	Standard: Bronze	Brass
	Option: Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel

CK Series - Isolation Valve



Size	Body Material	Trim Material
3/8"-1"	Standard: Bronze	Stainless Steel/Teflon
	Option: Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel/Teflon



CLA-VAL™

E-X101/X101D (R-01/2025)

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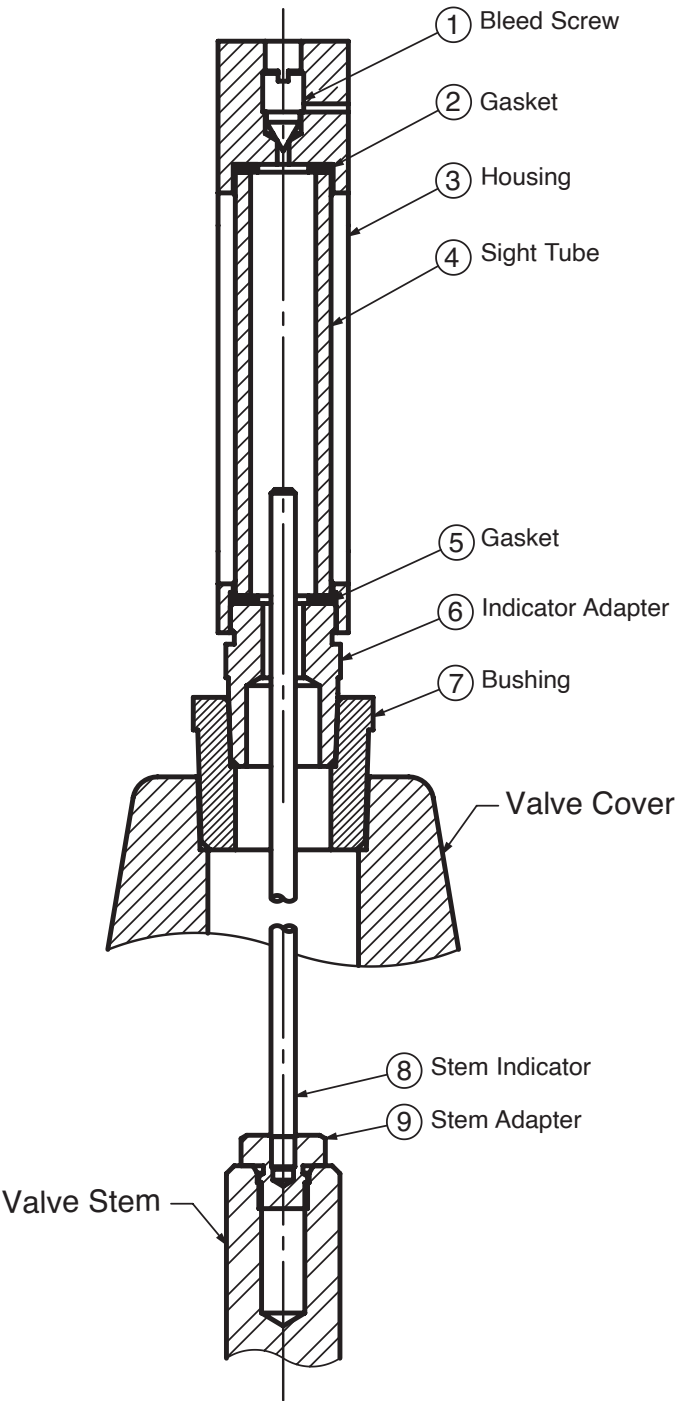
visit www.cla-val-latinamerica.com for Spanish literature



Model **X101D**

VALVE POSITION INDICATOR

PARTS LIST



Item No.	Description	Material
1	Bleed Screw	Stainless Steel
2	Gasket	Buna-N®
3	Housing	Stainless Steel
4	Sight Tube	Pyrex
5	Gasket	Buna-N®
6	Indicator Adapter	Stainless Steel
7	Bushing	Stainless Steel
8	Stem Indicator	Stainless Steel
9	Stem Adapter	Stainless Steel

When Ordering, Please Specify

- 1. All Nameplate data
- 2. Item Number
- 3. Description
- 4. Material





Model CRL

PRESSURE RELIEF CONTROL

DESCRIPTION

The CRL Pressure Relief Control is a direct acting, spring loaded, diaphragm type relief valve. It may be used as a self-contained valve or as a pilot control for a Cla-Val Main valve. It opens and closes within very close pressure limits.

OPERATION

The CRL Pressure Relief Control is normally held closed by the force of the compression spring above the diaphragm; control pressure is applied under the diaphragm. When the controlling pressure exceeds the spring setting, the disc is lifted off its seat, permitting flow through the control. When controlling pressure drops below spring setting, the spring returns the control to its normally closed position.

INSTALLATION

The CRL Pressure Relief Control may be installed in any position. The control body (7) has one inlet and one outlet port with a side pipe plug (24) at each port. These plugs are used for control connections or gauge applications. The inlet in the power unit body (6) is the sensing line port. A flow arrow is marked on the body casting.

ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

The CRL Pressure Relief Control can be adjusted to provide a relief setting at any point within the range found on the nameplate. Pressure adjustment is made by turning the adjustment screw (9) to vary the spring pressure on the diaphragm. Turning the adjustment screw clockwise increases the pressure required to open the valve. Counterclockwise decreases the pressure required to open the valve. When pressure adjustments are complete the jam nut (10) should be tightened and the protective cap (1) replaced. If there is a problem of tampering, lock wire holes have been provided in cap and cover. Wire the cap to cover and secure with lead seal.

MAINTENANCE

Disassembly

The CRL Pressure Relief Control does not need to be removed from the line for disassembly. Make sure that pressure shut down is accompanied prior to disassembly. If the CRL is removed from the line for disassembly be sure to use a soft jawed vise to hold body during work. Refer to Parts List Drawing for Item Numbers.

1. Remove cap (1), loosen jam nut (10) and turn adjusting screw counterclockwise until spring tension is relieved.

2. Remove the eight screws (4) holding the cover (3) and powerunit body (6). Hold the cover and powerunit together and place on a suitable work surface. See NOTE under REASSEMBLY.

3. Remove the cover (3) from powerunit body (6). The spring (12) and two spring guides (11).

4. Remove nut (13) from stem (19) and slide off the belleville washer (14), the upper diaphragm washer (15) and the diaphragm (16).

5. Pull the stem (19) with the disc retainer assembly (21) through the bottom of powerunit. The lower diaphragm washer (17) will slide off of stem top.

6. Remove jam nut (23) and disc retainer assembly (21) from stem. Use soft jawed pliers or vise to hold stem. The polished surface of stem must not be scored or scratched.

7. The seat (22) need not be removed unless it is damaged. If removal is necessary use proper size socket wrench and turn counterclockwise. Note: Some models have an integral seat in the body (7).

Inspection

Inspect all parts for damage, or evidence of cross threading. Check diaphragm and disc retainer assembly for tears, abrasions or other damage. Check all metal parts for damage, corrosion or excessive wear.

Repair and Replacement

Minor nicks and scratches may be polished out using 400 grit wet or dry sandpaper fine emery or crocus cloth. Replace all O-rings and any damaged parts. When ordering replacement parts, be sure to specify parts list item number and all nameplate data.

Reassembly

In general, reassembly is the reverse of disassembly. However, the following steps should be observed:

1. Lubricate the O-Ring (18) with a small amount of a good grade of waterproof grease, (Dow Corning 44 medium grade or equal). Use grease sparingly and install O-ring in powerunit body (6).

2. Install stem (19) in powerunit body (6). Use a rotating motion with minimum pressure to let stem pass through O-ring. Do Not Cut O-Ring.

3. Install O-ring (5) at top of stem (19). Place lower diaphragm washer (17) on the stem with the serrated side up. Position diaphragm (16), upper diaphragm washer (15), with serration down, and belleville washer (14) with concave side down.

4. Position powerunit body (6) as shown on parts list drawing (top view).

5. Continue reassembly as outlined in disassembly steps 1 through 3.

Note:

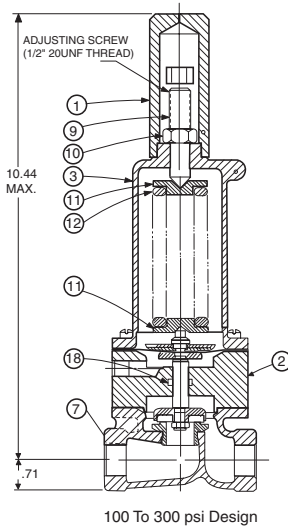
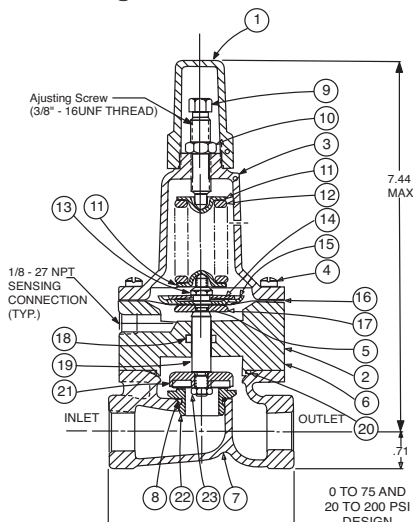
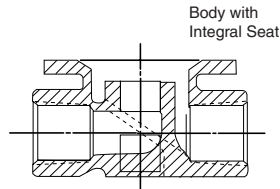
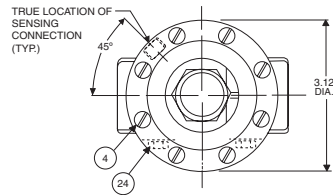
Item (4) Screw will have a quantity of 8 for the 0-75 and 20-200psi design and a quantity of 4 for the 100-300psi design. Item (25) Screw is used on the 100-300psi design only. Install item (25), before item (4) for preload of item (12) spring.

Service Suggestions		
Symptom	Possible Cause	Solutions
Fails to open	Controlling pressure too low.	Back off adjusting screw until valve opens.
Fails to open with spring compression removed.	Mechanical obstruction, corrosion, scale build-up on stem.	Disassemble, locate, and remove obstruction, scale.
Leakage from cover vent hole when controlling pressure is applied.	Damaged diaphragm	Disassembly replace damaged diaphragm.
	Loose diaphragm assembly.	Tighten upper diaphragm washer.
Fails to close.	No spring compression.	Re-set pressure adjustment.
Fails to close with spring compressed.	Mechanical obstruction.	Disassemble, locate and remove obstruction.



Model **CRL**

1/2" & 3/4" PRESSURE RELIEF CONTROL (BRONZE BODY WITH 303SS TRIM)



Size	Spring	Part Number
1/2"	0-75 psi	7922201E
1/2"	20-105 psi	7922205F
1/2"	20-200 psi	7922202C
1/2"	100-300 psi	8280901D
3/4"	0-75 psi	7922901K
3/4"	20-105 psi	7922903F
3/4"	20-200 psi	7922902H
3/4"	100-300 psi	8600501E

For 250-600 psi contact factory

CRL Range PSI	Approx. Increase for Each Clockwise Turn of Adjusting Screw
0 to 75	8.5 psi
20 to 105	12.5 psi
20 to 200	28.0 psi
100 to 300	18.0 psi

When Ordering, Please Specify

1. All Nameplate data
2. Item Number
3. Description

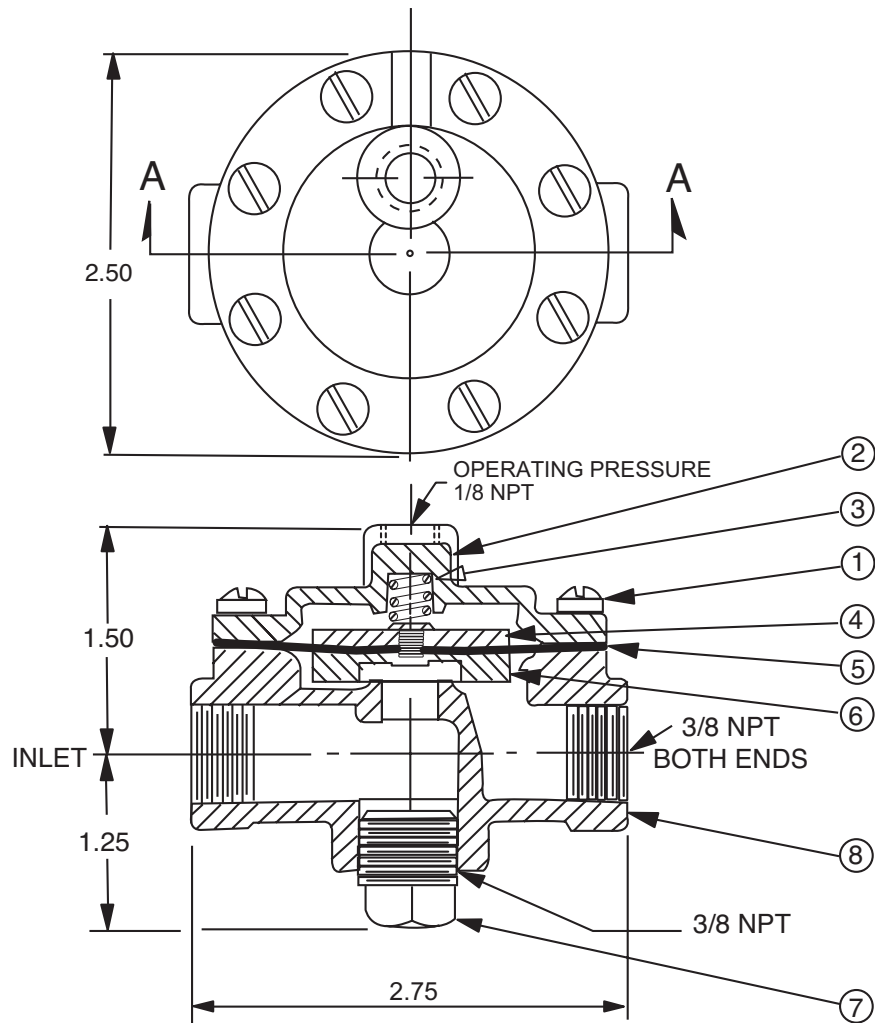
Item No.	Description	Material	Part Number	Part Number	Part Number	Part Number
			0-75	20-105	20-200	100-300
1	Cap	Plastic	67628J	67628J	67628J	1257601D
2	Nameplate	Brass	--	--	--	--
3	Cover	Bronze	C2544K	C2544K	C2544K	44587E
4*	Screw Fil. Hd. 10-32 x 1.88 (Qty 8)	303 SS	6757867E	6757867E	6757867E	6757867E
5*	O-Ring	Rubber	00902H	00902H	00902H	00902H
6	Body, Powerunit	Bronze	7920504D	7920504D	7920504D	7920504D
7	1/2" Body	Bronze	C7928K	C7928K	C7928K	C7928K
	3/4" Body	Bronze	C9083B	C9083B	C9083B	C9083B
8*	O-Ring, Seat	Rubber	00718H	00718H	00718H	00718H
9	Screw, Adjusting	Brass	7188201D	7188201D	7188201D	82811B
10	Nut Hex (Locking)	303 SS	6780106J	6780106J	6780106J	6780606H
11	Guide, Spring	303 SS	71881H	71881H	71881H	1630301J
12*	Spring	CHR/VAN	71884B	20632101E	71885J	1630201A
13	Nut, Stem Upper	Bronze	73034B	73034B	73034B	73034B
14*	Washer, Belleville	Steel	7055007E	7055007E	7055007E	7055007E
15	Washer, Diaphragm (upper)	303 SS	71891G	71891G	71891G	71891G
16*	Diaphragm	Rubber	C1505B	C1505B	C1505B	C1505B
17	Washer, Diaphragm (lower)	303 SS	45871B	45871B	45871B	45871B
18	O-Ring, Stem	Rubber	00746J	00746J	00746J	00746J
19	Stem	303 SS	8982401F	8982401F	8982401F	8982401F
20*	O-Ring, Body	Rubber	00767E	00767E	00767E	00767E
21	Retainer Assembly, Disc	303 SS	C9158B	C9158B	C9158B	C9158B
22	Seat	303Rub	62187A	62187A	62187A	62187A
23	Nut, Hex, Stem, Lower	Bronze	6779806G	6779806G	6779806G	6779806G
24	Pipe Plug	Bronze	6784701C	6784701C	6784701C	6784701C
Factory Set Point			50 psi	60 psi	60 psi	100 psi
Repair Kit*			9170007A	9170007A	9170007A	9170007A



Model **100-01**

3/8" - 1" HYTROL VALVE

PARTS LIST



SECTION AA

100-01 3/8" HYTROL VALVE

When Ordering, Please Specify

- 1. All Nameplate data
- 2. Item Number
- 3. Description
- 4. Material

Item No.	Description
1	Cover Screw (8 Required)
2	Cover
3	Spring
4	Diaphragm Washer
*5	Diaphragm
*6	Disc Retainer Assembly
7	Body Plug (3/8 NPT)
8	Body

* Recommended Spare Parts



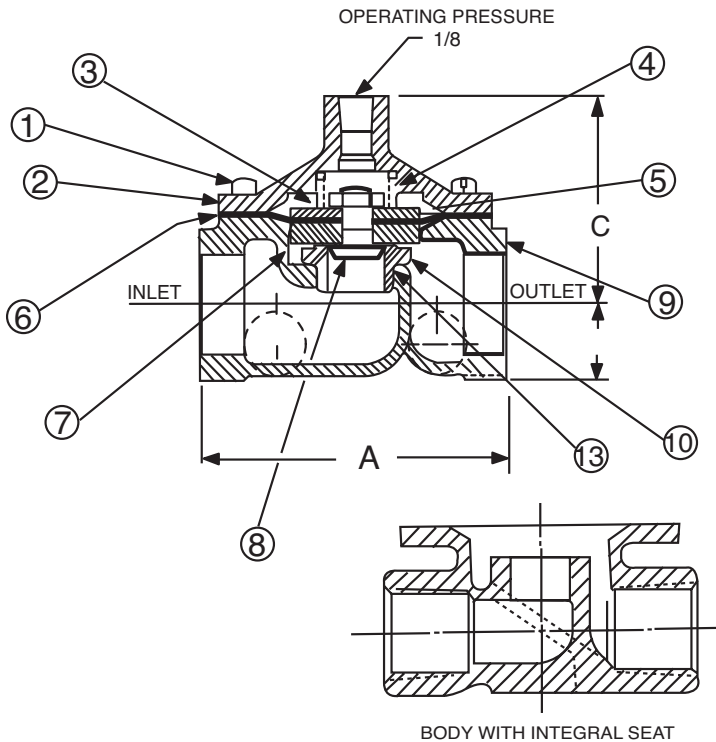


Model 100-01

1/2" - 3/4" - 1" HYTROL VALVE

PARTS LIST

100-01 3/4" & 1/2" Hytrol Valve

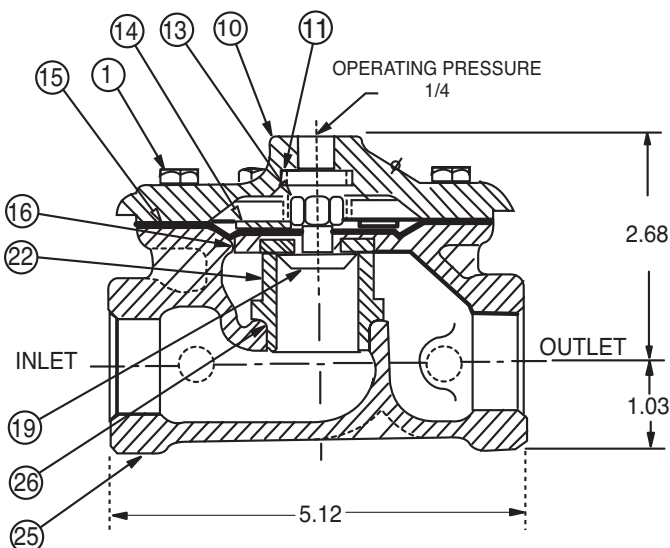


Item No.	Description
1	Cover Screw
2	Cover
3	Spring
4	Stem Nut
5	Diaphragm Washer
*6	Diaphragm
*7	Disc Retainer Assembly
8	Disc Guide & Stem
9	Body
10	Seat
11	Nameplate
12	Body Plug HEX HD
13	O-Ring Seat (for old style body only)

* Recommended Spare Parts

	1/2	3/4
A	3-1/2	3-1/2
C (Maximum)	2-3/8	2-3/8
D	25/32	29/32

100-01 1" Hytrol Valve



Item No.	Description
1	Cover Screw
2	Nameplate
3	Nameplate Screw
10	Cover
11	Spring
13	Stem Nut
14	Diaphragm Washer
15	Diaphragm
16	Disc Retainer Assembly
19	Disc Guide
22	Seat
24	Body Plug
25	Body
26	O-Ring Seat

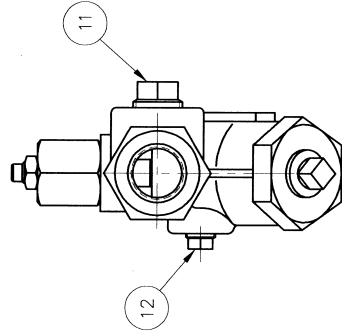
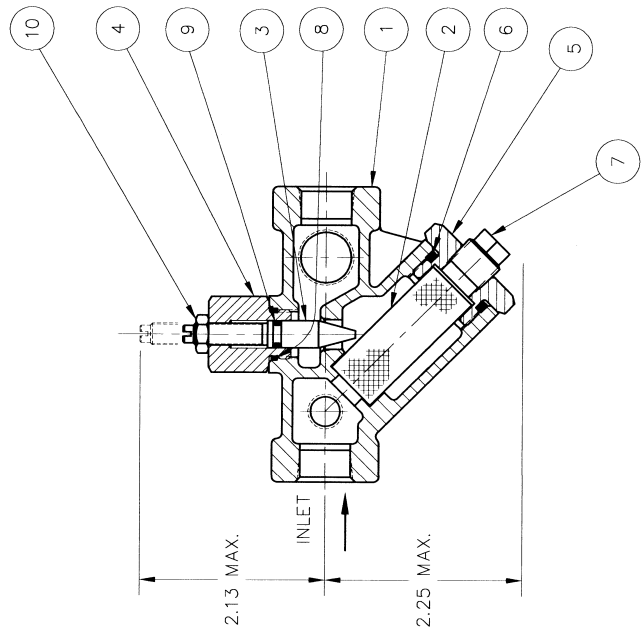
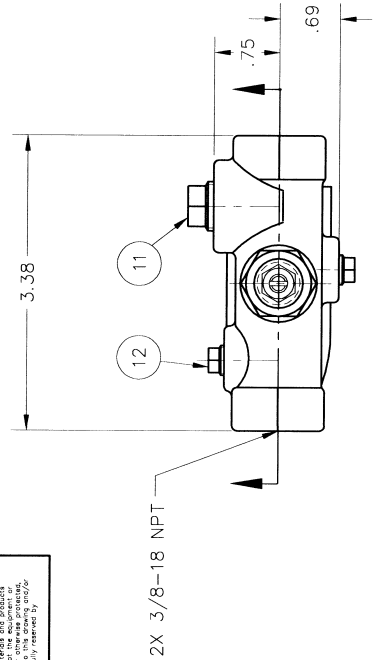
* Recommended Spare Parts

When Ordering, Please Specify

1. All Nameplate data
2. Item Number
3. Description
4. Material



The drawing is the property of GIA-VAL CO. and shall remain confidential. It is to be used for the purpose of manufacturing and assembly only. It is not to be used for any other purpose without the written consent of GIA-VAL CO. The drawing is not to be used for any other purpose without the written consent of GIA-VAL CO. The drawing is not to be used for any other purpose without the written consent of GIA-VAL CO.



REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
A	REDRAWN ON CAD (ECO 20343)	01-12-06	AK

12	2	PLUG, PIPE 1/8 NPT
11	1	PLUG, PIPE 3/8 NPT
10	1	NUT, HEX JAM
9	1	O-RING, STEM
8	1	O-RING, BONNET
7	1	PLUG, PIPE 1/4 NPT
6	1	O-RING, PLUG
5	1	PLUG, STRAINER
4	1	BONNET
3	1	STEM
2	1	SCREEN
1	1	BODY

CONTRACT NO.	---
APPROVALS	---
DATE	5-11-81
W.M.P.	5-5-81
CHECKED K.D.N.	5-11-81
APPROVED CH	5-11-81
ENGR	86184

12	2	PLUG, PIPE 1/8 NPT
11	1	PLUG, PIPE 3/8 NPT
10	1	NUT, HEX JAM
9	1	O-RING, STEM
8	1	O-RING, BONNET
7	1	PLUG, PIPE 1/4 NPT
6	1	O-RING, PLUG
5	1	PLUG, STRAINER
4	1	BONNET
3	1	STEM
2	1	SCREEN
1	1	BODY

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
TOLERANCES ARE:
FRACTIONS DECIMALS ANGLES
1/32 .005 .015
MAX = +.02 - .00
MIN = -.02 - .00
SURFACE FINISH: 125
BREAK CORNERS: .010 MAX
--DO NOT SCALE DRAWING--

CONTRACT NO. ---
APPROVALS ---
DATE 5-11-81
W.M.P. 5-5-81
CHECKED K.D.N. 5-11-81
APPROVED CH 5-11-81
ENGR 86184

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
TOLERANCES ARE:
FRACTIONS DECIMALS ANGLES
1/32 .005 .015
MAX = +.02 - .00
MIN = -.02 - .00
SURFACE FINISH: 125
BREAK CORNERS: .010 MAX
--DO NOT SCALE DRAWING--

CONTRACT NO. ---
APPROVALS ---
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W.M.P. 5-5-81
CHECKED K.D.N. 5-11-81
APPROVED CH 5-11-81
ENGR 86184

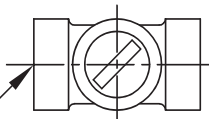
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DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
TOLERANCES ARE:
FRACTIONS DECIMALS ANGLES
1/32 .005 .015
MAX = +.02 - .00
MIN = -.02 - .00
SURFACE FINISH: 125
BREAK CORNERS: .010 MAX
--DO NOT SCALE DRAWING--

CONTRACT NO. ---
APPROVALS ---
DATE 5-11-81
W.M.P. 5-5-81
CHECKED K.D.N. 5-11-81
APPROVED CH 5-11-81
ENGR 86184

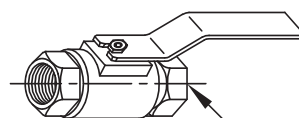
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
TOLERANCES ARE:
FRACTIONS DECIMALS ANGLES
1/32 .005 .015
MAX = +.02 - .00
MIN = -.02 - .00
SURFACE FINISH: 125
BREAK CORNERS: .010 MAX
--DO NOT SCALE DRAWING--

CONTRACT NO. ---
APPROVALS ---
DATE 5-11-81
W.M.P. 5-5-81
CHECKED K.D.N. 5-11-81
APPROVED CH 5-11-81
ENGR 86184

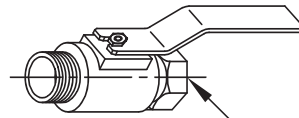
AK	07-10-08	AK	08-14-08	PC	10-1-2008	CLA-VAL CO. NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA	CATALOG NO.	DRAWING NO. 67783	REV BD			
	TYPE OF VALVE AND MAIN FEATURES						DESIGN					
	CK2 COCK/BALL VALVE						DRAWN	MGR	4-02-80			
							CHK'D	KD	4-03-80			
						APV'D				CH	4-07-80	



"NPT" SIZE



"NPT" SIZE



FOR PN 67783-01K

SCALE: NONE

CLA-VAL PART NO. AND MATERIAL								
BRONZE WITH HANDLE	STEEL WITH HANDLE	IRON WITH HANDLE	316 SST WITH HANDLE	316 SST W/ LOCKING HANDLE	BRONZE WITH HANDLE	MONEL WITH HANDLE	MONEL W/ LOCKING HANDLE	SIZE "NPT"
67783-01K*	-09C	-17F	-25J SUPSD BY-26G		-41F SUPSD BY-01K			1/8"
-02H	-10A	-18D	-26G	-51E SUPSD BY-26G -52C	-42D SUPSD BY-02H	-55F		1/4"
-03F * -59H***	-11J	-19B	-27E	-46E SUPSD BY-27E -53A	-45G -57B * *	-48A SUPSD BY-49J	-63K	3/8"
-04D -60F ***	-12G	-20K	-28C	-54J	-43B SUPSD BY-04D	-49J	-62B	1/2"
-05A -61D ***	-13E	-21H	-29A	-64H	-44K SUPSD BY-05A	-56D		3/4"
-06J	-14C	-22F	-30J			-58K		1"
-07G	-15K	-23D	-31G					1 1/4"
-08E	-16H	-24B	-32E					1 1/2"
-50G			-47C					2"

* SEE ENGINEERING APPROVED VENDORS TABLE (SHEET 2 OF 2).

** HAMMOND VALVE 8501 ONLY.

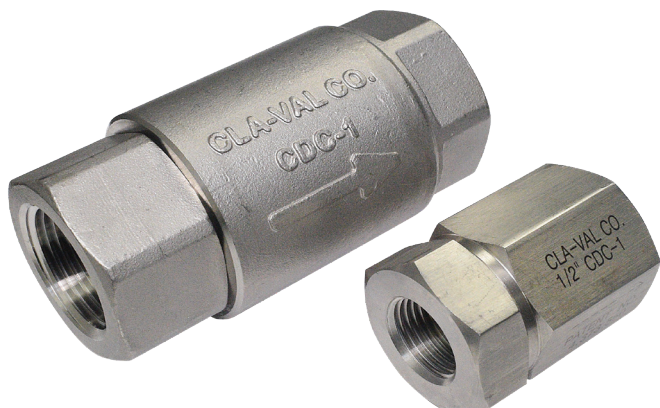
*** WILKINS CK2 (SEE SHEET 2 OF 2)

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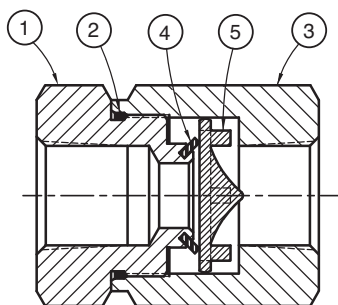


Model **PL-CDC-1** CHECK VALVE SIZES 3/8", 1/2", 3/4", AND 1"

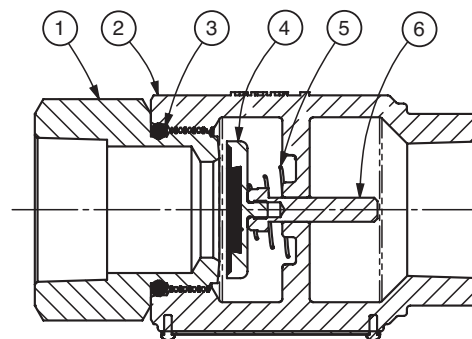
PARTS LIST



- Meets Low Lead Requirements
- Patented Seal Design Allows for Drip Tight Shut-off at Low DP
- No Spring Required due to Patented Seal Design
- Delrin® Disc with Flow Profile Designed to Minimize Head Loss
- Delrin® Disc Resists Corrosion and/or Mineral Build-up
- Drip Tight Seating at both Low and High Operating Pressures
- Temperature Range: 10°F to 210°F
- EPR, NBR, and Fluorocarbon Seal Options



CLA-VAL CHECK VALVE CONFIG. (1/2" SIZE SHOWN)
(SCALE: 2/1)



CDC-1 3/8" and 1/2"		
Item No.	Description	QTY
1	Retainer, Seal	1
*2	O-Ring	1
3	Retainer, Valve	1
*4	Seal, Valve Ring	1
*5	Plate, Valve	1

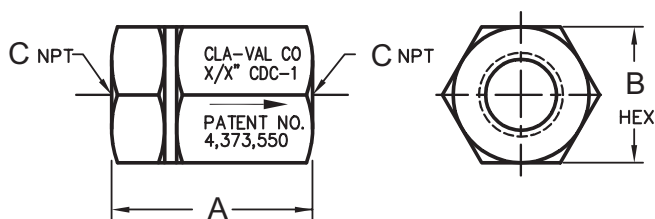
*Included in Repair Kit

CDC-1 3/4" and 1"		
Item No.	Description	QTY
1	Seal, Valve	1
*2	Body, Valve	1
3	O-Ring	1
*4	Disc Retainer Assembly	1
*5	Spring	1
*6	Stem, Valve	1

*Included in Repair Kit

Dimensions

Size (NPT)	A	B	C
3/8"	2.06	1.06	0.38 (3/8") - 18.0 NPT
1/2"	2.12	1.38	0.50 (1/2") - 14.0 NPT
3/4"	4.06	2.26	0.75 (3/4") - 14.0 NPT
1"	4.06	2.19	1.00 (1") - 11.5 NPT



CLA-VAL CHECK VALVE (1/2" SIZE SHOWN)

When Ordering, Please Specify

- All Nameplate data
- Item Number
- Description
- Material

CLA-VAL™

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PL-CDC-1 (R-10/2025)

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Model CV FLOW CONTROL

INSTALLATION / OPERATION / MAINTENANCE

DESCRIPTION

The CV Control is an adjustable restriction which acts as a needle valve when flow is in the direction of the stem. When flow is in the reverse direction, the port area opens fully to allow unrestricted flow. When installed in the control system of a Cla-Val automatic valve, it can be arranged to function as either an opening or closing speed control.

OPERATION

The CV Flow Control permits full flow from port A to B, and restricted flow in the reverse direction. Flow from port A to B lifts the disc from seat, permitting full flow. Flow in the reverse direction seats the disc, causing fluid to pass through the clearance between the stem and the disc. This clearance can be increased, thereby increasing the restricted flow, by screwing the stem out, or counter-clockwise. Turning the stem in, or clockwise reduces the clearance between the stem and the disc, thereby reducing the restricted flow.

INSTALLATION

Install the CV Flow Control as shown in the valve schematic. All connections must be tight to prevent leakage.

DISASSEMBLY

Follow the sequence of the item numbers assigned to the parts in the cross sectional illustration for recommended order of disassembly.

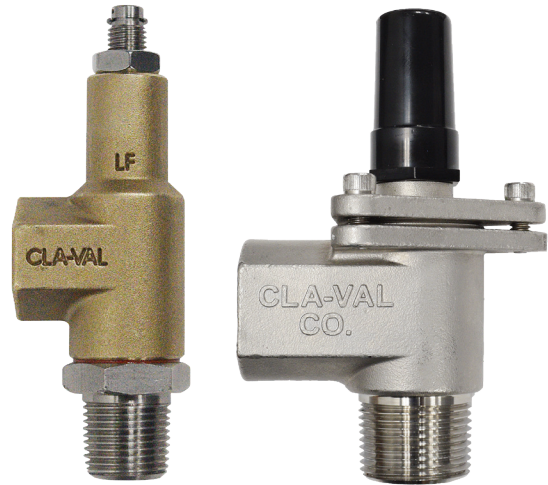
Use a scribe, or similar sharp-pointed tool to remove O-ring from the stem.

INSPECTION

Inspect all threads for damage or evidence of cross-threading. Check mating surface of seat and valve disc for excessive scoring or embedded foreign particles. Check spring for visible distortion, cracks and breaks. Inspect all parts for damage, corrosion and cleanliness.

CLEANING

After disassembly and inspection, cleaning of the parts can begin. Water service usually will produce mineral or lime deposits on metal parts in contact with water. These deposits can be cleaned by dipping the parts in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for deposits to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. **CAUTION: Use extreme care when handling acid.** If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water. Rinse parts in water before handling. An appropriate solvent can clean parts used in fueling service. Dry with compressed air or a clean, lint-free cloth. Protect from damage and dust until reassembled.



REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

Minor nicks and scratches may be polished out using a fine grade of emery or crocus cloth; replace parts if scratches cannot be removed.

Replace O-ring packing and gasket each time CV Flow Control is overhauled.

Replace all parts which are defective. Replace any parts which create the slightest doubt that they will not afford completely satisfactory operation. Use Inspection steps as a guide.

REASSEMBLY

Reassembly is the reverse of disassembly; no special tools are required.

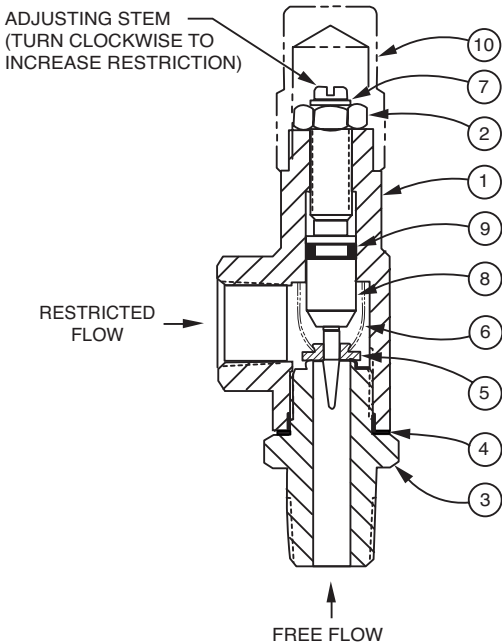
TEST PROCEDURE

No testing of the flow Control is required prior to reassembly to the pilot control system on Cla-Val Main Valve.



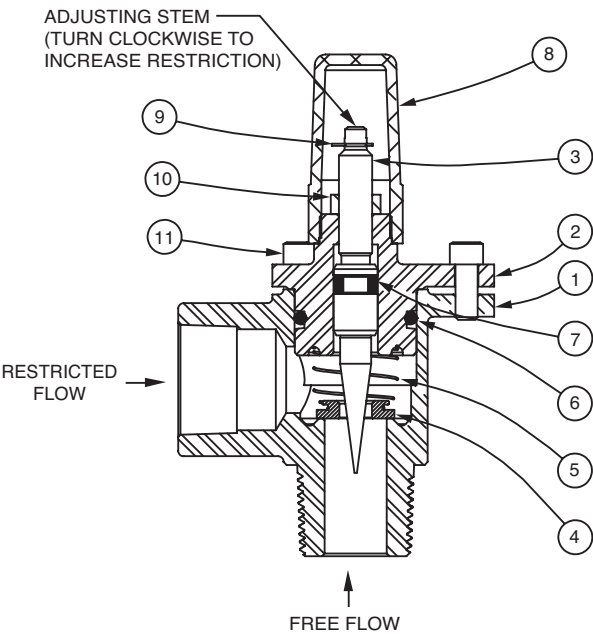


3/8" CV Flow Control



Item No.	Description	QTY
1	Housing	1
2	Nut, Jam	1
3	Seat	1
4	Gasket	1
5	Disc	1
6	Spring	1
7	Ring, Retaining	1
8	Stem	1
9	O-Ring	1
10	Cap (SS only)	1

1/2", 3/4", and 1" CV Flow Control



Item No.	Description	QTY
1	Body	1
2	Cover	1
3	Stem	1
4	Disc	1
5	Spring	1
6	O-Ring	1
7	O-Ring	1
8	Cap	1
9	Ring, Retaining	1
10	Nut, Jam	1
11	Socket Head Cap Screw	3

When Ordering, Please Specify

1. All Nameplate/Stamped data
2. Item Number
3. Description
4. Material



Technical Bulletin



CDS6 Improvements

Recently, our Engineering Department redesigned a few internal parts of the CDS6 Pilot Control used on 210 Series Altitude Valves. These new parts improve its sensitivity at high differential pressures and allow it to work with inlet supply pressures up to 200 psi (previous maximum recommended pressure was 150 psi). The new control is identified as CDS6A and new part numbers are assigned to distinguish it from the original CDS6. Adjustment ranges remain the same.

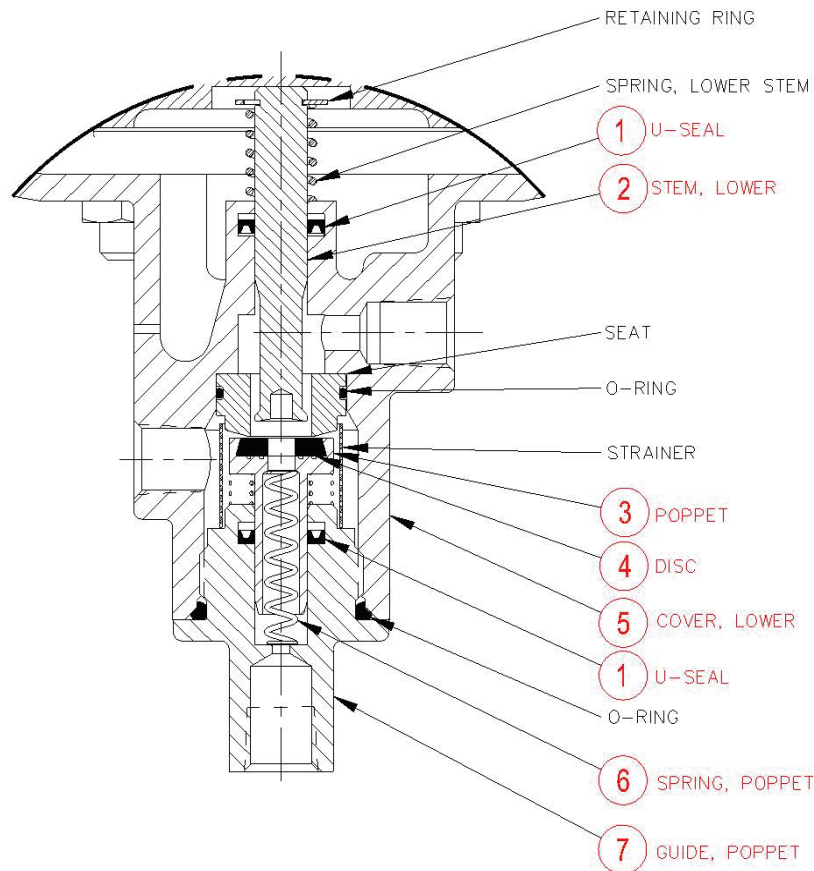
New parts inside the CDS6A are a) stem seals, b) disc and poppet assembly, c) lower stem, d) lower cover, e) poppet guide, and f) poppet spring. The CDS6A uses new low-friction seals on the lower stem and the disc and poppet assembly. Also, the new stem and poppet have a special low-friction nickel-Teflon coating and are dimensionally interchangeable with CDS6 parts. The new lower cover and poppet guide have larger internal dimensions for the new seals and are not interchangeable with CDS6 parts. Also, the poppet spring has a heavier load and is not interchangeable. All other parts remain the same.

All bills of material for top assemblies using the CDS6 have been changed to the new control. It will take some time for us to change assembly drawings and deplete existing parts before we begin using the CDS6A. We plan to finalize the change during first quarter of 2003.

A new CDS6A repair kit is pin 20349401 C and will not work with existing CDS6 controls. The repair kit will include instructions and tools to install new stem seals. When servicing existing CDS6 controls the current repair kit pin 20119301 A should be used.

A modification kit consisting of all new parts and instructions is pin 20354801 G. Field modification is recommended only for installations where it is determined to be necessary.

Range (ft)	size	p/n	size	p/n
5- 40	2-1/2" & larger	20354701K	2" & smaller	20354706E
30- 80	2-1/2" & larger	20354702J	2" & smaller	203547070
70 - 120	2-1/2" & larger	20354703H	2" & smaller	20354708C
110 - 160	2-1/2" & larger	20354704G	2" & smaller	203547098
150 - 200	2-1/2" & larger	20354705F	2" & smaller	20354710J



NEW CDS6A PARTS ARE ABOVE NUMBERED ITEMS.

A) All other parts are the same as current CDS6 parts.

B) Two new low-friction U-Seals, Item 1, will not fit into O-ring grooves of CDS6 lower cover and poppet guide. The machined groove dimensions are different between the O-ring version and the new U-seal version parts. New Lower Cover, Item 5, and Poppet Guide, Item 7, have proper dimensions for U-Seal.

C) Lower Stem, Item 2, and Poppet, Item 3, are dimensionally interchangeable with CDS6 parts that are now obsolete. These new parts have a special low-friction coating which may enhance CDS6 performance.

D) Poppet Spring, Item 6, has a heavier load rating and is not interchangeable with CDS6 poppet spring. Sensitivity will be greater than a 12" differential, if used in CDS6 controls.



Model CDS6B

ALTITUDE PILOT CONTROL

- Very Accurate and Reliable
- Low Maintenance
- Stainless Steel Wetted Parts

The Cla-Val Model CDS6B Altitude Pilot Control is a spring-loaded, three-way, diaphragm-actuated control that provides high-level shutoff for Cla-Val 210 Series Altitude Control Valves. Model CDS6B controls the high water level in a reservoir or tank without the need for floats or other devices. It is a non-throttling pilot that remains fully open until the reservoir reaches the high level shutoff point. High accuracy is assured by remotely sensing the pressure head of the reservoir or tank. The single adjusting nut can be easily set in the field to close the main valve when liquid level reaches the desired high level set-point within five adjustment ranges.

Model CDS6B operating principle uses a differential in forces between the spring load and the hydraulic head of the fluid level in the reservoir or tank to activate the pilot valve of the control. When the force of the spring setting (or the desired high level shutoff point) is overcome by the force of the reservoir head, the pilot valve shifts positions automatically and closes the main valve. When the reservoir head is eight to ten inches less than the spring setting, the pilot valve shifts to open the main valve.

Remote Sensing Connection

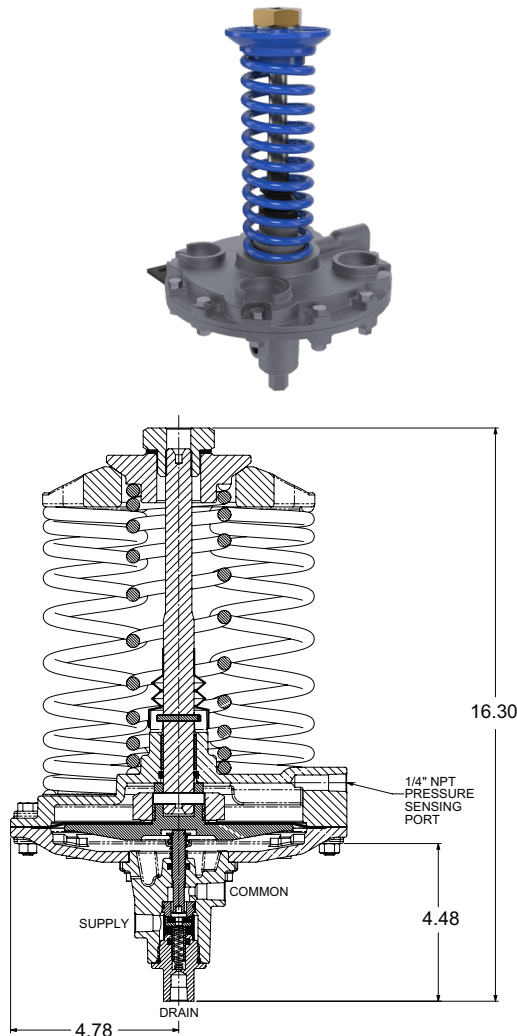
Model CDS6B Altitude Pilot Control is normally supplied mounted on a Cla-Val 210 Series valve and should be installed in a horizontal run of pipe with the main valve cover UP. If Model CDS6B is remotely mounted from the main valve, it is recommended to be installed with adjustment springs UP for ease of adjustment and servicing. Consult factory for recommendations.

After the Cla-Val 210 Series valve is installed in the line, it is necessary to install a sensing line from Model CDS6B control to the reservoir. The sensing line should be 3/4" or larger copper tubing or Schedule 40 PVC pipe. Galvanized pipe is not recommended. The line should slope upward from Model CDS6B toward the reservoir to self purge air out of the line. The slope of the sensing line should not have high points that would entrap air. The line connection point on the reservoir should be a minimum 12" to 18" above the center line of the control.

Note: The sensing line should not be installed into the flowing line between the valve and reservoir, or to a turbulent area, which may not reflect the true reservoir head.

Note: We recommend protecting tubing and valve from freezing temperatures.

**** Consult Factory**



Dimensions

Pilot System Specifications

Temperature Range

Water to 180°F Max

*Body & Cover

Cast Stainless ASTM A743

Trim

Stainless Steel

Seals & Diaphragm

Nitrile

*Optional Materials

Stainless Steel 303/304

Stainless Steel 316

Adjustment Ranges

5 - 40 ft.

30 - 80 ft.

70 - 120 ft.

110 - 160 ft.

150 - 200 ft.

Pressure Rating

200 psi Max. **

CLA-VAL™

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E-CDS6B (R-12/2025)

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Cla-Val Product ID

HOW TO ORDER

PROPER IDENTIFICATION

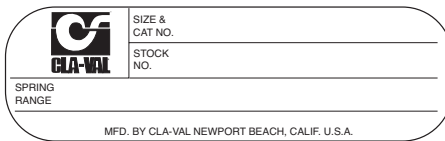
For ordering repair kits, replacement parts, or for inquiries concerning valve operation, it is important to properly identify Cla-Val products already in service by including all nameplate data with your inquiry. Pertinent product data includes valve function, size, material, pressure rating, end details, type of pilot controls used and control adjustment ranges.

IDENTIFICATION PLATES

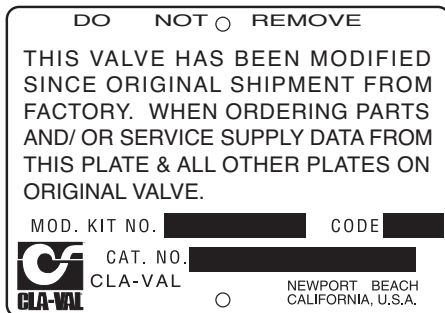
For product identification, cast-in body markings are supplemented by identification plates as illustrated on this page. The plates, depending on type and size of product, are mounted in the most practical position. **It is extremely important that these identification plates are not painted over, removed, or in any other way rendered illegible.**



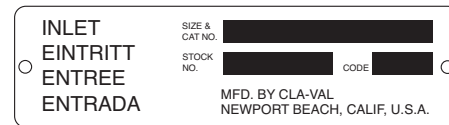
This brass plate appears on altitude valves only and is found on top of the outlet flange.



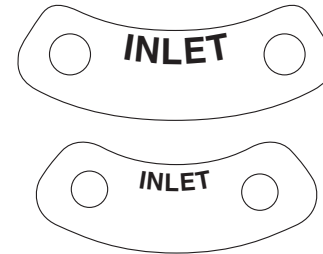
This tag is affixed to the cover of the pilot control valve. The adjustment range appears in the spring range section.



This aluminum plate is included in pilot system modification kits and is to be wired to the new pilot control system after installation.



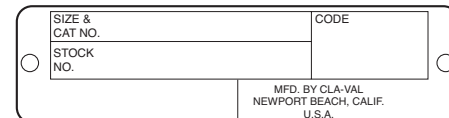
This brass plate appears on valves sized 21/2" and larger and is located on the top of the inlet flange.



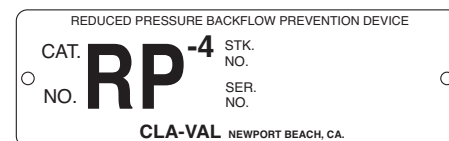
These two brass plates appear on 3/8", 1/2", and 3/4" size valves and are located on the valve cover.



These two brass plates appear on threaded valves 1" through 3" size or flanged valves 1" through 2". It is located on only one side of the valve body.



This brass plate is used to identify pilot control valves. The adjustment range is stamped into the plate.



This brass plate is used on our backflow prevention assemblies. It is located on the side of the Number Two check (2" through 10"). The serial number of the assembly is also stamped on the top of the inlet flange of the Number One check.

How to Order

Because of the vast number of possible configurations and combinations available, many valves and controls are not shown in published product and price lists. For ordering information, price and availability on product that are not listed, please contact your local Cla-Val office or our factory office located at:

P. O. Box 1325
Newport Beach, California 92659-0325
(949) 722-4800
FAX (949) 548-5441



When Ordering, Please Specify

1. Model Number	3. Adjustment range (as application)	4. Valve Size	6. Body and Trim Materials	7. Optional Features
2. Globe or Angle Pattern		5. Threaded or Flanged		8. Pressure Class

Unless Otherwise Specified

- Globe or angle pattern are the same price
- Ductile iron body and bronze trim are standard
- X46 Flow Clean Strainer or X43 "Y" Strainer are included
- CK2 Isolation Valves are included in price on 4" and larger valve sizes (6" and larger on 600 Series)

Limited Warranty

Automatic valves and controls as manufactured by Cla-Val are warranted for three years from date of shipment against manufacturing defects in material and workmanship that develop in the service for which they are designed, provided the products are installed and used in accordance with all applicable instructions and limitations issued by Cla-Val. Electronic components manufactured by Cla-Val are warranted for one year from the date of shipment.

We will repair or replace defective material, free of charge, that is returned to our factory, transportation charges prepaid, if upon inspection, the material is found to have been defective at time of

original shipment. This warranty is expressly conditioned on the purchaser's providing written notification to Cla-Val immediate upon discovery of the defect.

Components used by Cla-Val but manufactured by others, are warranted only to the extent of that manufacturer's guarantee.

This warranty shall not apply if the product has been altered or repaired by others, Cla-Val shall make no allowance or credit for such repairs or alterations unless authorized in writing by Cla-Val.

Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability

The foregoing warranty is exclusive and in lieu of all other warranties and representations, whether expressed, implied, oral or written, including but not limited to any implied warranties or merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. All such other warranties and representations are hereby canceled.

Cla-Val shall not be liable for any incidental or consequential loss, damage or expense arising directly or indirectly from the use of the

product. Cla-Val shall not be liable for any damages or charges for labor or expense in making repairs or adjustments to the product. Cla-Val shall not be liable for any damages or charges sustained in the adaptation or use of its engineering data and services. No representative of Cla-Val may change any of the foregoing or assume any additional liability or responsibility in connection with the product. The liability of Cla-Val is limited to material replacements F.O.B. Newport Beach, California.

Terms of Sale

ACCEPTANCE OF ORDERS

All orders are subject to acceptance by our main office at Newport Beach, California.

CREDIT TERMS

Credit terms are net thirty (30) days from date of invoice.

PURCHASE ORDER FORMS

Orders submitted on customer's own purchase order forms will be accepted only with the express understanding that no statements, clauses, or conditions contained in said order form will be binding on the Seller if they in any way modify the Seller's own terms and conditions of sales.

PRODUCT CHANGES

The right is reserved to make changes in pattern, design or materials when deemed necessary, without prior notice.

PRICES

All prices are F.O.B. Newport Beach, California unless expressly stated otherwise on our acknowledgment of the order. Prices are subject to change without notice. The prices at which any order is accepted are subject to adjustment to the Seller's price in effect at the time of shipment. Prices do not include sales, excise, municipal, state or any other Government taxes. Minimum order charge \$100.00.

RESPONSIBILITY

We will not be responsible for delays resulting from strikes, accidents, negligence of carriers, or other causes beyond our control. Also, we will not be liable for any unauthorized product alterations or charges accruing there from.

RISK

All goods are shipped at the risk of the purchaser after they have been delivered by us to the carrier. Claims for error, shortages, etc., must be made upon receipt of goods.

EXPORT SHIPMENTS

Export shipments are subject to an additional charge for export packing.

RETURNED GOODS

1. Customers must obtain written approval from Cla-Val prior to returning any material.
2. Cla-Val reserves the right to refuse the return of any products.
3. Products more than six (6) months old cannot be returned for credit.
4. Specially produced, non-standard models cannot be returned for credit.
5. Rubber goods such as diaphragms, discs, o-rings, etc., cannot be returned for credit, unless as part of an unopened vacuum sealed repair kit which is less than six months old.
6. Goods authorized for return are subject to a 35% (\$100 minimum) restocking charge and a service charge for inspection, reconditioning, replacement of rubber parts, retesting, repainting and repackaging as required.
7. Authorized returned goods must be packaged and shipped prepaid to Cla-Val, 1701 Placentia Avenue, Costa Mesa, California 92627.





Model Repair Kits

Model 100-01 Hytrol Main Valve

BUNA-N MATERIAL				
	RUBBER KIT STOCK #	REPAIR KIT STOCK #	REBUILD ASSEMBLY STOCK #	STUD & NUT KIT STOCK #
3/8"	9169801K		21176614B	21176633J
1/2"	9169802H	21176602F	21176615A	21176634H
3/4"	9169802H	21176602F	21176615A	21176634H
1" Non-Guided	9169803F	21176601G	21176616K	21176636F
1"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F
1 1/4"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F
1 1/2"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F
2"	9169805A	21176608K	21176618H	21176637E
2 1/2"	9169811J	21176609J	21176619G	21176638D
3"	9169812G	21176604D	21176620D	21176639C
4"	9169813E	21176605C	21176621C	21176640K
6"	9169815K	21176606B	21176622B	21176641J
8"	9817901D	21176607A	21176623A	21176642H
10"	9817902B	21176610F	21176654C	21176643G
12"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F
14"	9817904H	21176612D	21176626H	21176645E
16"	9817905E	21176613C	21176627G	21176645E

Model 100-20 Hytrol Main Valve

BUNA-N MATERIAL				
	RUBBER KIT STOCK #	REPAIR KIT STOCK #	REBUILD ASSEMBLY STOCK #	STUD & NUT KIT STOCK #
3"	9169805A	21176608K	21176618H	21176637E
4"	9169812G	21176604D	21176620D	21176639C
6"	9169813E	21176605C	21176621C	21176640K
8"	9169815K	21176606B	21176622B	21176641J
10"	9817901D	21176607A	21176623A	21176642H
12"	9817902B	21176610F	21176624K	21176643G
14"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F
16"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F

Model 100-30 Hytrol Main Valve

BUNA-N MATERIAL		
	RUBBER KIT STOCK #	REBUILD ASSEMBLY STOCK #
2 1/2"	21112704H	21235401C
3"	21112702K	21235402B
4"	21112703J	21235403A
6"	27496886J	21235404K
8"	21112701A	21235405J
10"	CF	21235406H

Rubber Kit Includes:	Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers. Model 100-30 also includes: Stem O-Ring, Seal, Bearing O-Ring.
Repair Kit Includes:	Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers, Epoxy Coated Disc Retainer, Epoxy Coated Diaphragm Washer, Protective Washer
Rebuild Assembly Includes:	Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers, Epoxy Coated Disc Retainer, Epoxy Coated Diaphragm Washer, Protective Washer, Stainless Steel Bolts & Washers (6" & Below), Stainless Steel Studs, Nuts, & Washers (8" & Above), Stem, Stem Nut, Disc Guide, Standard Cover Spring, Cover Washer. Model 100-30 also includes: Upper and Lower Stem and Stem Nut, Stem O-Ring, Seal, Lower Spring, PU Bearing, Bearing O-Ring, Bearing Retainer Ring.
Stud & Nut Kit Includes:	Stainless Steel Bolts & Washers (6" & Below), Stainless Steel Studs, Nuts, & Washers (8" & Above)

Repair Kits for 100-02/100-21 Powertrol and 100-03/100-22 Powercheck Main Valves
For: Powertrol and Powercheck Main Valves—**150 Pressure Class Only**
Includes: Diaphragm, Disc (or Disc Assembly) and O-rings and full set of spare Spacer Washers.

Valve Size	Kit Stock Number	Valve Size	Kit Stock Number	
	100-02		100-02 & 100-03	100-21 & 100-22
3/8"	9169901H	2 1/2"	9169910J	N/A
1/2" & 3/4"	9169902F	3"	9169911G	9169905J
1"	9169903D	4"	9169912E	9169911G
1 1/4" & 1 1/2"	9169904B	6"	9169913C	9169912E
2"	9169905J	8"	9169950E	9169913C
		10"	9169939H	9169950E
		12"	9169937B	9169939H
Consult factory for larger sizes				

Repair Kits for 100-04/100-23 Hy-Check Main Valves
For: Hy-Check Main Valves—**150 Pressure Class Only**
Includes: Diaphragm, Disc and O-Rings and full set of spare Spacer Washers.

Valve Size	Kit Stock Number		Valve Size	Kit Stock Number	
	100-04	100-23		100-04	100-23
4"	20210901B	N/A	12"	20210905H	20210904J
6"	20210902A	20210901B	14"	20210906G	N/A
8"	20210903K	20210902A	16"	20210907F	20210905H
10"	20210904J	20210903K	20"	N/A	20210907F
			24"	N/A	20210907F
Consult factory for larger sizes					

Repair Kits for Pilot Control Valves (In Standard Materials Only)
Includes: Diaphragm, Disc (or Disc Assembly), O-Rings, Gaskets or spare Screws as appropriate.

BUNA-N® (Standard Material)				VITON (For KB Controls)	
Pilot Control	Kit Stock Number	Pilot Control	Kit Stock Number	Pilot Control	Kit Stock Number
CDB	9170006C	CFM-7A	1263901K	CDB-KB	9170012A
CDB-30	9170023H	CFM-9	12223E	CRA-KB	N/A
CDB-31	9170024F	CRA (w/bucking spring)	9170001D	CRD-KB (w/bucking spring)	9170008J
CDB-7	9170017K	CRD (w/bucking spring)	9170002B	CRL-KB	9170013J
CDH-2	18225D	CRD (no bucking spring)	9170003K	CDHS-2BKB	9170010E
CDHS-2	44607A	CRD-18	20275401K	CDHS-2FKB	9170011C
CDHS-2B	9170004H	CRD-22	98923G	CDHS-18KB (no bucking spring)	9170009G
CDHS-2F	9170005E	CRL (55F, 55L)	9170007A	102C-KB	1726202D
CDHS-3C-A2	24657K	CRL60/55L-60	9170033G		
CDHS-8A	2666901A	CRL60/55L60 1"	9170042H		
CDHS-18	9170003K	CRL-4A	43413E		
CDS-4	9170014G	CRL-5 (55B)	65755B		
CDS-5	14200A	CRL-5A (55G)	20666E		
CDS-6	20119301A	CRL-18	20309801C		
CDS-6A	20349401C	Universal CRL	9170041K		
CDS-7	20349402B	CV	9170019F		
CDS-7DO	20349403A	X105L (O-ring)	00951E	Buna-N®	
CFCM-M1	1222301C	102B-1	1502201F		
CFM-2	12223E	102C-2	1726201F	CRD Disc Ret. (Solid)	C5256H
CFM-7	1263901K	102C-3	1726201F	CRD Disc Ret. (Spring)	C5255K

Repair Assemblies (In Standard Materials Only)

Control	Description	Stock Number
CF1-C1	Pilot Assembly Only	89541H
CF1-CI	Complete Float Control less Ball and Rod	89016A
CFC2-C1	Disc, Distributor and Seals	2674701E
CSM 11-A2-2	Mechanical Parts Assembly	97544B
CSM 11-A2-2	Pilot Assembly Only	18053K
33A 1"	Complete Internal Assembly and Seal	2036030B
33A 2"	Complete Internal Assembly and Seal	2040830J

When ordering, please give complete nameplate data of the valve and/or control being repaired. MINIMUM ORDER CHARGE APPLIES